# Transparent Tribe (APT36) | Pakistan-Aligned Threat Actor Expands Interest in Indian Education Sector

Aleksandar Milenkoski :

### **Executive Summary**

- SentinelLabs has been tracking a cluster of malicious documents that stage Crimson RAT, distributed by APT36 (Transparent Tribe).
- We assess that this activity is part of the group's previously reported targeting of the education sector in the Indian subcontinent.
- We observed APT36 introducing OLE embedding to its typically used techniques for staging malware from lure documents and versioned changes to the implementation of Crimson RAT, indicating the ongoing evolution of APT36's tactics and malware arsenal.

### **Overview**

SentinelLabs has been tracking a recently disclosed cluster of malicious Office documents that distribute Crimson RAT, used by the APT36 group (also known as Transparent Tribe) targeting the education sector. This post summarizes our observations highlighting the group's continuous change in used malware staging techniques and Crimson RAT implementations.

Transparent Tribe is a suspected Pakistan-based threat group active since at least 2013. The group is not very sophisticated; however, it is a highly persistent threat actor that continuously adapts its operational strategy. Transparent Tribe has previously focused mainly on Indian military and government personnel, but it has recently expanded its scope to include educational institutions and students in the Indian subcontinent. Crimson RAT is a consistent staple in the group's malware arsenal the adversary uses in its campaigns.

The names and content of the lure documents, the associated domains, and the use of Crimson RAT suggest that the activities discussed in this post are part of a previously reported broader targeting of the education sector by Transparent Tribe.

Further, the PDB paths of some Crimson RAT samples we analyzed contain the word Wibemax, which is also contained in the PDB paths of Crimson RAT payloads observed in a previous Transparent Tribe campaign.

Wibemax matches the name of a Pakistani software development company, but at this time we have not identified a clear relationship to the adversary.

It is worth noting that there are high confidence assessments of Transparent Tribe leveraging third parties to support their operation, such as the Pakistani web hosting provider Zain Hosting.

Our analysis reinforces the assessment that closely monitoring the research endeavors of adversary nations has become an important objective for the adversary, underscoring the crucial role this activity plays in fulfilling the goals and aspirations of the authorities whose interests Transparent Tribe represents.

# **Malicious Documents**

The documents that Transparent Tribe distributes have education-themed content and names such as assignment or Assignment-no-10, and indicate creation dates of July and August 2022. Based on known behavior of this group, we suspect that the documents have been distributed to targets as attachments to phishing emails. Consistent with known Transparent Tribe tactics, we observed that some of the documents have been hosted on file hosting services and attacker-created domains, such as s1.fileditch[.]ch, cloud-drive[.]store, and drive-phone[.]online.

It is important to note that cloud-drive[.]store and drive-phone[.]online have been previously linked to Transparent Tribe activities targeting the education sector and assessed as domains prepared for future use. Further, drive-phone[.]online closely resembles the phone-drive[.]online domain recently observed hosting Transparent Tribe malware targeting Indian and Pakistani Android users.

The malicious documents we analyzed stage Crimson RAT using Microsoft Office macros or OLE embedding.

The macro code executes when the documents are opened, and its functionality is consistent with known Transparent Tribe macro variants. The macros create and decompress an embedded archive file in the %ALLUSERSPROFILE% directory (C:\ProgramData) and execute the Crimson RAT payload within. Some macros

insert text in the document, which is typically education-themed content relating to India.

#### Macro implementation

UNIT 1: Origin of Earth and System processes Solar system formation and planetary differentiation; formation of the Earth: formation and composition of core, mantle, crust; chemical composition of Earth; geological time scale and major changes on the Earth's surface; Holocene and the emergence of humans. Concept of plate tectonics and continental drift theory, continental collision and formation of the Himalaya; ocean floor spreading; mantle convection and, major plates; earthquakes; volcanic activities; orogeny; isostasy; gravitational and magnetic fields of the earth; paleontological evidences of plate tectonics.

[...]

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UNIT 4: Importance of being a mountain
Formation of Peninsular Indian mountain systems - Western and Eastern Ghats,
Vindhyas, Aravallis, etc. Formation of the Himalaya; development of glaciers, perennial river
systems and evolution of monsoon in Indian subcontinent; formation of Indo-Gangetic Plains,
arrival of humans; evolution of Indus Valley civilization; progression of agriculture in the Indian
subcontinent in Holocene; withdrawing monsoon and lessons to draw.
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Macro-inserted document text

In addition to macros, we observed that Transparent Tribe have adopted OLE embedding as a technique to stage Crimson RAT. Malicious documents that implement this technique require users to double-click a document element. The documents distributed by Transparent Tribe typically display an image (a "View Document" graphic) indicating that the document content is locked. This lures users to double-click the graphic to view the content, which activates an OLE package that stores and executes Crimson RAT masquerading as an update process (MicrosoftUpdate.exe).



The "View Document" graphic

EBDF	0300	0200	4D69	6372	6F73	6F66	7420	ëßMicrosoft	
5570	6461	7465	2E65	7865	0043	3A5C	5573	Update.exe.C:\Us	
6572	735C	576F	726B	5C44	6573	6B74	6F70	ers\Work\Desktop	
5C64	6573	6B74	6F70	5C74	6774	2073	7973	\desktop\tgt sys	
5C53	616C	6D61	6E5C	5375	6E6E	795C	3820	\Salman\Sunny\8	
4A75	6C79	2032	325C	4D69	6372	6F73	6F66	July 22\Microsof	
7420	5570	6461	7465	2E65	7865	0000	0003	t Update.exe	
0036	0000	0043	3A5C	5573	6572	735C	576F	.6C:\Users\Wo	
726B	5C41	7070	4461	7461	5C4C	6F63	616C	rk\AppData\Local	
5C54	656D	705C	4D69	6372	6F73	6F66	7420	\Temp\Microsoft	
5570	6461	7465	2E65	7865	0000	DE03	004D	Update.exepM	
5A90	0003	0000	0004	0000	ØØFF	FF00	00B8	Zÿÿ,	
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7320	7072	6F67	7261	6D20	6361	6E6E	6F74	s program cannot	
2062	6520	7275	6E20	696E	2044	4F53	206D	be run in DOS m	
6F64	652E	ODOD	0A24	0000	0000	0000	0050	ode\$P	
OLE stream that stores Crimson RAT									

Transparent Tribe is known to experiment with different malware staging techniques, which include distributing executables with embedded documents or documents that execute designated Crimson RAT loaders. The adoption of OLE embedding further highlights the group's continuous experimentation with malware staging techniques.

## **Crimson RAT Implementations**

We observed a variety of Crimson RAT .NET implementations, with compilation timestamps between July and September 2022. The Crimson RAT payloads we analyzed use the richa-sharma.ddns[.]net domain for C2 purposes and support either 40 or 65 commands, most of which have been documented in previous research. Features of Crimson RAT include exfiltrating system information, capturing screenshots, starting and stopping processes, and enumerating files and drives.



A Crimson RAT command dispatch routine

Some Crimson RAT variants are stripped of debug information, whereas others have PDB paths that contain a date stamp, the word Richa, which relates to the configured C2 domain, and the word Wibemax. Portions of these PDB paths overlap those of Crimson RAT payloads observed in a previous Transparent Tribe campaign, such as D:\Projects\Wibemax\WinP\WinP\obj\Debug\WinP.pdb and D:\Projects\Wibemax\Windows RAT\1 Windows 10 Client\Win8P-Sunny\2022-04-15-Win8P Sunny\obj\Debug\FUJIKBattery.pdb.

D:\Projects Wibemax Windows RAT\1 Windows 10 Client\Sunny 2022-06-17 Richa W8P Sunny\obj\Debug\Kosovo.pdb

D:\Projects\Wibemax\Windows RAT\1 Windows 10 Client\Sunny\2022-06-17 Richa\W8P Sunny\obj\Debug\Toronto.pdb Crimson RAT PDB paths

We observed different Crimson RAT version identifiers: R.S.8.8., R.S.8.9, R.S.8.1, and R.S.8.6. We speculate that the R.S. components of the identifiers may relate to the configured C2 domain (richa-sharma.ddns[.]net) and the numerical components may specify a version (build) number. This aligns with a documented Crimson RAT variant with the identifier S.L.2.2., which has used the sunnyleone.hopto[.]org domain for C2 purposes.

As an anti-analysis measure, Crimson RAT variants delay their execution for a given time period, for example, 61, 180, or 241 seconds. Most of the Crimson RAT variants we analyzed evaluate whether they execute at a machine named G551JW or DESKTOP-B83U7C5 and establish persistence by creating a registry key under \SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run only if the victim's machine name differs. G551JW or

DESKTOP-B83U7C5 may be the names of the machines where Crimson RAT developers have been running test executions.

Crimson RAT variants implement different obfuscation techniques of varying intensities, for example, simple function name malformation and dynamic string resolution. We observed the use of the Eazfuscator obfuscator in a Crimson RAT sample named NewOrleans. Evidence suggests that the Crimson RAT developers have patched the routine that evaluates the trial period of Eazfuscator to enable the execution of the malware after the trial period expires.



#### Eazfuscator trial period evaluation in NewOrleans

This copy of 'NewOrleans' has expired and will no longer run.

This happened because it was created using an evaluation version of Gapotchenko's Eazfuscator.NET which is only licensed for testing purposes.

You should report this problem to the vendor of 'NewOrleans'. Eazfuscator trial expiry message

With previous variants of Crimson RAT obfuscated using Crypto Obfuscator, the addition of Eazfuscator to the obfuscation techniques used by Transparent Tribe highlights the continuous maintenance and development of the RAT.

# Conclusion

Transparent Tribe is a highly motivated and persistent threat actor that regularly updates its malware arsenal, operational playbook, and targets. Our analysis further demonstrates this characteristic of the group by spotlighting the adoption of OLE embedding as a technique for staging malware from lure documents and the Eazfuscator obfuscator to protect Crimson RAT implementations. Transparent Tribe's constantly changing operational and targeting strategies require constant vigilance to mitigate the threat posed by the group.

### Indicators of Compromise

### SHA1

### Description

738	3d31ceca	78ffd0534	03d3b2	bc15847	7682899a0	Malicious	document
9ec	139c6a3f	aab057e6	c962f0b	2aaab07	7728c5555	Malicious	document
af6	608755e	2708335d	c80961a	a9e634f8	870aecf3c	Malicious	document
e00	)0596ad6	65b2427d7	7af3313	e5748c2	e7f37fba7	Malicious	document
fd4	6411b31	5beb3692	6877e4t	021721	fcd111d7a	Malicious	document
516	∂db7998€	e3bf46858	352697	c1f103ef	456f2e8e	Crimson F	RAT
842	2f55579d	b786e46b	20f7a70	538611	70e1c0c5e	Crimson F	RAT
876	e0ea0871	13a746d53	Bbef7fb0	4632bfc	:d6717fa9	Crimson F	RAT
911	226d789	18b303df	5110704	1a8c8bb	599bcd403	Crimson F	RAT
973	3cb3afc7	eb47801ff	5d2487o	d2734ad	a6b4056f	Crimson F	RAT
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DomainDescriptionricha-sharma.ddns[.]netC2 servercloud-drive[.]storeMalware hosting locationdrive-phone[.]onlineMalware hosting locations1.fileditch[.]chMalware hosting location